

Converting Colors

RGB(157, 161, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(157, 161, 171) contains.

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Color

RGB(157, 161, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DA1AB
RGB	157, 161, 171
RGB Percent	62%, 63%, 67%
CMY	0.3843, 0.3686, 0.3294
CMYK	0.08, 0.06, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	223°, 8%, 64%
HSV	223°, 8%, 67%
XYZ	34.0002, 35.5981, 43.6072
YIQ	160.9440, -5.5940, 2.2620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

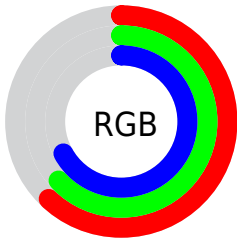
Format	Color
RYB	157, 160, 171
Decimal	10330539
CIELab	66.21, 0.58, -5.68
CIElCh	66, 5.707, 275.792
Yxy	35.5981, 0.3003, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288520619 (0xFF9DA1AB)
YUV	160.9440, 4.9576, -3.4589
Hunter-Lab	59.6642, -2.6924, -1.5688

Details

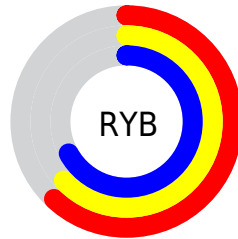
The RGB color **157, 161, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **171, 167, 157**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 216, 226**, and **106, 110, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140, 149, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 173, 171**.

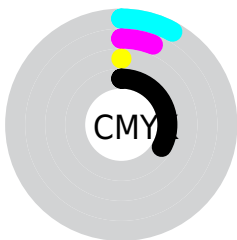
Distribution



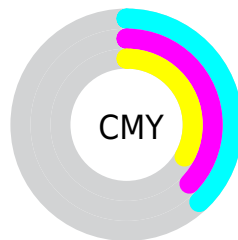
- Red (62%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 157, 161, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 157, 161, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 157, 161, 171

255, 255, 255

■ 212, 216, 226

■ 240, 244, 255

■ 157, 161, 171

■ 131, 135, 144

■ 106, 110, 119

■ 82, 85, 94

■ 58, 62, 71

■ 37, 40, 48

■ 16, 20, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 157, 161, 171

■ 140, 149, 171

■ 157, 161, 171

■ 174, 173, 171

■ 123, 137, 171

■ 191, 185, 171

■ 106, 124, 171

■ 208, 198, 171

■ 89, 112, 171

■ 225, 210, 171

■ 72, 100, 171

■ 242, 222, 171

■ 54, 88, 171

■ 255, 234, 171

■ 37, 75, 171

■ 255, 247, 171

■ 20, 63, 171

■ 255, 255, 171

■ 3, 51, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 163, 170



157, 161, 171



163, 159, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157, 161, 171



172, 158, 155



153, 164, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157, 161, 171



171, 167, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 162, 153



157, 161, 171



169, 159, 152

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157, 161, 171



172, 158, 160



164, 161, 151



149, 164, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157, 161, 171



167, 158, 167



164, 161, 151



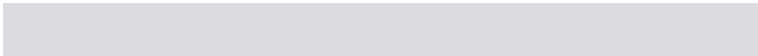
155, 163, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157, 161, 171



217, 219, 222



157, 171, 167



110, 111, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157, 161, 171



200, 206, 222



160, 157, 171



78, 81, 87



0, 43, 150



0, 7, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 157, 161



222, 200, 206



168, 171, 157



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 43



23, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 157, 161, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

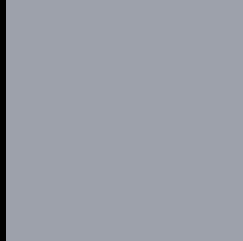
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 157, 161, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

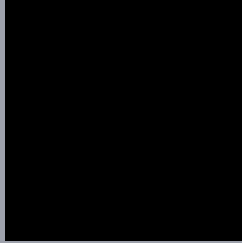
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

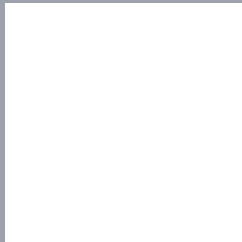
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 157, 161, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 157, 161, 171.

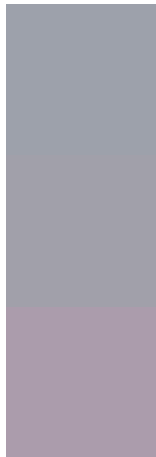


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 157, 161, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

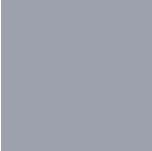
Dichromacy



Original Color
157, 161, 171

Protanopia
161, 160, 170

Deuteranopia
171, 156, 172



Tritanopia
157, 161, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color
157, 161, 171

Protanomaly
160, 160, 170

Deuteranomaly
166, 158, 172

Tritanomaly
157, 161, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color
157, 161, 171

Achromatopsia
161, 161, 161

Achromatomaly
160, 161, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 157, 161, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(157, 161, 171) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 161, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 161, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 161, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 157, 161, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

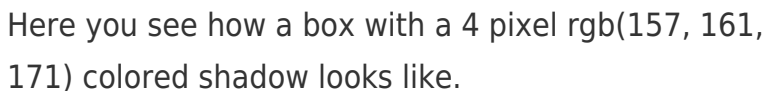
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 161, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 161, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 161, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 161, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 161, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 161,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 157, 161, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 161, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
161, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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