

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 124, 155)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 124, 155) contains.

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Color

RGB(159, 124, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F7C9B
RGB	159, 124, 155
RGB Percent	62%, 49%, 61%
CMY	0.3765, 0.5137, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.03, 0.38
HSL	307°, 15%, 55%
HSV	307°, 22%, 62%
XYZ	27.4221, 24.1528, 34.2270
YIQ	137.9990, 10.9090, 17.0610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

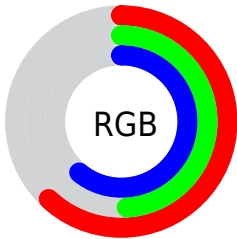
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 124, 155
Decimal	10452123
CIE _{Lab}	56.24, 19.01, -11.44
CIE _{LCh}	56, 22.182, 328.967
Yxy	24.1528, 0.3196, 0.2815
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288642203 (0xFF9F7C9B)
YUV	137.9990, 8.3815, 18.4179
Hunter-Lab	49.1455, 13.5945, -6.8902

Details

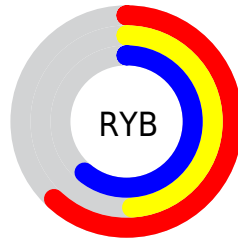
The RGB color `159, 124, 155` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `996699`. A complement of this color would be `124, 159, 128`, and the grayscale version is `138, 138, 138`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `214, 177, 209`, and `107, 75, 104` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `159, 108, 153`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `159, 140, 157`.

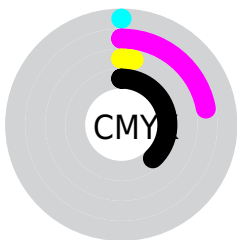
Distribution



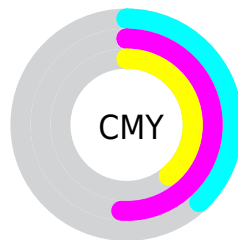
- Red (62%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 124, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 124, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 159, 124, 155

255, 255, 255

 214, 177, 209

 243, 204, 238

 255, 233, 255

 159, 124, 155

 133, 99, 129

 107, 75, 104

 83, 52, 80

 59, 30, 57


 37, 8, 35

 2, 0, 12

 0, 0, 0

 159, 124, 155

 159, 108, 153

 159, 124, 155

 159, 140, 157

159, 92, 151

159, 156, 159

159, 76, 150

159, 172, 160

159, 60, 148

159, 188, 162

159, 45, 146

159, 204, 164

159, 29, 144

159, 219, 166

159, 13, 142

159, 235, 168

159, 0, 141

159, 251, 170

159, 255, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 130, 168



159, 124, 155



172, 121, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 124, 155



149, 133, 96



77, 145, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 124, 155



124, 159, 128

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87, 146, 133



159, 124, 155



129, 139, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 124, 155



165, 127, 102



107, 144, 114



86, 142, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 124, 155



174, 121, 123



107, 144, 114



78, 146, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 124, 155



207, 192, 205



127, 124, 159



105, 96, 104



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 124, 155



207, 153, 200



159, 124, 138



79, 71, 78



143, 0, 126



15, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 124, 155



207, 153, 200



124, 159, 145



79, 71, 78



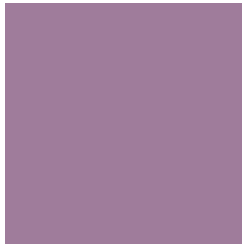
143, 0, 126



15, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 124, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

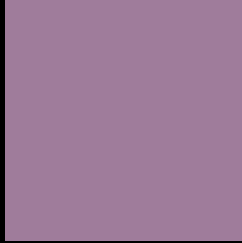
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 124, 155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

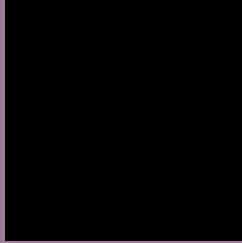
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 124, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 124, 155.

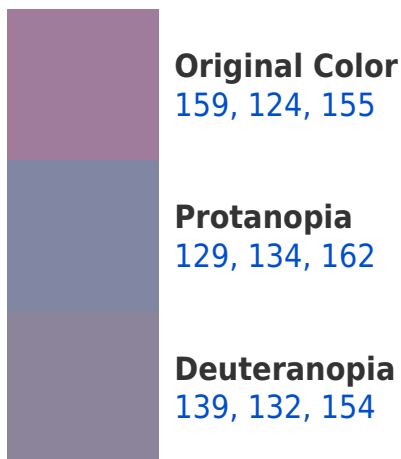


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 124, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
157, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color
159, 124, 155

Protanomaly
140, 130, 159

Deuteranomaly
146, 129, 154

Tritanomaly
158, 126, 144

Monochromacy



Original Color
159, 124, 155

Achromatopsia
138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly
146, 133, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 124, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(159, 124, 155) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 124, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 124, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 124, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 124, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 124, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 124, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 124, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 124, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 124, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 124,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 124, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 124, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
124, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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