

Converting Colors

RGB(155, 122, 128)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(155, 122, 128) contains.

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Color

RGB(155, 122, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B7A80
RGB	155, 122, 128
RGB Percent	61%, 48%, 50%
CMY	0.3922, 0.5216, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.17, 0.39
HSL	349°, 14%, 54%
HSV	349°, 21%, 61%
XYZ	24.3734, 22.4461, 23.4700
YIQ	132.5510, 17.7420, 8.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

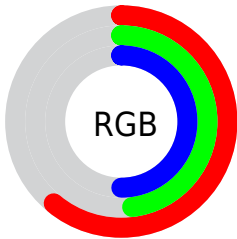
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 122, 128
Decimal	10189440
CIE _{Lab}	54.50, 13.79, 1.63
CIE _{LCh}	54, 13.889, 6.739
Yxy	22.4461, 0.3468, 0.3193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288379520 (0xFF9B7A80)
YUV	132.5510, -2.2436, 19.6878
Hunter-Lab	47.3774, 8.9193, 3.7928

Details

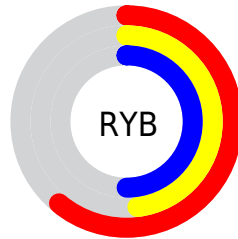
The RGB color **155, 122, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **122, 155, 149**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 175, 181**, and **103, 73, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 107, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 138, 141**.

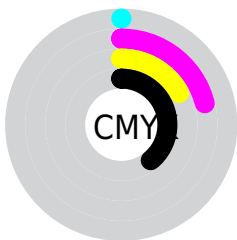
Distribution



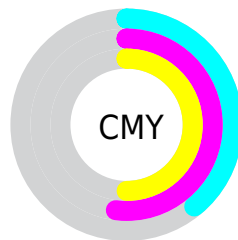
- Red (61%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 155, 122, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 155, 122, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 155, 122, 128

255, 255, 255

 210, 175, 181

 238, 202, 208

 255, 230, 237

 155, 122, 128

 129, 97, 103

 103, 73, 79

 79, 50, 56

 55, 29, 35

 35, 6, 13


 0, 0, 0

 155, 122, 128

 155, 107, 115

 155, 91, 103

 155, 122, 128

 155, 138, 141

 155, 153, 153

■ 155, 76, 90

■ 155, 169, 166

■ 155, 60, 77

■ 155, 184, 179

■ 155, 45, 65

■ 155, 200, 191

■ 155, 29, 52

■ 155, 215, 204

■ 155, 14, 39

■ 155, 231, 217

■ 155, 0, 28

■ 155, 246, 229

■ 155, 255, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148, 123, 140



155, 122, 128



155, 123, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 122, 128



123, 134, 111



106, 134, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 122, 128



122, 155, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99, 137, 144



155, 122, 128



110, 136, 121

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 122, 128



137, 130, 107



101, 137, 133



120, 130, 154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 122, 128



151, 125, 111



101, 137, 133



103, 135, 150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 122, 128



201, 189, 192



149, 122, 155



102, 95, 96



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 122, 128



201, 149, 159



155, 132, 122



77, 69, 70



140, 0, 25



13, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 122, 128



201, 149, 159



122, 145, 155



77, 69, 70



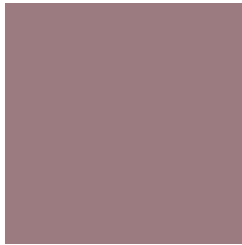
140, 0, 25



13, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 122, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

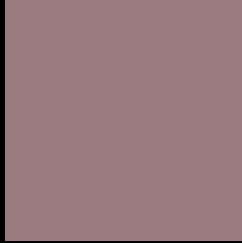
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 122, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

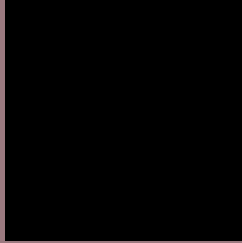
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 155, 122, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 122, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 122, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

155, 122, 128

Protanopia

132, 130, 133

Deuteranopia

144, 126, 127



Tritanopia
155, 122, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

155, 122, 128

Protanomaly

140, 127, 131

Deuteranomaly

148, 125, 127

Tritanomaly

155, 122, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

155, 122, 128

Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133

Achromatomaly

141, 129, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 155, 122, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(155, 122, 128) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 122, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 122, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 122, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 155, 122, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 122, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 122, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 122, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 122, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 122, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 122,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 155, 122, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 122, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
122, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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