

Converting Colors

RGB(154, 207, 220)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(154, 207, 220) contains.

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Color

RGB(154, 207, 220)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9ACFDC
RGB	154, 207, 220
RGB Percent	60%, 81%, 86%
CMY	0.3961, 0.1882, 0.1373
CMYK	0.30, 0.06, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	192°, 49%, 73%
HSV	192°, 30%, 86%
XYZ	48.5575, 56.6630, 76.0879
YIQ	192.6350, -35.7610, -7.1930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

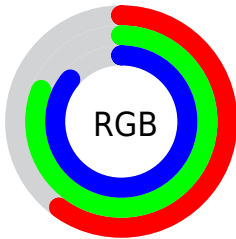
Format	Color
RYB	154, 183, 220
Decimal	10145756
CIELab	79.99, -14.04, -11.98
CIELCh	80, 18.457, 220.473
Yxy	56.6630, 0.2678, 0.3125
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288335836 (0xFF9ACFDC)
YUV	192.6350, 13.4909, -33.8829
Hunter-Lab	75.2748, -16.5860, -7.2381

Details

The RGB color **154, 207, 220** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **220, 167, 154**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 255, 255**, and **100, 153, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 203, 220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 211, 220**.

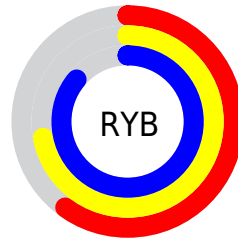
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (81%)

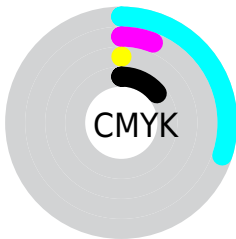
Blue (86%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (86%)

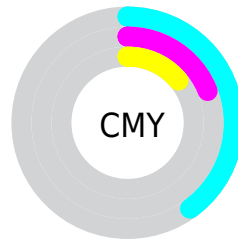


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 154, 207, 220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 154, 207, 220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 154, 207, 220


255, 255, 255


 210, 255, 255

 239, 255, 255

 154, 207, 220

 127, 179, 192

 100, 153, 165

 74, 127, 139

 48, 102, 113

 19, 77, 89

 0, 55, 65

 0, 33, 43

 0, 1, 23

 0, 0, 0

■ 154, 207, 220

■ 154, 207, 220

■ 132, 203, 220

■ 176, 211, 220

■ 110, 198, 220

■ 198, 216, 220

■ 88, 194, 220

■ 220, 220, 220

■ 66, 190, 220

■ 242, 224, 220

■ 44, 185, 220

■ 255, 229, 220

■ 22, 181, 220

■ 255, 233, 220

■ 0, 177, 220

■ 255, 237, 220

■ 255, 242, 220

■ 255, 246, 220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 208, 204



154, 207, 220



166, 203, 230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



154, 207, 220



226, 188, 210



206, 199, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



154, 207, 220



220, 167, 154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222, 193, 166



154, 207, 220



234, 186, 193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



154, 207, 220



209, 192, 225



233, 189, 177



186, 204, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



154, 207, 220



180, 200, 232



233, 189, 177



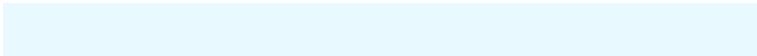
212, 197, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



154, 207, 220



232, 250, 255



154, 220, 166



113, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



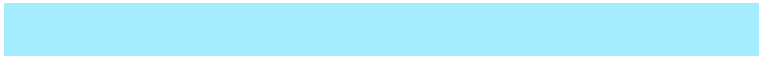
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



154, 207, 220



163, 237, 255



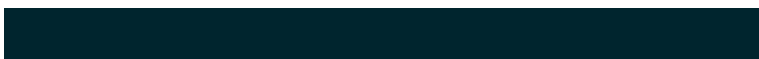
154, 175, 220



99, 107, 110



0, 139, 173



0, 37, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



220, 154, 207



255, 163, 237



220, 199, 154



110, 99, 107



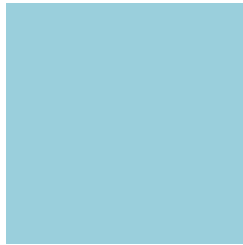
173, 0, 139



46, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 207, 220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

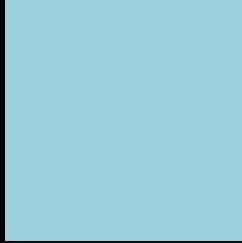
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 154, 207, 220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

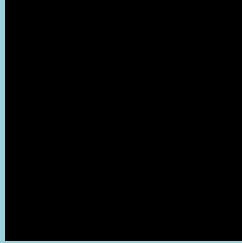
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 154, 207, 220 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 207, 220.

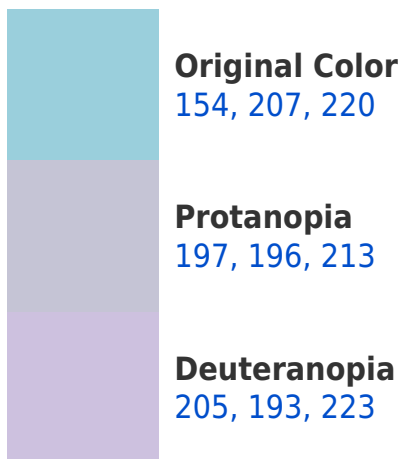


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 154, 207, 220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
155, 207, 223

Trichromacy



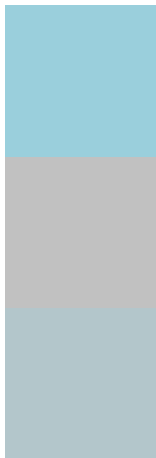
Original Color
154, 207, 220

Protanomaly
181, 200, 216

Deuteranomaly
186, 198, 222

Tritanomaly
155, 207, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color
154, 207, 220

Achromatopsia
193, 193, 193

Achromatomaly
179, 198, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 154, 207, 220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 207, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 207, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 207, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 207, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 154, 207, 220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 207, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 207, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 207, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 207, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 207, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 207,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 154, 207, 220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 207, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
207, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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