

Converting Colors

RGB(155, 127, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(155, 127, 153) contains.

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Color

RGB(155, 127, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B7F99
RGB	155, 127, 153
RGB Percent	61%, 50%, 60%
CMY	0.3922, 0.5020, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.01, 0.39
HSL	304°, 12%, 55%
HSV	304°, 18%, 61%
XYZ	26.8567, 24.4472, 33.4403
YIQ	138.3360, 8.3420, 14.0220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

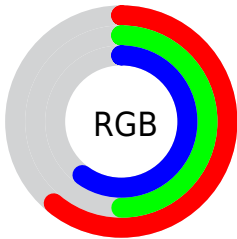
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 127, 153
Decimal	10190745
CIE Lab	56.53, 15.46, -9.88
CIE LCh	57, 18.348, 327.416
Yxy	24.4472, 0.3169, 0.2885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288380825 (0xFF9B7F99)
YUV	138.3360, 7.2294, 14.6143
Hunter-Lab	49.4441, 10.4292, -5.4884

Details

The RGB color **155, 127, 153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **127, 155, 129**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 180, 207**, and **104, 78, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 112, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 143, 154**.

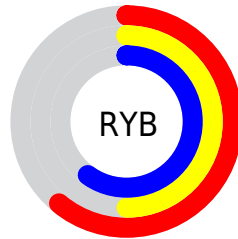
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (50%)

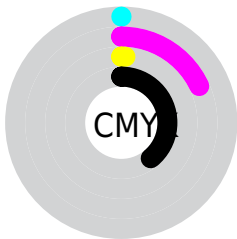
Blue (60%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (60%)

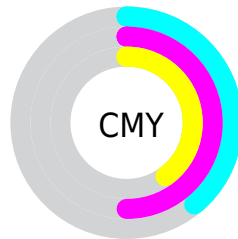


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 155, 127, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 155, 127, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 155, 127, 153


255, 255, 255

 210, 180, 207

 238, 207, 236

 255, 236, 255

 155, 127, 153

 129, 102, 127

 104, 78, 102

 79, 55, 78

 56, 33, 55


 34, 12, 34


 0, 0, 10

 0, 0, 0

 155, 127, 153

 155, 112, 152

 155, 127, 153

 155, 143, 154

155, 96, 151

155, 158, 155

155, 80, 150

155, 173, 156

155, 65, 149

155, 189, 157

155, 49, 147

155, 204, 159

155, 34, 146

155, 220, 160

155, 19, 145

155, 236, 161

155, 3, 144

155, 251, 162

155, 0, 144

155, 255, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 132, 164



155, 127, 153



166, 124, 138

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 127, 153



149, 134, 104



91, 144, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 127, 153



127, 155, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98, 145, 134



155, 127, 153



132, 139, 107

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 127, 153



162, 129, 109



114, 143, 118



97, 142, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 127, 153



169, 124, 127



114, 143, 118



92, 145, 145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 127, 153



201, 191, 201



129, 127, 155



102, 96, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 127, 153



201, 157, 198



155, 127, 139



77, 69, 76



140, 0, 130



13, 0, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 127, 153



201, 157, 198



127, 155, 143



77, 69, 76



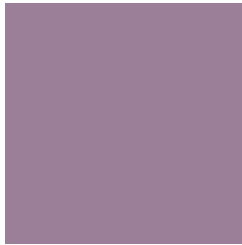
140, 0, 130



13, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 127, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

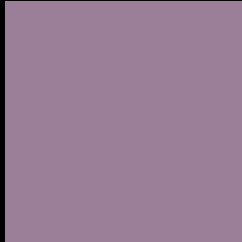
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 127, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

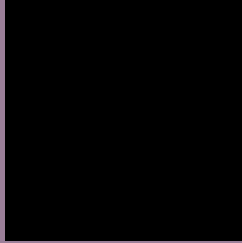
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 155, 127, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 127, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 127, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
155, 127, 153

Protanopia
131, 135, 158

Deuteranopia
141, 132, 152



Tritanopia
153, 129, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color
155, 127, 153

Protanomaly
140, 132, 156

Deuteranomaly
146, 130, 152

Tritanomaly
154, 128, 144

Monochromacy



Original Color
155, 127, 153

Achromatopsia
138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly
144, 134, 143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 155, 127, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 127, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 127, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 127, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 127, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 155, 127, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 127, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 127, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 127, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 127, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 127, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 127,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 155, 127, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 127, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
127, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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