

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 160, 114)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 160, 114) contains.

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Color

RGB(159, 160, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FA072
RGB	159, 160, 114
RGB Percent	62%, 63%, 45%
CMY	0.3765, 0.3725, 0.5529
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.29, 0.37
HSL	61°, 19%, 54%
HSV	61°, 29%, 63%
XYZ	29.9061, 33.7274, 20.8534
YIQ	154.4570, 14.1700, -14.5180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

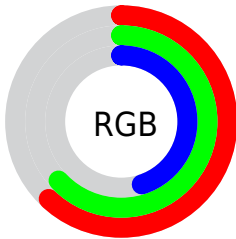
Format	Color
RYB	114, 160, 115
Decimal	10461298
CIELab	64.75, -7.96, 23.93
CIELCh	65, 25.223, 108.407
Yxy	33.7274, 0.3540, 0.3992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288651378 (0xFF9FA072)
YUV	154.4570, -19.9453, 3.9842
Hunter-Lab	58.0753, -9.7125, 19.3632

Details

The RGB color **159, 160, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **115, 114, 160**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 215, 166**, and **107, 109, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **159, 160, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 160, 130**.

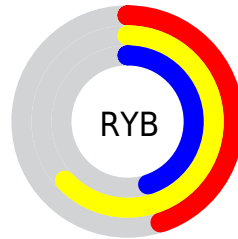
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (63%)

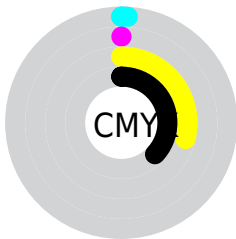
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (45%)

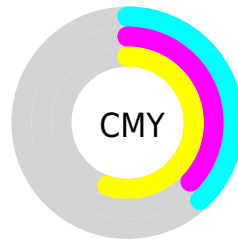


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 160, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 160, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 159, 160, 114

255, 255, 255


 214, 215, 166


 243, 243, 194

 255, 255, 222

 255, 255, 250

 159, 160, 114

 159, 160, 98

 159, 160, 114

 133, 134, 89

 107, 109, 65

 82, 84, 43

 58, 61, 21


 37, 39, 0

 6, 20, 0


 0, 0, 0


 159, 160, 114


 159, 160, 130


 158, 160, 82

 160, 160, 146


 158, 160, 66

 160, 160, 162


 158, 160, 50

 160, 160, 178


 157, 160, 34

 161, 160, 194


 157, 160, 18

 161, 160, 210

 157, 160, 2

 161, 160, 226

 157, 160, 0

 162, 160, 242

 162, 160, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 153, 113



159, 160, 114



133, 166, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 160, 114



93, 167, 190



196, 141, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 160, 114



115, 114, 160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177, 147, 187



159, 160, 114



117, 162, 201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 160, 114



91, 170, 170



149, 154, 200



203, 141, 144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 160, 114



116, 168, 140



149, 154, 200



191, 143, 174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 160, 114



209, 209, 190



160, 115, 114



104, 105, 93



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 160, 114



208, 209, 136



136, 160, 114



79, 79, 71



140, 143, 0



15, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115, 114, 160



138, 136, 209



138, 114, 160



71, 71, 79



3, 0, 143



0, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 160, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 160, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 160, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 160, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 160, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
159, 160, 114

Protanopia
169, 157, 113

Deuteranopia
185, 150, 116



Tritanopia
165, 153, 165

Trichromacy



Original Color

159, 160, 114

Protanomaly

165, 158, 113

Deuteranomaly

176, 154, 115

Tritanomaly

163, 156, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

159, 160, 114

Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly

156, 156, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 160, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 160, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 160, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 160, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 160, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 160, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 160, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 160, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 160, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 160, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 160, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 160,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 160, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 160, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
160, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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