

Converting Colors

RGB(154, 104, 149)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(154, 104, 149) contains.

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Color

RGB(154, 104, 149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A6895
RGB	154, 104, 149
RGB Percent	60%, 41%, 58%
CMY	0.3961, 0.5922, 0.4157
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.03, 0.40
HSL	306°, 20%, 51%
HSV	306°, 32%, 60%
XYZ	23.7016, 18.9406, 30.8405
YIQ	124.0800, 15.3550, 24.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

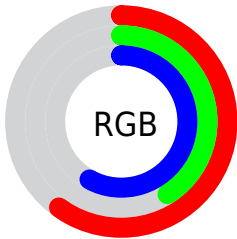
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 104, 149
Decimal	10119317
CIE _{Lab}	50.62, 27.57, -16.49
CIE _{LCh}	51, 32.123, 329.118
Yxy	18.9406, 0.3225, 0.2578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288309397 (0xFF9A6895)
YUV	124.0800, 12.2856, 26.2398
Hunter-Lab	43.5208, 21.0503, -11.5506

Details

The RGB color **154, 104, 149** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **104, 154, 109**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 156, 203**, and **102, 56, 98** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154, 89, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 119, 151**.

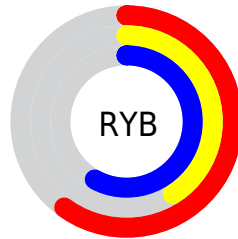
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (41%)

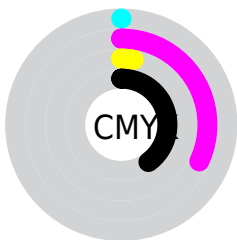
Blue (58%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (58%)

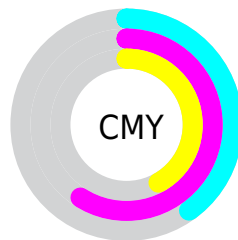


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 154, 104, 149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 154, 104, 149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 154, 104, 149


255, 255, 255

 209, 156, 203

 238, 183, 231

 255, 211, 255

 255, 239, 255

 154, 104, 149

 128, 79, 123

 102, 56, 98


 77, 33, 74

 53, 9, 51


 35, 0, 31


 0, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 154, 104, 149

 154, 89, 147

 154, 104, 149

 154, 119, 151

■ 154, 73, 146

■ 154, 135, 152

■ 154, 58, 144

■ 154, 150, 154

■ 154, 42, 143

■ 154, 166, 155

■ 154, 27, 141

■ 154, 181, 157

■ 154, 12, 140

■ 154, 196, 158

■ 154, 0, 139

■ 154, 212, 160

■ 154, 227, 161

■ 154, 243, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 114, 168



154, 104, 149



171, 99, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 104, 149



139, 119, 65



0, 134, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 104, 149



104, 154, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34, 135, 119



154, 104, 149



111, 127, 71

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 104, 149



160, 109, 74



78, 132, 91



4, 131, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 104, 149



173, 99, 104



78, 132, 91



0, 135, 137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 104, 149



201, 181, 199



109, 104, 154



102, 90, 101



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 104, 149



201, 123, 194



154, 104, 124



77, 69, 76



140, 0, 126



13, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 104, 149



201, 123, 194



104, 154, 134



77, 69, 76



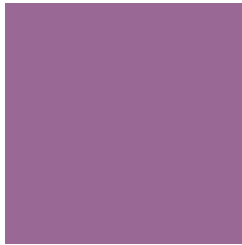
140, 0, 126



13, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 104, 149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

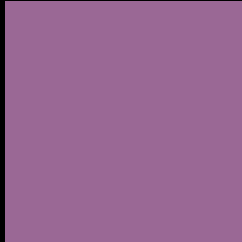
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 104, 149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

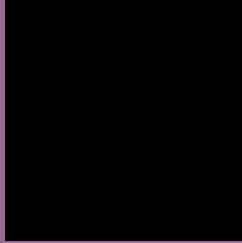
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 154, 104, 149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 104, 149.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 104, 149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
154, 104, 149

Protanopia
110, 119, 160

Deuteranopia
120, 118, 146



Tritanopia
150, 110, 118

Trichromacy



Original Color
154, 104, 149

Protanomaly
126, 114, 156

Deuteranomaly
132, 113, 147

Tritanomaly
151, 108, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color
154, 104, 149

Achromatopsia
124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly
135, 117, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 154, 104, 149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(154, 104, 149) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 104, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 104, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 104, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 154, 104, 149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 104, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 104, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 104, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 104, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 104, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 104,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 154, 104, 149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 104, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
104, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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