

Converting Colors

RGB(155, 117, 110)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(155, 117, 110) contains.

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Color

RGB(155, 117, 110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B756E
RGB	155, 117, 110
RGB Percent	61%, 46%, 43%
CMY	0.3922, 0.5412, 0.5686
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.29, 0.39
HSL	9°, 18%, 52%
HSV	9°, 29%, 61%
XYZ	22.6933, 20.8169, 17.5739
YIQ	127.5640, 24.8950, 5.8790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

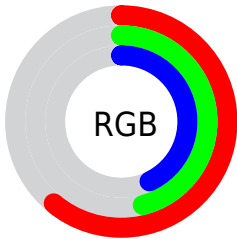
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 118, 110
Decimal	10188142
CIE _{Lab}	52.75, 13.86, 9.64
CIE _{LCh}	53, 16.880, 34.824
Yxy	20.8169, 0.3715, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288378222 (0xFF9B756E)
YUV	127.5640, -8.6591, 24.0614
Hunter-Lab	45.6256, 8.9379, 9.1008

Details

The RGB color **155, 117, 110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **110, 148, 155**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 169, 162**, and **103, 69, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 104, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 130, 126**.

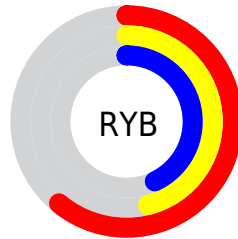
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (46%)

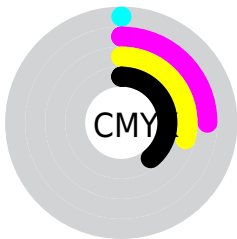
Blue (43%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (43%)

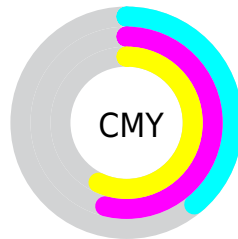


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 155, 117, 110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 155, 117, 110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 155, 117, 110

255, 255, 255

 210, 169, 162

 239, 196, 189

 255, 225, 216

 255, 253, 245


 155, 117, 110

 155, 104, 95

 155, 91, 79

 155, 117, 110

 128, 92, 86

 103, 69, 62

 78, 46, 41


 54, 25, 20

 34, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 155, 117, 110

 155, 130, 126

 155, 143, 141

■ 155, 78, 64

■ 155, 156, 157

■ 155, 65, 48

■ 155, 169, 172

■ 155, 52, 33

■ 155, 182, 187

■ 155, 38, 17

■ 155, 196, 203

■ 155, 25, 1

■ 155, 209, 219

■ 155, 24, 0

■ 155, 222, 234

■ 155, 235, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 116, 124



155, 117, 110



148, 121, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 117, 110



102, 133, 113



112, 126, 154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 117, 110



110, 148, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 131, 152



155, 117, 110



89, 134, 128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 117, 110



118, 130, 102



86, 133, 142



131, 121, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 117, 110



139, 124, 97



86, 133, 142



106, 128, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 117, 110



201, 186, 183



155, 110, 148



102, 93, 91



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 117, 110



201, 142, 131



155, 139, 110



77, 70, 69



140, 22, 0



13, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110, 148, 155



131, 190, 201



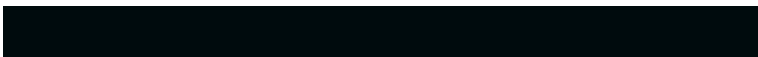
110, 126, 155



69, 75, 77



0, 118, 140



0, 11, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 117, 110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

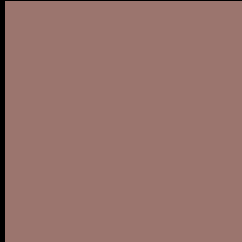
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 117, 110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

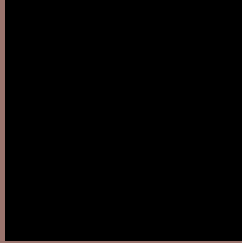
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 155, 117, 110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 117, 110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 117, 110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


155, 117, 110

Protanopia

131, 126, 115

Deuteranopia

144, 121, 109



Tritanopia
156, 115, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color

155, 117, 110

Protanomaly

140, 123, 113

Deuteranomaly

148, 120, 109

Tritanomaly

156, 116, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color

155, 117, 110

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

138, 124, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 155, 117, 110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 117, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 117, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 117, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 117, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 155, 117, 110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

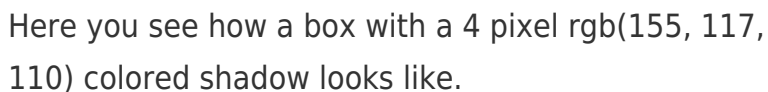
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 117, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 117, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 117, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 117, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 117, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 117, 110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 155, 117, 110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 117, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
117, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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