

Converting Colors

RGB(154, 162, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(154, 162, 119) contains.

RGB(154, 162, 119)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(154, 162, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AA277
RGB	154, 162, 119
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 47%
CMY	0.3961, 0.3647, 0.5333
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.27, 0.36
HSL	71°, 19%, 55%
HSV	71°, 27%, 64%
XYZ	29.5765, 34.0426, 22.4648
YIQ	154.7060, 9.0350, -15.0690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

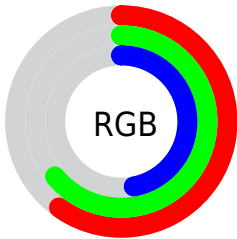
Format	Color
RYB	119, 162, 127
Decimal	10134135
CIELab	65.00, -10.30, 21.47
CIELCh	65, 23.811, 115.628
Yxy	34.0426, 0.3436, 0.3955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288324215 (0xFF9AA277)
YUV	154.7060, -17.6031, -0.6192
Hunter-Lab	58.3460, -11.6211, 18.0140

Details

The RGB color **154, 162, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **127, 119, 162**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 217, 171**, and **102, 110, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 162, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157, 162, 135**.

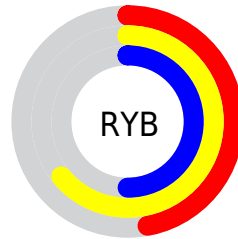
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

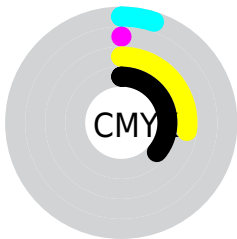
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (50%)

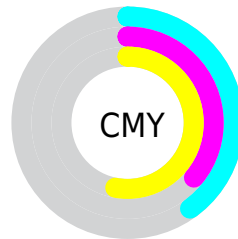


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 154, 162, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 154, 162, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 154, 162, 119

255, 255, 255

■ 209, 217, 171

■ 237, 245, 199

■ 255, 255, 227

■ 154, 162, 119

■ 128, 136, 94

■ 102, 110, 70

■ 78, 86, 47

■ 55, 63, 26

■ 33, 41, 0

■ 1, 21, 0


■ 0, 0, 0

■ 154, 162, 119


■ 151, 162, 103


■ 154, 162, 119


■ 157, 162, 135

 148, 162, 87

 160, 162, 151

 145, 162, 70

 163, 162, 168


 142, 162, 54

 166, 162, 184

 139, 162, 38

 169, 162, 200


 136, 162, 22


 172, 162, 216

 133, 162, 6

 175, 162, 232

 132, 162, 0

 178, 162, 249

 181, 162, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 155, 115



154, 162, 119



130, 167, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 162, 119



103, 166, 192



198, 143, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 162, 119



127, 119, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182, 146, 182



154, 162, 119



127, 161, 200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 162, 119



95, 169, 175



157, 153, 196



201, 143, 140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 162, 119



114, 169, 146



157, 153, 196



194, 143, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 162, 119



208, 212, 195



162, 127, 119



105, 107, 96



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 162, 119



199, 212, 144



133, 162, 119



80, 82, 73



118, 145, 0



15, 18, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 119, 162



157, 144, 212



148, 119, 162



75, 73, 82



27, 0, 145



3, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 162, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 162, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

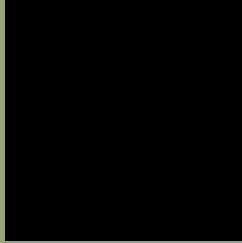
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 154, 162, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 162, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 162, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
154, 162, 119

Protanopia
169, 157, 117

Deuteranopia
185, 151, 121



Tritanopia

161, 156, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color
154, 162, 119

Protanomaly
164, 159, 118

Deuteranomaly
174, 155, 120

Tritanomaly
158, 158, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color
154, 162, 119

Achromatopsia
155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly
155, 158, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 154, 162, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 162, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 162, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 162, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 162, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 154, 162, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 162, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 162, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 162, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 162, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 162, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 162,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 154, 162, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 162, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
162, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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