

Converting Colors

RGB(155, 70, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(155, 70, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(155, 70, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B467D
RGB	155, 70, 125
RGB Percent	61%, 27%, 49%
CMY	0.3922, 0.7255, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.19, 0.39
HSL	321°, 38%, 44%
HSV	321°, 55%, 61%
XYZ	19.4094, 12.8295, 20.8554
YIQ	101.6850, 33.0050, 35.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

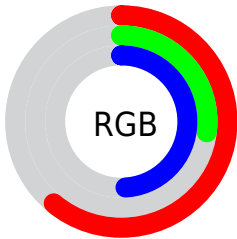
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 70, 125
Decimal	10176125
CIE _{Lab}	42.51, 42.26, -14.42
CIE _{LCh}	43, 44.652, 341.164
Yxy	12.8295, 0.3656, 0.2416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288366205 (0xFF9B467D)
YUV	101.6850, 11.4943, 46.7573
Hunter-Lab	35.8184, 34.0442, -9.4490

Details

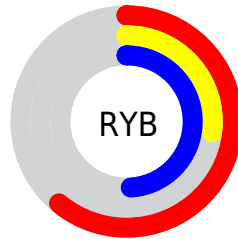
The RGB color **155, 70, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **70, 155, 100**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211, 122, 178**, and **101, 16, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 54, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155, 86, 130**.

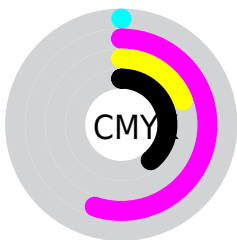
Distribution



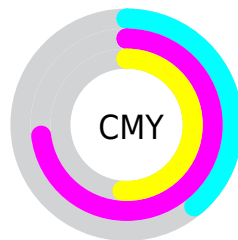
- Red (61%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 155, 70, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 155, 70, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



155, 70, 125



155, 70, 125

255, 255, 255



128, 44, 100



211, 122, 178



101, 16, 76



241, 149, 205



75, 0, 53



255, 176, 233



52, 0, 32



255, 204, 255



21, 0, 4



255, 233, 255



0, 0, 0



155, 70, 125



155, 70, 125



155, 54, 120



155, 86, 130



155, 39, 114



155, 101, 136

■ 155, 23, 109

■ 155, 117, 141

■ 155, 8, 103

■ 155, 132, 147

■ 155, 0, 100

■ 155, 147, 152

■ 155, 163, 158

■ 155, 179, 163

■ 155, 194, 169

■ 155, 209, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120, 85, 156



155, 70, 125



167, 66, 88

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155, 70, 125



107, 103, 19



0, 116, 148

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155, 70, 125



70, 155, 100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 118, 113



155, 70, 125



66, 112, 41

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155, 70, 125



138, 90, 27



0, 116, 75



0, 111, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155, 70, 125



165, 71, 64



0, 116, 75



0, 117, 137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155, 70, 125



201, 169, 190



100, 70, 155



102, 83, 95



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155, 70, 125



201, 68, 155



155, 70, 83



77, 69, 74



140, 0, 91



13, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155, 70, 125



201, 68, 155



70, 155, 142



77, 69, 74



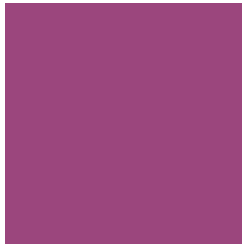
140, 0, 91



13, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 70, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

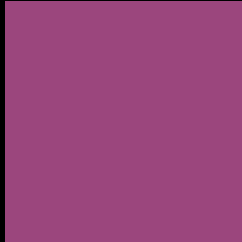
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 155, 70, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

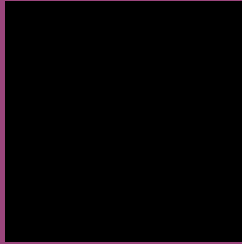
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 155, 70, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 70, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 155, 70, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

155, 70, 125

Protanopia

86, 99, 147

Deuteranopia

101, 99, 120



Tritanopia
151, 79, 85

Trichromacy



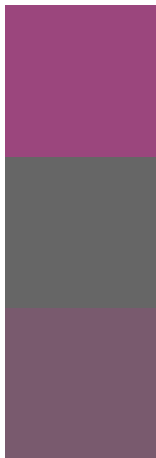
Original Color
155, 70, 125

Protanomaly
111, 88, 139

Deuteranomaly
121, 88, 122

Tritanomaly
152, 76, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color
155, 70, 125

Achromatopsia
102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly
121, 90, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 155, 70, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 70, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 70, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 70, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 70, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 155, 70, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 70, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 70, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 70, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 70, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 70, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 70,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 155, 70, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 70, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155, 70,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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