

Converting Colors

RGB(154, 147, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(154, 147, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(154, 147, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A936B
RGB	154, 147, 107
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 42%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4235, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.31, 0.40
HSL	51°, 19%, 51%
HSV	51°, 31%, 60%
XYZ	26.4140, 28.7990, 18.0765
YIQ	144.5330, 17.0120, -10.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

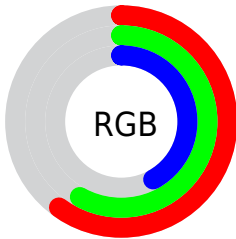
Format	Color
RYB	115, 154, 107
Decimal	10130283
CIELab	60.60, -3.90, 22.15
CIELCh	61, 22.495, 99.985
Yxy	28.7990, 0.3604, 0.3929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288320363 (0xFF9A936B)
YUV	144.5330, -18.5038, 8.3026
Hunter-Lab	53.6647, -6.0548, 17.5939

Details

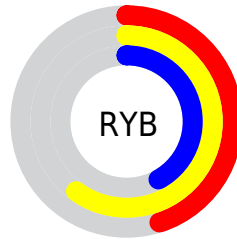
The RGB color **154, 147, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **107, 114, 154**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 201, 159**, and **102, 97, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154, 145, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154, 149, 122**.

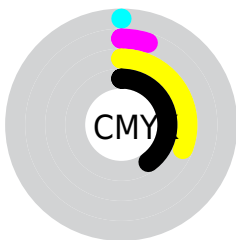
Distribution



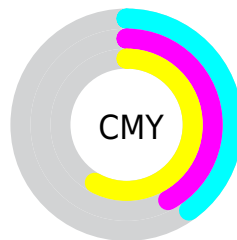
- Red (60%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 154, 147, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 154, 147, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 154, 147, 107


255, 255, 255

 209, 201, 159

 237, 229, 186

 255, 255, 213

 255, 255, 242

 154, 147, 107

 154, 145, 92

 154, 147, 107

 128, 121, 83

 102, 97, 59


 78, 73, 37


 54, 50, 16

 33, 29, 0

 0, 4, 0

 0, 0, 0

 154, 147, 107

 154, 149, 122

■ 154, 142, 76

■ 154, 152, 138

■ 154, 140, 61

■ 154, 154, 153

■ 154, 138, 45

■ 154, 156, 169

■ 154, 136, 30

■ 154, 158, 184

■ 154, 133, 15

■ 154, 161, 199

■ 154, 131, 0

■ 154, 163, 215

■ 154, 165, 230

■ 154, 168, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 140, 109



154, 147, 107



132, 153, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 147, 107



89, 156, 171



177, 133, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 147, 107



107, 114, 154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 139, 177



154, 147, 107



104, 152, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 147, 107



92, 157, 152



131, 146, 185



186, 132, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 147, 107



117, 155, 126



131, 146, 185



172, 135, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 147, 107



201, 199, 183



154, 107, 114



102, 100, 91



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 147, 107



201, 190, 127



138, 154, 107



77, 75, 69



140, 119, 0



13, 11, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 114, 154



127, 138, 201



123, 107, 154



69, 70, 77



0, 21, 140



0, 2, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 147, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

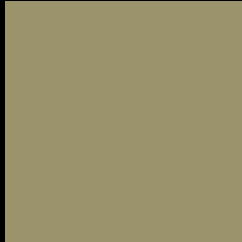
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 147, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

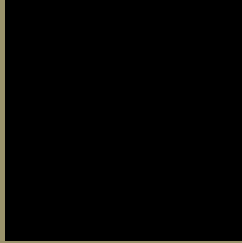
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

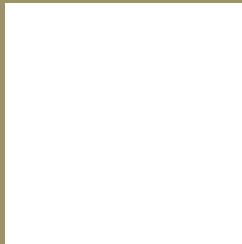
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 154, 147, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 147, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 147, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
154, 147, 107

Protanopia
157, 146, 107

Deuteranopia
173, 140, 108



Tritanopia
159, 141, 152

Trichromacy



Original Color

154, 147, 107

Protanomaly

156, 146, 107

Deuteranomaly

166, 143, 108

Tritanomaly

157, 143, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

154, 147, 107

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

148, 146, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 154, 147, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 147, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 147, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 147, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 147, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 154, 147, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 147, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 147, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 147, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 147, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 147, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 147,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 154, 147, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 147, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
147, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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