

Converting Colors

RGB(154, 140, 97)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(154, 140, 97) contains.

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Color

RGB(154, 140, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A8C61
RGB	154, 140, 97
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 38%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4510, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.37, 0.40
HSL	45°, 23%, 49%
HSV	45°, 37%, 60%
XYZ	24.8622, 26.4893, 15.1118
YIQ	139.2840, 22.1470, -10.4050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

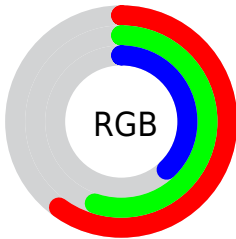
Format	Color
RYB	116, 154, 97
Decimal	10128481
CIELab	58.50, -1.35, 24.90
CIElCh	58, 24.932, 93.093
Yxy	26.4893, 0.3741, 0.3986
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288318561 (0xFF9A8C61)
YUV	139.2840, -20.8460, 12.9059
Hunter-Lab	51.4677, -3.8417, 18.6188

Details

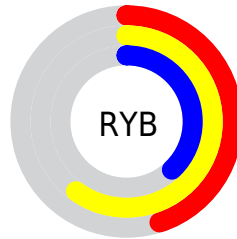
The RGB color **154, 140, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **97, 111, 154**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 193, 148**, and **102, 90, 50** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154, 136, 82**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 144, 112**.

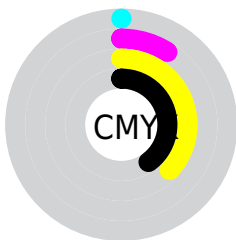
Distribution



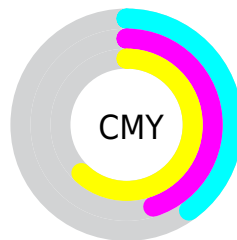
- Red (60%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 154, 140, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 154, 140, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



154, 140, 97



154, 140, 97

255, 255, 255



127, 115, 73



209, 193, 148



102, 90, 50



238, 221, 175



77, 67, 28



255, 250, 202



53, 45, 4



255, 255, 231



31, 24, 0



0, 0, 0



154, 140, 97



154, 140, 97



154, 136, 82



154, 144, 112



154, 132, 66



154, 148, 128

■ 154, 129, 51

■ 154, 151, 143

■ 154, 125, 35

■ 154, 155, 159

■ 154, 121, 20

■ 154, 159, 174

■ 154, 117, 5

■ 154, 163, 189

■ 154, 116, 0

■ 154, 166, 205

■ 154, 170, 220

■ 154, 174, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 133, 102



154, 140, 97



130, 147, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 140, 97



72, 152, 164



171, 128, 161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 140, 97



97, 111, 154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147, 134, 177



154, 140, 97



86, 148, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 140, 97



82, 153, 142



116, 142, 184



183, 124, 139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 140, 97



114, 150, 114



116, 142, 184



164, 129, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 140, 97



201, 196, 179



154, 97, 111



102, 99, 89



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 140, 97



201, 180, 113



140, 154, 97



77, 75, 69



140, 106, 0



13, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 111, 154



113, 135, 201



111, 97, 154



69, 71, 77



0, 34, 140



0, 3, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 140, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 140, 97 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

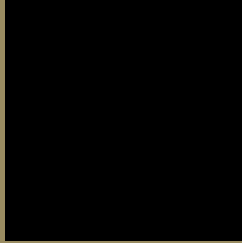
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 154, 140, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 140, 97.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 140, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


154, 140, 97

Protanopia

152, 141, 97

Deuteranopia

168, 135, 98



Tritanopia
159, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

154, 140, 97

Protanomaly

153, 141, 97

Deuteranomaly

163, 137, 98

Tritanomaly

157, 136, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

154, 140, 97

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

144, 139, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 154, 140, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 140, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 140, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 140, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 140, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 154, 140, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 140, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 140, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 140, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 140, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 140, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 140,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 154, 140, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 140, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
140, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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