

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 129, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 129, 130) contains.

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Color

RGB(159, 129, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F8182
RGB	159, 129, 130
RGB Percent	62%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.3765, 0.4941, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.18, 0.38
HSL	358°, 14%, 56%
HSV	358°, 19%, 62%
XYZ	26.1776, 24.6831, 24.5037
YIQ	138.0840, 17.5590, 6.6710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

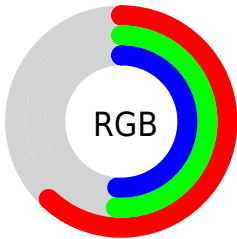
Format	Color
R _Y B	159, 129, 130
Decimal	10453378
CIE Lab	56.77, 11.67, 3.81
CIE LCh	57, 12.273, 18.062
Yxy	24.6831, 0.3473, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288643458 (0xFF9F8182)
YUV	138.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433
Hunter-Lab	49.6821, 7.1082, 5.5351

Details

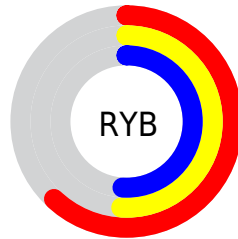
The RGB color **159, 129, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **129, 159, 158**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 182, 183**, and **107, 80, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **159, 113, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 145, 145**.

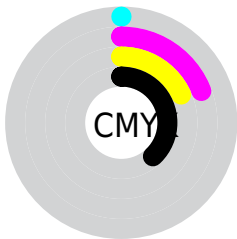
Distribution



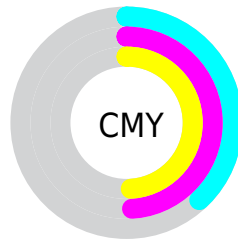
- Red (62%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 129, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 129, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 159, 129, 130

255, 255, 255

 214, 182, 183

 243, 210, 210

 255, 238, 239

 159, 129, 130

 133, 104, 105

 107, 80, 81

 82, 57, 58

 59, 35, 36

 37, 14, 15

 0, 0, 0

 159, 129, 130

 159, 113, 115

 159, 97, 99

 159, 129, 130

 159, 145, 145

 159, 161, 161

 159, 81, 84

 159, 177, 176

 159, 65, 69

 159, 193, 191

 159, 49, 53

 159, 209, 207

 159, 34, 38

 159, 224, 222

 159, 18, 22

 159, 240, 238

 159, 2, 7

 159, 255, 253

 159, 0, 5

 159, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 129, 141



159, 129, 130



157, 131, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 129, 130



126, 140, 122



120, 138, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 129, 130



129, 159, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 141, 152



159, 129, 130



115, 142, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 129, 130



138, 138, 116



109, 142, 142



133, 135, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 129, 130



152, 133, 117



109, 142, 142



116, 139, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 129, 130



207, 194, 195



158, 129, 159



105, 97, 97



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 129, 130



207, 159, 161



159, 143, 129



79, 71, 71



143, 0, 5



15, 0, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 129, 130



207, 159, 161



129, 145, 159



79, 71, 71



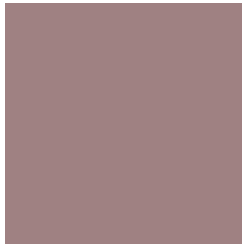
143, 0, 5



15, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 129, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

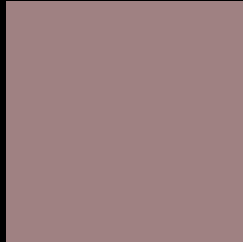
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 129, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

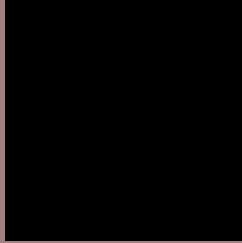
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 129, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 129, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 129, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

159, 129, 130

Protanopia

139, 136, 134

Deuteranopia

152, 132, 129



Tritanopia
160, 128, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color

159, 129, 130

Protanomaly

146, 133, 133

Deuteranomaly

155, 131, 129

Tritanomaly

160, 128, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color

159, 129, 130

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

146, 135, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 129, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 129, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 129, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 129, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 129, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 129, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 129, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 129, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 129, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 129, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 129, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 129,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 129, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 129, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
129, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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