

Converting Colors

RGB(153, 73, 57)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(153, 73, 57) contains.

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Color

RGB(153, 73, 57)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	994939
RGB	153, 73, 57
RGB Percent	60%, 29%, 22%
CMY	0.4000, 0.7137, 0.7765
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.63, 0.40
HSL	10°, 46%, 41%
HSV	10°, 63%, 60%
XYZ	16.2579, 11.8328, 5.2980
YIQ	95.0960, 52.8160, 11.9840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

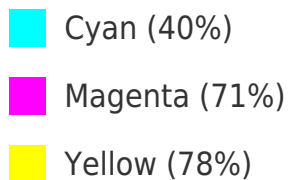
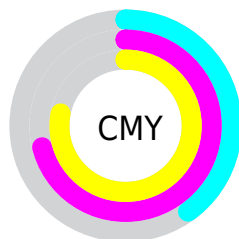
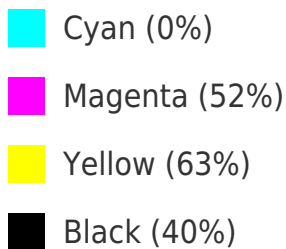
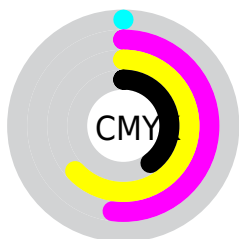
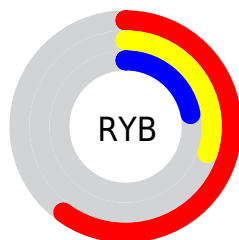
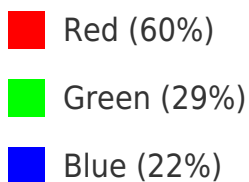
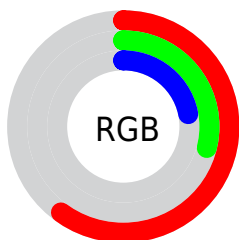
Format	Color
RYB	153, 76, 57
Decimal	10045753
CIELab	40.95, 32.08, 25.17
CIELCh	41, 40.779, 38.119
Yxy	11.8328, 0.4869, 0.3544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288235833 (0xFF994939)
YUV	95.0960, -18.7813, 50.7818
Hunter-Lab	34.3988, 24.1665, 14.9476

Details

The RGB color **153, 73, 57** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **57, 137, 153**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211, 124, 104**, and **97, 24, 14** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 60, 42**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 86, 72**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation

Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 153, 73, 57 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 153, 73, 57 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 153, 73, 57

 153, 73, 57

255, 255, 255

 125, 49, 35

 211, 124, 104

 97, 24, 14


 241, 150, 130

 70, 0, 0

 255, 177, 156

 46, 0, 1

 255, 205, 183

 0, 0, 0

 255, 233, 210

 255, 255, 239

 153, 73, 57

 153, 73, 57

 153, 60, 42

 153, 86, 72

 153, 47, 26


 153, 98, 88


 153, 35, 11

 153, 111, 103

 153, 25, 0


 153, 124, 118

 153, 137, 134

 153, 149, 149

 153, 162, 164

 153, 175, 179

 153, 188, 195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 66, 89



153, 73, 57



134, 86, 33

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 73, 57



0, 111, 70



47, 97, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 73, 57



57, 137, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 107, 158



153, 73, 57



0, 113, 105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 73, 57



70, 106, 41



0, 112, 137



110, 84, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 73, 57



116, 94, 25



0, 112, 137



0, 101, 163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 73, 57



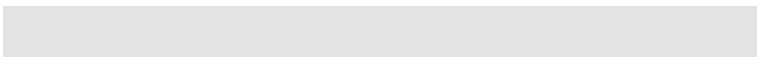
199, 167, 161



153, 57, 137



99, 80, 77



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 73, 57



199, 75, 50



153, 121, 57



77, 70, 69



140, 23, 0



13, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 137, 153



50, 174, 199



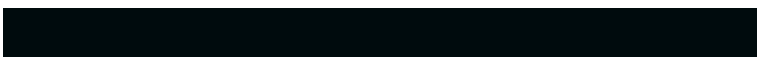
57, 89, 153



69, 75, 77



0, 117, 140



0, 11, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 73, 57 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 73, 57 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 153, 73, 57 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 73, 57.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 73, 57.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153, 73, 57

Protanopia

105, 97, 66

Deuteranopia

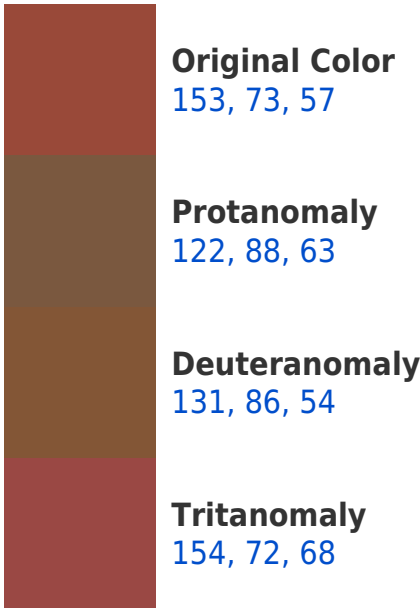
119, 93, 53



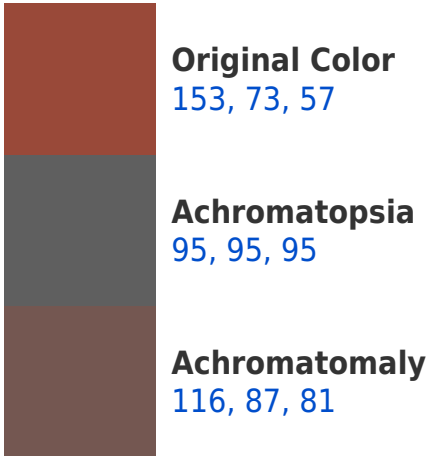
Tritanopia

154, 71, 75

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 153, 73, 57 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 73, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 73, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 73, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 73, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 153, 73, 57 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 73, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 73, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 73, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 73, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 73, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 73,  
57) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 153, 73, 57 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 73, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 73,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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