

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 139, 141)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 139, 141) contains.

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Color

RGB(159, 139, 141)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F8B8D
RGB	159, 139, 141
RGB Percent	62%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.3765, 0.4549, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.11, 0.38
HSL	354°, 9%, 58%
HSV	354°, 13%, 62%
XYZ	28.3384, 27.7593, 29.0638
YIQ	145.2080, 11.2780, 4.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

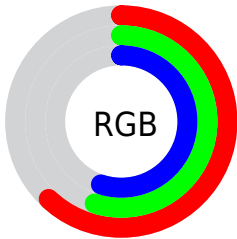
Format	Color
R _Y B	159, 139, 141
Decimal	10455949
CIE Lab	59.67, 7.86, 1.69
CIE LCh	60, 8.041, 12.153
Yxy	27.7593, 0.3328, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288646029 (0xFF9F8B8D)
YUV	145.2080, -2.0745, 12.0956
Hunter-Lab	52.6871, 3.8062, 4.1748

Details

The RGB color **159, 139, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **139, 159, 157**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 192, 195**, and **107, 89, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **159, 123, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 155, 155**.

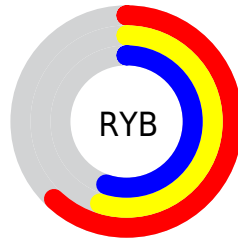
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (55%)

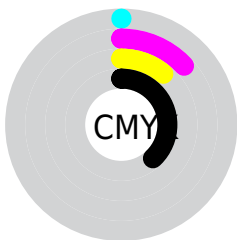
Blue (55%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (55%)

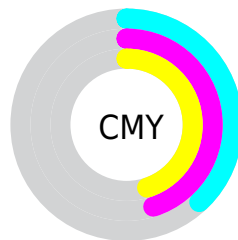


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 139, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 139, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 159, 139, 141


255, 255, 255

 214, 192, 195

 242, 220, 222


 255, 249, 251

 159, 139, 141

 133, 114, 115

 107, 89, 91


 83, 66, 68

 60, 43, 45


 38, 23, 25

 16, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 159, 139, 141

 159, 123, 127

 159, 139, 141

 159, 155, 155

■ 159, 107, 112

■ 159, 171, 170

■ 159, 91, 98

■ 159, 187, 184

■ 159, 75, 84

■ 159, 203, 198

■ 159, 59, 69

■ 159, 219, 213

■ 159, 44, 55

■ 159, 234, 227

■ 159, 28, 41

■ 159, 250, 241

■ 159, 12, 27

■ 159, 255, 255

■ 159, 0, 16

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 139, 148



159, 139, 141



158, 140, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 139, 141



138, 146, 133



132, 146, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 139, 141



139, 159, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127, 147, 153



159, 139, 141



131, 148, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 139, 141



147, 144, 130



127, 148, 146



140, 143, 157

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 139, 141



156, 141, 131



127, 148, 146



130, 146, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 139, 141



207, 198, 199



157, 139, 159



105, 99, 100



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 139, 141



207, 176, 179



159, 147, 139



79, 71, 72



143, 0, 14



15, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 139, 141



207, 176, 179



139, 151, 159



79, 71, 72



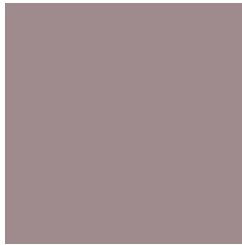
143, 0, 14



15, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 139, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

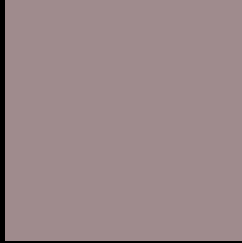
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 139, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

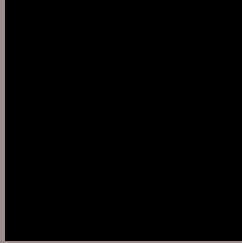
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 139, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 139, 141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 139, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
159, 139, 141

Protanopia
146, 143, 143

Deuteranopia
159, 139, 141



Tritanopia
160, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

159, 139, 141

Protanomaly

151, 142, 142

Deuteranomaly

159, 139, 141

Tritanomaly

160, 138, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

159, 139, 141

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

150, 143, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 139, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(159, 139, 141) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 139, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 139, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 139, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 139, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 139, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 139, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 139, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 139, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 139, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 139,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 139, 141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 139, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
139, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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