

Converting Colors

RGB(154, 0, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(154, 0, 104) contains.

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Color

RGB(154, 0, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A0068
RGB	154, 0, 104
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 41%
CMY	0.3961, 1.0000, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.32, 0.40
HSL	319°, 100%, 30%
HSV	319°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	15.8251, 7.8695, 13.7816
YIQ	57.9020, 58.4000, 64.9920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

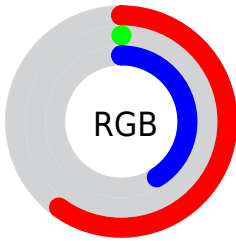
Format	Color
RYB	154, 0, 104
Decimal	10092648
CIELab	33.71, 60.80, -14.71
CIElCh	34, 62.556, 346.398
Yxy	7.8695, 0.4223, 0.2100
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288282728 (0xFF9A0068)
YUV	57.9020, 22.7263, 84.2779
Hunter-Lab	28.0526, 51.6037, -9.4909

Details

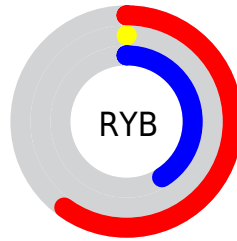
The RGB color **154, 0, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **0, 154, 50**, and the grayscale version is **58, 58, 58**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 77, 155**, and **97, 0, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154, 0, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 15, 109**.

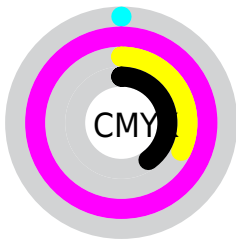
Distribution



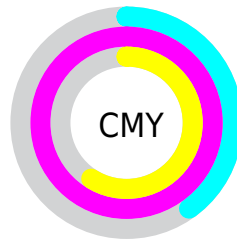
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (40%)



















- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 154, 0, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 154, 0, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 154, 0, 104	 154, 0, 104
 255, 255, 255	 125, 0, 80
 212, 77, 155	 97, 0, 57
 242, 105, 182	 71, 0, 35
 255, 133, 210	 44, 0, 11
 255, 161, 238	 0, 0, 0
 255, 190, 255	
 255, 219, 255	
 255, 249, 255	
 154, 0, 104	

■ 154, 15, 109

■ 154, 31, 114

■ 154, 46, 119

■ 154, 62, 124

■ 154, 77, 129

■ 154, 92, 134

■ 154, 108, 139

■ 154, 123, 144

■ 154, 139, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113, 49, 149



154, 0, 104



163, 0, 55

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 0, 104



73, 85, 0



0, 98, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 0, 104



0, 154, 50

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 100, 106



154, 0, 104



0, 94, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 0, 104



116, 69, 0



0, 98, 54



0, 92, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 0, 104



155, 28, 23



0, 98, 54



0, 99, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 0, 104



201, 141, 182



49, 0, 154



102, 65, 90



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 0, 104



201, 0, 136



154, 0, 28



77, 69, 74



140, 0, 95



13, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 0, 104



201, 0, 136



0, 154, 126



77, 69, 74



140, 0, 95



13, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 0, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

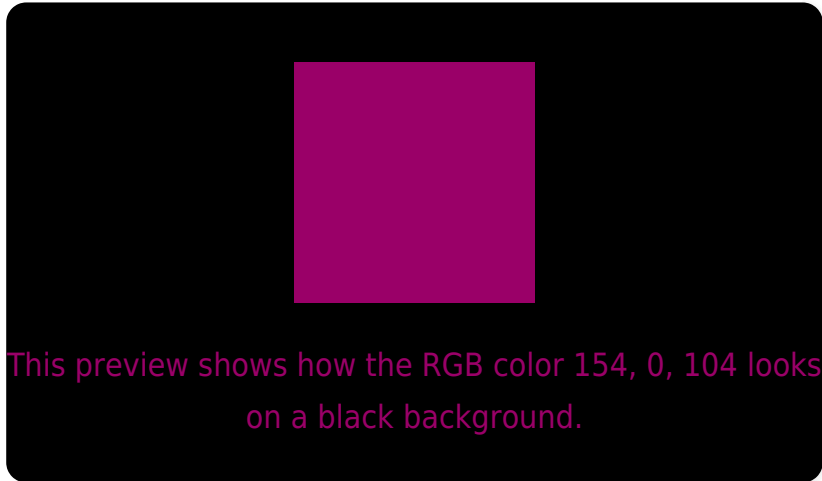
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

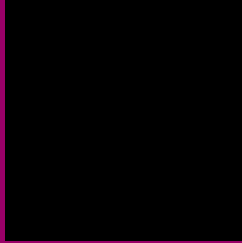
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 154, 0, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 0, 104.

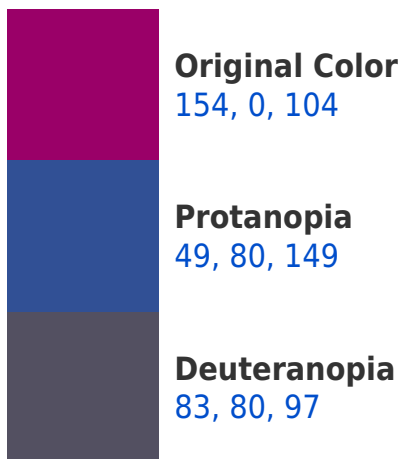


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 0, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
150, 41, 43

Trichromacy



Original Color

154, 0, 104

Protanomaly

87, 51, 133

Deuteranomaly

109, 51, 100

Tritanomaly

151, 26, 65

Monochromacy



Original Color

154, 0, 104

Achromatopsia

58, 58, 58

Achromatomaly

93, 37, 75

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 154, 0, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 0, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 0, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 0, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 0, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 154, 0, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 0, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 0, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 0, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 0, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 0, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 0,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 154, 0, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 0, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 0,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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