

Converting Colors

RGB(155, 220, 47)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(155, 220, 47) contains.

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Color

RGB(155, 220, 47)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BDC2F
RGB	155, 220, 47
RGB Percent	61%, 86%, 18%
CMY	0.3922, 0.1373, 0.8157
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.79, 0.14
HSL	83°, 71%, 52%
HSV	83°, 79%, 86%
XYZ	39.6239, 58.3602, 11.8656
YIQ	180.8430, 16.7930, -67.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

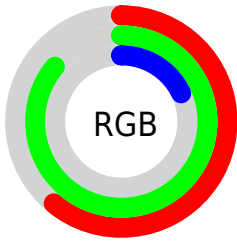
Format	Color
RYB	47, 220, 112
Decimal	10214447
CIELab	80.94, -44.32, 71.61
CIELCh	81, 84.213, 121.757
Yxy	58.3602, 0.3607, 0.5313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288404527 (0xFF9BDC2F)
YUV	180.8430, -65.9846, -22.6643
Hunter-Lab	76.3938, -41.1051, 44.2667

Details

The RGB color **155, 220, 47** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**. The color can be described as middle washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **112, 47, 220**, and the grayscale version is **181, 181, 181**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 255, 107**, and **97, 165, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 220, 25**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 220, 69**.

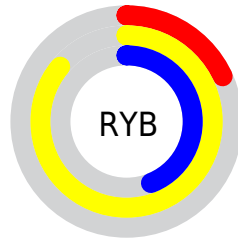
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (86%)

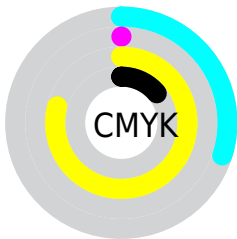
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (44%)

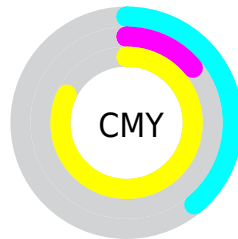


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (39%)



















Magenta (14%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 155, 220, 47 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 155, 220, 47 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 155, 220, 47	 155, 220, 47
 255, 255, 255	 126, 192, 0
 214, 255, 107	 97, 165, 0
 244, 255, 136	 68, 138, 0
 255, 255, 164	 37, 112, 0
 255, 255, 193	 0, 87, 0
 255, 255, 223	 0, 63, 0
 255, 255, 252	 0, 42, 0
	 0, 6, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 155, 220, 47

■ 155, 220, 47

■ 147, 220, 25

■ 163, 220, 69

■ 138, 220, 3

■ 172, 220, 91

■ 137, 220, 0

■ 180, 220, 113

■ 188, 220, 135

■ 196, 220, 157

■ 205, 220, 179

■ 213, 220, 201

■ 221, 220, 223

■ 229, 220, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235, 199, 0



155, 220, 47



0, 232, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 220, 47



0, 228, 255



255, 120, 200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 220, 47



112, 47, 220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 141, 255



155, 220, 47



0, 209, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 220, 47



0, 236, 255



205, 178, 255



255, 135, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 220, 47



0, 236, 176



205, 178, 255



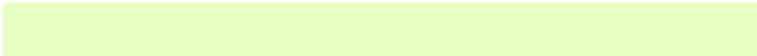
255, 123, 226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 220, 47



232, 255, 194



220, 110, 47



114, 128, 91



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 220, 47



165, 255, 15



70, 220, 47



106, 110, 99



108, 173, 0



29, 46, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112, 47, 220



105, 15, 255



197, 47, 220



103, 99, 110



65, 0, 173



17, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 220, 47 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 220, 47 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 155, 220, 47 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 220, 47.

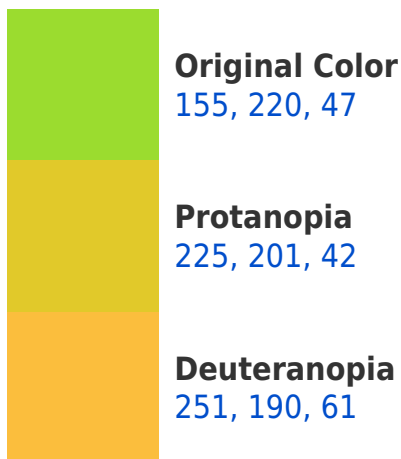


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 220, 47.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
175, 205, 221

Trichromacy



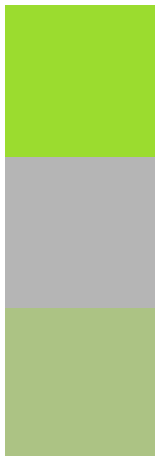
Original Color
155, 220, 47

Protanomaly
200, 208, 44

Deuteranomaly
216, 201, 56

Tritanomaly
168, 210, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color
155, 220, 47

Achromatopsia
181, 181, 181

Achromatomaly
172, 195, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 155, 220, 47 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 220, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 220, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 220, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 220, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 155, 220, 47 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 220, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 220, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 220, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 220, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 220, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 220,  
47) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 155, 220, 47 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 220, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
220, 47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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