

Converting Colors

RGB(153, 14, 123)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(153, 14, 123) contains.

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Color

RGB(153, 14, 123)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	990E7B
RGB	153, 14, 123
RGB Percent	60%, 5%, 48%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9451, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.20, 0.40
HSL	313°, 83%, 33%
HSV	313°, 91%, 60%
XYZ	16.8691, 8.5164, 19.4936
YIQ	67.9870, 47.8550, 63.3670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

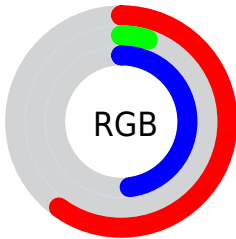
Format	Color
RYB	153, 14, 123
Decimal	10030715
CIELab	35.04, 61.00, -24.73
CIELCh	35, 65.826, 337.935
Yxy	8.5164, 0.3759, 0.1898
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288220795 (0xFF990E7B)
YUV	67.9870, 27.1214, 74.5564
Hunter-Lab	29.1829, 52.1109, -19.1765

Details

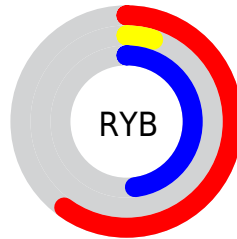
The RGB color **153, 14, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **14, 153, 44**, and the grayscale version is **68, 68, 68**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211, 82, 176**, and **97, 0, 74** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 0, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 29, 126**.

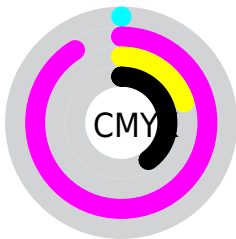
Distribution



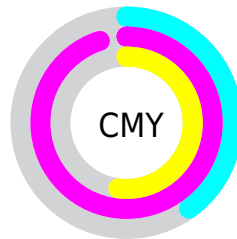
- Red (60%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 153, 14, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 153, 14, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 153, 14, 123


 153, 14, 123

255, 255, 255

 125, 0, 98

 211, 82, 176

 97, 0, 74

 241, 110, 203

 70, 0, 51

 255, 138, 232

 45, 0, 29


 255, 166, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 195, 255

 255, 224, 255

255, 254, 255

 153, 14, 123

 153, 14, 123

■ 153, 0, 120

■ 153, 29, 126

■ 153, 45, 130

■ 153, 60, 133

■ 153, 75, 136

■ 153, 90, 140

■ 153, 106, 143

■ 153, 121, 146

■ 153, 136, 149

■ 153, 152, 153

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97, 60, 167



153, 14, 123



171, 0, 71

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 14, 123



89, 85, 0



0, 103, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 14, 123



14, 153, 44

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 104, 96



153, 14, 123



23, 96, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 14, 123



132, 64, 0



0, 102, 40



0, 99, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 14, 123



167, 8, 37



0, 102, 40



0, 104, 131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 14, 123



199, 145, 187



42, 14, 153



99, 68, 93



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 14, 123



199, 0, 156



153, 14, 56



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 110



13, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 14, 123



199, 0, 156



14, 153, 111



77, 69, 75



140, 0, 110



13, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 14, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

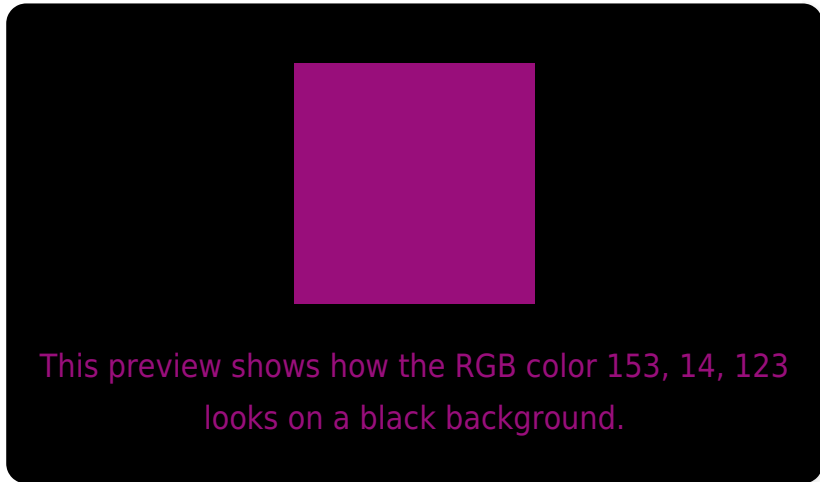
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

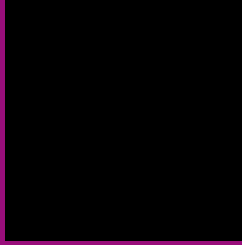
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 153, 14, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 14, 123.

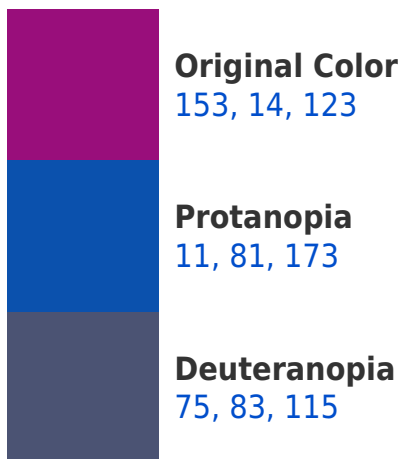


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 14, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
147, 50, 52

Trichromacy



Original Color
153, 14, 123

Protanomaly
63, 57, 155

Deuteranomaly
103, 58, 118

Tritanomaly
149, 37, 78

Monochromacy



Original Color
153, 14, 123

Achromatopsia
68, 68, 68

Achromatomaly
99, 48, 88

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 153, 14, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 14, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 14, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 14, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 14, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 153, 14, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 14, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 14, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 14, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 14, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 14, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 14,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 153, 14, 123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 14, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 14,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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