

# Converting Colors

RGB(156, 95, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(156, 95, 224) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(156, 95, 224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C5FE0
RGB	156, 95, 224
RGB Percent	61%, 37%, 88%
CMY	0.3882, 0.6275, 0.1216
CMYK	0.30, 0.58, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	268°, 68%, 63%
HSV	268°, 58%, 88%
XYZ	31.2571, 20.6342, 72.8564
YIQ	127.9450, -5.0530, 53.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

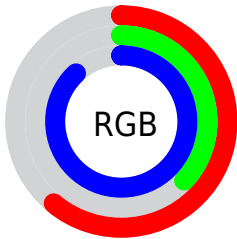
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 95, 224
Decimal	10248160
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.55, 49.66, -56.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 75.409, 311.191
Yxy	20.6342, 0.2506, 0.1654
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288438240 (0xFF9C5FE0)
YUV	127.9450, 47.3551, 24.6042
Hunter-Lab	45.4248, 43.3333, -63.2972

# Details

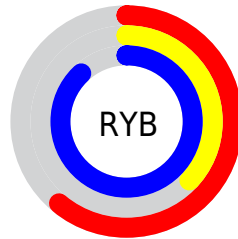
The RGB color **156, 95, 224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **163, 224, 95**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 148, 255**, and **100, 44, 168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144, 73, 224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 117, 224**.

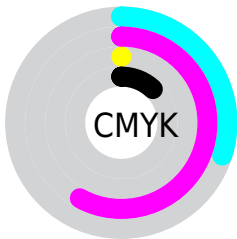
# Distribution



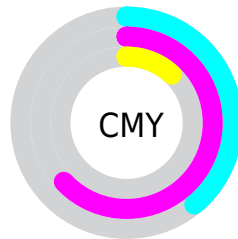
- Red (61%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 156, 95, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 156, 95, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 156, 95, 224

 156, 95, 224


255, 255, 255

 128, 69, 196

 214, 148, 255

 100, 44, 168

 243, 175, 255

 72, 16, 141

 255, 203, 255

 42, 0, 115

 255, 232, 255

 6, 0, 89

 0, 0, 65

 0, 3, 42

 0, 1, 20

 0, 0, 0


 156, 95, 224


 156, 95, 224


 144, 73, 224

 168, 117, 224

 132, 50, 224

 180, 140, 224

 121, 28, 224

 191, 162, 224

 109, 5, 224

 203, 185, 224

 106, 0, 224

 215, 207, 224

 227, 229, 224

 239, 252, 224

 250, 255, 224

 255, 255, 224

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 126, 254



156, 95, 224



218, 56, 169

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156, 95, 224



184, 107, 0



0, 153, 149

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156, 95, 224



163, 224, 95

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 151, 81



156, 95, 224



130, 130, 0

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156, 95, 224



223, 73, 42



51, 144, 0



0, 152, 210

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156, 95, 224



235, 39, 126



51, 144, 0



0, 153, 126



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156, 95, 224



232, 212, 255



95, 164, 224



114, 102, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156, 95, 224



162, 79, 255



220, 95, 224



106, 101, 112



83, 0, 176



23, 0, 48



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 95, 163



255, 79, 172



99, 224, 95



112, 101, 107



176, 0, 93

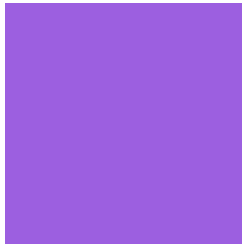


48, 0, 26



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 156, 95, 224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

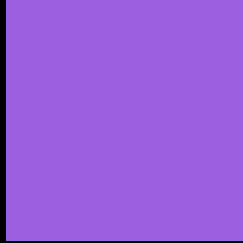
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 156, 95, 224 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 156, 95, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 156, 95, 224.

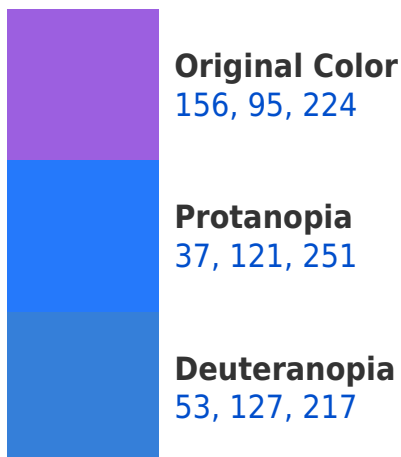



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 156, 95, 224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
138, 120, 130

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

156, 95, 224



**Protanomaly**

80, 112, 241



**Deuteranomaly**

90, 115, 220



**Tritanomaly**

145, 111, 164

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

156, 95, 224



**Achromatopsia**

128, 128, 128



**Achromatomaly**

138, 116, 163

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 156, 95, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 95, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 95, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 95, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 95, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 156, 95, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 95, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 95, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 95, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 95, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 95, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 95,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 156, 95, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 95, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 95,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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