

Converting Colors

RGB(155, 146, 128)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(155, 146, 128) contains.

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Color

RGB(155, 146, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B9280
RGB	155, 146, 128
RGB Percent	61%, 57%, 50%
CMY	0.3922, 0.4275, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.17, 0.39
HSL	40°, 12%, 55%
HSV	40°, 17%, 61%
XYZ	27.6927, 29.0848, 24.5764
YIQ	146.6390, 11.1420, -3.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

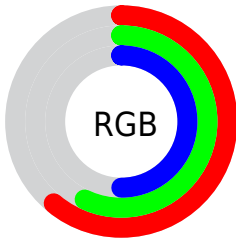
Format	Color
RYB	142, 155, 128
Decimal	10195584
CIELab	60.86, 0.19, 10.74
CIELCh	61, 10.740, 88.968
Yxy	29.0848, 0.3404, 0.3575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288385664 (0xFF9B9280)
YUV	146.6390, -9.1890, 7.3326
Hunter-Lab	53.9304, -2.7201, 10.7324

Details

The RGB color **155, 146, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **128, 137, 155**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 200, 181**, and **104, 96, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 141, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 151, 144**.

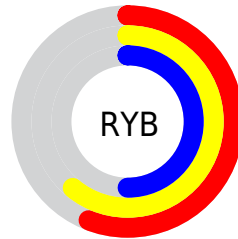
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (57%)

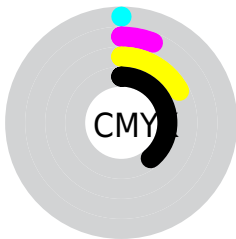
Blue (50%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (50%)

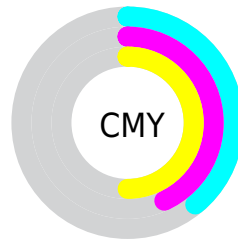


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 155, 146, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 155, 146, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 155, 146, 128

255, 255, 255

 210, 200, 181


 238, 228, 208

 255, 255, 237

 155, 146, 128

 129, 120, 103

 104, 96, 79

 79, 72, 56

 56, 50, 34

 35, 29, 13

 5, 3, 0

 0, 0, 0

 155, 146, 128

 155, 141, 113

 155, 146, 128

 155, 151, 144

■ 155, 136, 97

■ 155, 156, 159

■ 155, 131, 82

■ 155, 162, 175

■ 155, 125, 66

■ 155, 167, 190

■ 155, 120, 51

■ 155, 172, 206

■ 155, 115, 35

■ 155, 177, 221

■ 155, 110, 20

■ 155, 182, 236

■ 155, 105, 4

■ 155, 187, 252

■ 155, 103, 0

■ 155, 193, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 143, 131



155, 146, 128



144, 149, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 146, 128



123, 152, 156



159, 142, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 146, 128



128, 137, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148, 145, 163



155, 146, 128



127, 150, 163

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 146, 128



126, 152, 146



136, 148, 166



166, 140, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 146, 128



137, 151, 134



136, 148, 166



156, 143, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 146, 128



201, 198, 191



155, 128, 137



102, 100, 96



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 146, 128



201, 187, 159



150, 155, 128



77, 74, 69



140, 94, 0



13, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 137, 155



159, 173, 201



132, 128, 155



69, 71, 77



0, 47, 140



0, 4, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 146, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

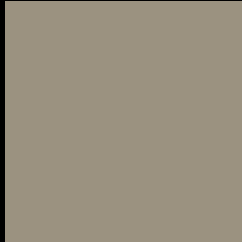
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 146, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

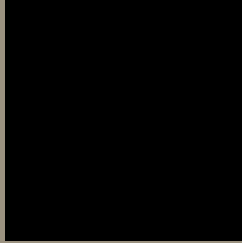
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 155, 146, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 146, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 146, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


155, 146, 128

Protanopia

154, 146, 128

Deuteranopia

167, 141, 129



Tritanopia
158, 142, 153

Trichromacy



Original Color

155, 146, 128

Protanomaly

154, 146, 128

Deuteranomaly

163, 143, 129

Tritanomaly

157, 143, 144

Monochromacy



Original Color

155, 146, 128

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

150, 147, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 155, 146, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(155, 146, 128) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 146, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 146, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 146, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 155, 146, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 146, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 146, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 146, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 146, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 146, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 146, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 155, 146, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 146, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
146, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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