

Converting Colors

RGB(157, 187, 192)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(157, 187, 192) contains.

RGB(157, 187, 192)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(157, 187, 192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DBBC0
RGB	157, 187, 192
RGB Percent	62%, 73%, 75%
CMY	0.3843, 0.2667, 0.2471
CMYK	0.18, 0.03, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	189°, 22%, 68%
HSV	189°, 18%, 75%
XYZ	41.1894, 46.5145, 56.6765
YIQ	178.6000, -19.4850, -4.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

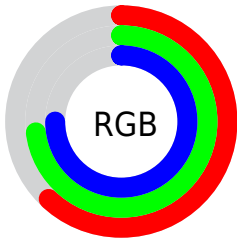
Format	Color
RYB	157, 173, 192
Decimal	10337216
CIELab	73.88, -9.03, -5.92
CIElCh	74, 10.801, 213.241
Yxy	46.5145, 0.2853, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288527296 (0xFF9DBBC0)
YUV	178.6000, 6.6062, -18.9432
Hunter-Lab	68.2016, -11.5501, -1.5297

Details

The RGB color **157, 187, 192** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **192, 162, 157**, and the grayscale version is **179, 179, 179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212, 243, 248**, and **105, 134, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138, 184, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 190, 192**.

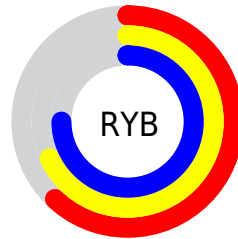
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (73%)

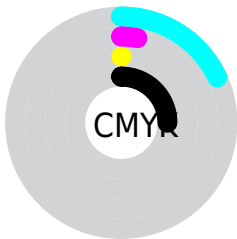
Blue (75%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (75%)

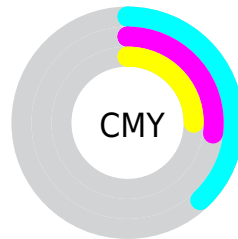


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (38%)


Magenta (27%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 157, 187, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 157, 187, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 157, 187, 192

255, 255, 255


 212, 243, 248

 241, 255, 255

 157, 187, 192


 131, 160, 165


 105, 134, 139

 80, 109, 113

 57, 84, 89


 34, 61, 65

 11, 39, 43

 0, 19, 23

 0, 0, 0

 157, 187, 192

 157, 187, 192

■ 138, 184, 192

■ 176, 190, 192

■ 119, 182, 192

■ 195, 192, 192

■ 99, 179, 192

■ 215, 195, 192

■ 80, 176, 192

■ 234, 198, 192

■ 61, 173, 192

■ 253, 201, 192

■ 42, 171, 192

■ 255, 203, 192

■ 23, 168, 192

■ 255, 206, 192

■ 3, 165, 192

■ 255, 209, 192

■ 0, 165, 192

■ 255, 212, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 188, 182



157, 187, 192



162, 185, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157, 187, 192



196, 176, 191



189, 181, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157, 187, 192



192, 162, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198, 178, 164



157, 187, 192



202, 175, 181

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157, 187, 192



185, 179, 198



203, 176, 171



177, 184, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157, 187, 192



169, 183, 201



203, 176, 171



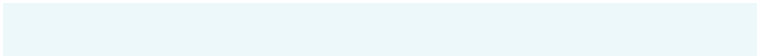
192, 180, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157, 187, 192



237, 248, 250



157, 192, 162



117, 124, 125



252, 252, 252



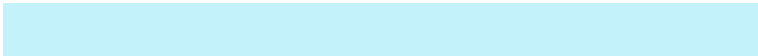
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157, 187, 192



195, 242, 250



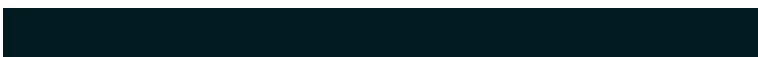
157, 170, 192



87, 96, 97



0, 138, 161



0, 28, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 157, 187



250, 195, 242



192, 179, 157



97, 87, 96



161, 0, 138



33, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 157, 187, 192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

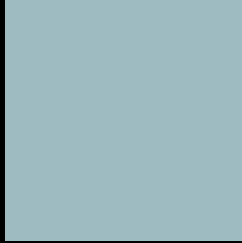
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 157, 187, 192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

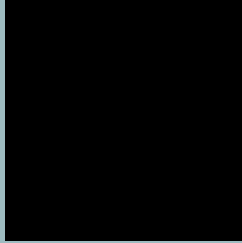
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

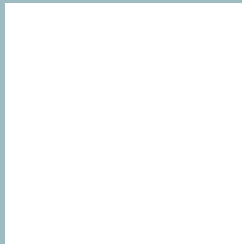
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 157, 187, 192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 157, 187, 192.

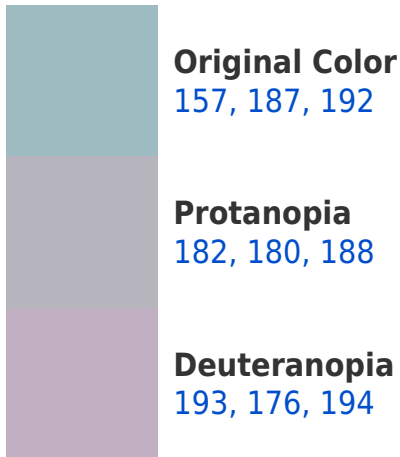


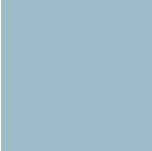
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 157, 187, 192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

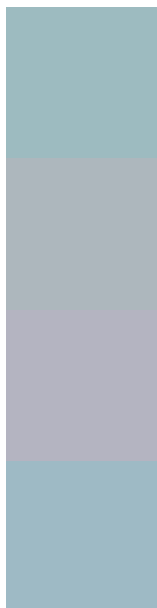
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
159, 186, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color

157, 187, 192

Protanomaly

173, 183, 189

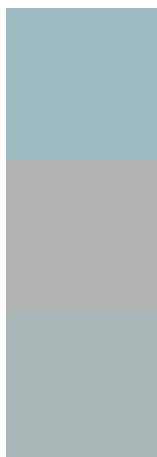
Deuteranomaly

180, 180, 193

Tritanomaly

158, 186, 197

Monochromacy



Original Color

157, 187, 192

Achromatopsia

179, 179, 179

Achromatomaly

171, 182, 184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 157, 187, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 187, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 187, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 187, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 187, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 157, 187, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

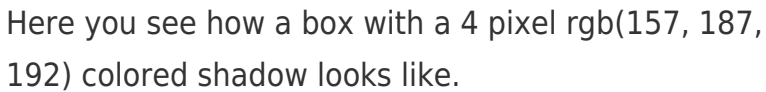
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 187, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 187, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 187, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 187, 192); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 187, 192); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 187, 192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 157, 187, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 187, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
187, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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