

# Converting Colors

RGB(156, 160, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(156, 160, 208) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(156, 160, 208)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	9CA0D0
RGB	156, 160, 208
RGB Percent	61%, 63%, 82%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3725, 0.1843
CMYK	0.25, 0.23, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	235°, 36%, 71%
HSV	235°, 25%, 82%
XYZ	37.6663, 36.7636, 64.7854
YIQ	164.2760, -17.7920, 14.0800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

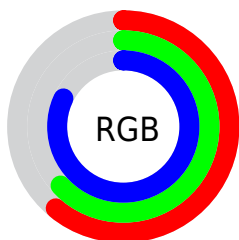
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">156, 160, 208</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10264784</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.10, 9.07, -24.94</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 26.541, 289.992</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.7636, 0.2706, 0.2641</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288454864</a> (0xFF9CA0D0)
YUV	<a href="#">164.2760, 21.5559, -7.2581</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.6330, 4.7796, -20.9073</a>

# Details

The RGB color **156, 160, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 204, 156**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211, 215, 255**, and **104, 109, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135, 141, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 179, 208**.

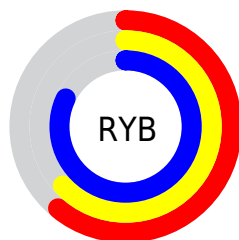
# Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (63%)

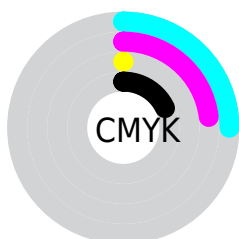
Blue (82%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (82%)

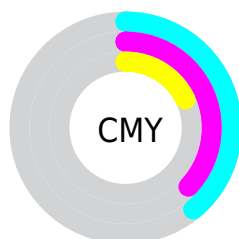


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 156, 160, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 156, 160, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 156, 160, 208


255, 255, 255

 211, 215, 255

 240, 243, 255

 156, 160, 208

 129, 134, 180


 104, 109, 153

 79, 84, 127

 54, 61, 102

 30, 40, 78

 4, 20, 55

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 7


 0, 0, 0


 156, 160, 208


 156, 160, 208

 135, 141, 208

 177, 179, 208

 114, 122, 208

 198, 198, 208

 94, 102, 208

 218, 218, 208

 73, 83, 208


 239, 237, 208

 52, 64, 208

 255, 255, 208

 31, 45, 208

 10, 26, 208

 0, 16, 208

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 168, 210



156, 160, 208



186, 152, 194

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156, 160, 208



205, 151, 128



110, 176, 154

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156, 160, 208



208, 204, 156

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137, 173, 132



156, 160, 208



188, 159, 117

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156, 160, 208



212, 146, 148



164, 167, 118



92, 177, 179

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156, 160, 208



200, 148, 180



164, 167, 118



118, 175, 146



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156, 160, 208



235, 236, 255



156, 208, 204



115, 116, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156, 160, 208



179, 184, 255



178, 156, 208



94, 95, 105



0, 13, 168



0, 3, 41



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 156, 160



255, 179, 184



186, 208, 156



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 13

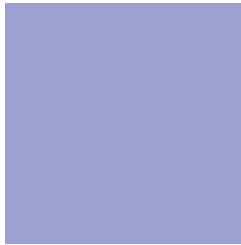


41, 0, 3



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 156, 160, 208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

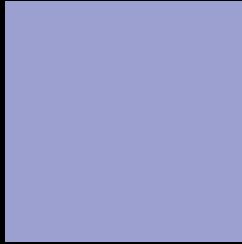
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 156, 160, 208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

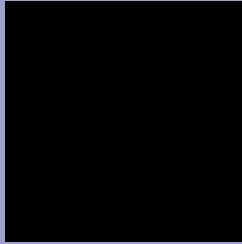
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 156, 160, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 156, 160, 208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 156, 160, 208.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

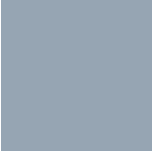
156, 160, 208

**Protanopia**

151, 161, 209

**Deuteranopia**

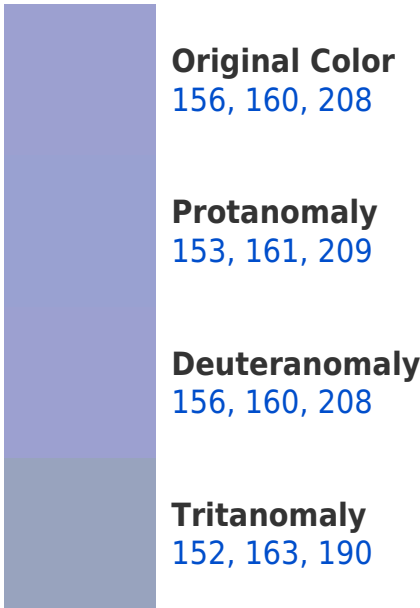
156, 160, 208



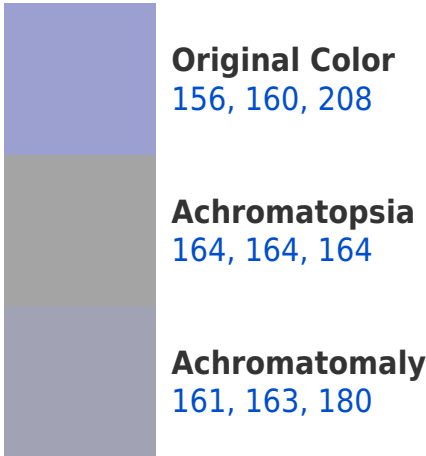
## Tritanopia

150, 165, 179

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 156, 160, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(156, 160, 208) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 160, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 160, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 160, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 156, 160, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 160, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 160, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 160, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 160, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 160, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 160,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 156, 160, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 160, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
160, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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