

Converting Colors

RGB(157, 251, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(157, 251, 235) contains.

RGB(157, 251, 235)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(157, 251, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DFBEB
RGB	157, 251, 235
RGB Percent	62%, 98%, 92%
CMY	0.3843, 0.0157, 0.0784
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.06, 0.02
HSL	170°, 92%, 80%
HSV	170°, 37%, 98%
XYZ	63.3972, 82.1606, 91.1145
YIQ	221.0700, -50.8880, -24.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

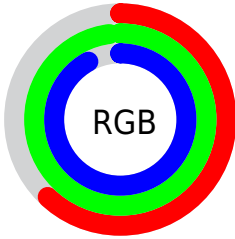
Format	Color
RYB	157, 208, 251
Decimal	10353643
CIELab	92.65, -31.44, -1.15
CIELCh	93, 31.456, 182.092
Yxy	82.1606, 0.2679, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288543723 (0xFF9DFBEB)
YUV	221.0700, 6.8675, -56.1894
Hunter-Lab	90.6425, -33.7778, 3.8510

Details

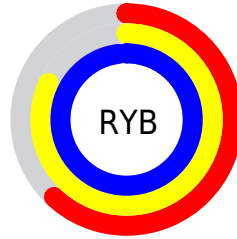
The RGB color **157, 251, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **251, 157, 173**, and the grayscale version is **221, 221, 221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **215, 255, 255**, and **100, 194, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 251, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182, 251, 239**.

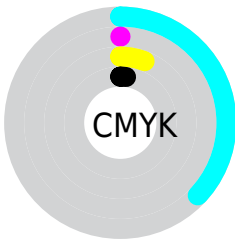
Distribution



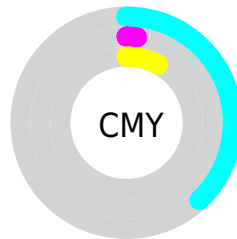
- Red (62%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 157, 251, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 157, 251, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 157, 251, 235

255, 255, 255


 215, 255, 255


 244, 255, 255

 157, 251, 235

 129, 222, 207

 100, 194, 179

 72, 167, 153

 40, 140, 127

 0, 114, 102

 0, 89, 78

 0, 65, 55

 0, 42, 34

 0, 17, 12

■ 157, 251, 235

■ 157, 251, 235

■ 132, 251, 231

■ 182, 251, 239

■ 107, 251, 226

■ 207, 251, 244

■ 82, 251, 222

■ 232, 251, 248

■ 57, 251, 218

■ 255, 251, 252

■ 31, 251, 214

■ 255, 251, 255

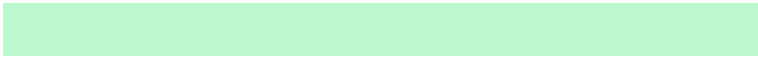
■ 6, 251, 209

■ 0, 251, 208

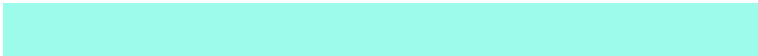
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 248, 205



157, 251, 235



145, 250, 255

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157, 251, 235



241, 225, 255



255, 222, 181

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157, 251, 235



251, 157, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 214, 203



157, 251, 235



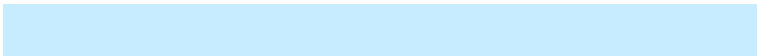
255, 216, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157, 251, 235



200, 236, 255



255, 212, 233



254, 233, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157, 251, 235



153, 247, 255



255, 212, 233



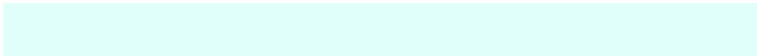
255, 219, 187

Sweetspot

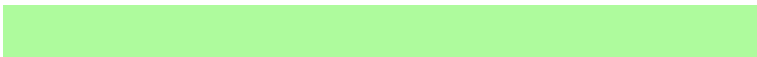
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157, 251, 235



227, 255, 250



174, 251, 157



111, 128, 125



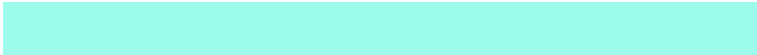
0, 0, 0



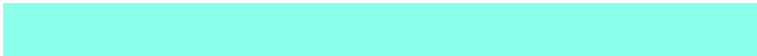
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157, 251, 235



140, 255, 235



157, 221, 251



112, 125, 123



0, 189, 157



0, 61, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



251, 157, 173



255, 140, 160



251, 187, 157



125, 112, 115



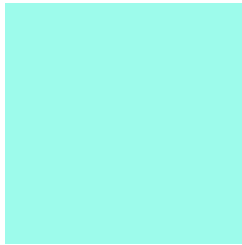
189, 0, 32



61, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 157, 251, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

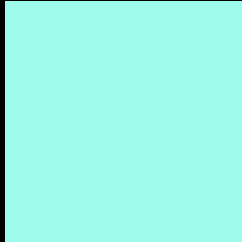
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 157, 251, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

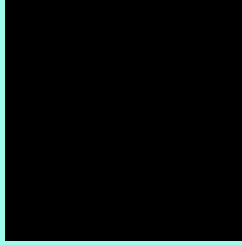
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

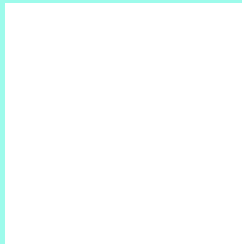
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 157, 251, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 157, 251, 235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 157, 251, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





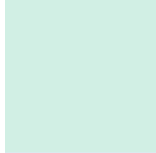
Tritanopia
192, 242, 255

Trichromacy



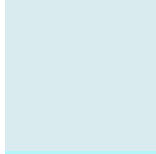
Original Color

157, 251, 235



Protanomaly

209, 239, 228



Deuteranomaly

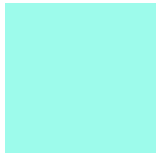
217, 235, 238



Tritanomaly

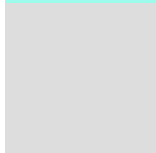
179, 245, 248

Monochromacy



Original Color

157, 251, 235



Achromatopsia

221, 221, 221



Achromatomaly

198, 232, 226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 157, 251, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 251, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 251, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 251, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 251, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 157, 251, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 251, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 251, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 251, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 251, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 251, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 251,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 157, 251, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 251, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
251, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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