

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 175, 169)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 175, 169) contains.

RGB(159, 175, 169)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(159, 175, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FAFA9
RGB	159, 175, 169
RGB Percent	62%, 69%, 66%
CMY	0.3765, 0.3137, 0.3373
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.03, 0.31
HSL	157°, 9%, 65%
HSV	157°, 9%, 69%
XYZ	36.7895, 40.8954, 43.4907
YIQ	169.5320, -7.6100, -5.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

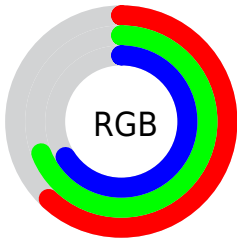
Format	Color
RYB	159, 169, 175
Decimal	10465193
CIELab	70.10, -6.74, 1.16
CIELCh	70, 6.842, 170.222
Yxy	40.8954, 0.3036, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288655273 (0xFF9FAFA9)
YUV	169.5320, -0.2623, -9.2366
Hunter-Lab	63.9495, -9.2226, 4.4428

Details

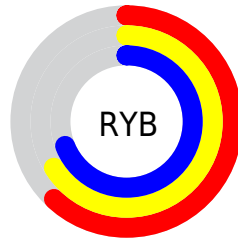
The RGB color **159, 175, 169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **175, 159, 165**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 231, 224**, and **108, 123, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 175, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 175, 176**.

Distribution



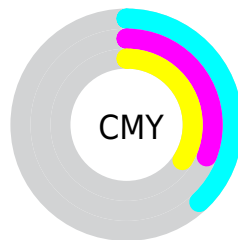
- Red (62%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 175, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 175, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 159, 175, 169

255, 255, 255

 214, 231, 224

 242, 255, 253

 159, 175, 169

 133, 148, 143

 108, 123, 117

 83, 98, 92

 60, 74, 69

 38, 51, 47

 18, 30, 26

 0, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 159, 175, 169

 159, 175, 169

■ 142, 175, 162

■ 177, 175, 176

■ 124, 175, 156

■ 194, 175, 182

■ 106, 175, 149

■ 212, 175, 189

■ 89, 175, 143

■ 229, 175, 195

■ 72, 175, 136

■ 247, 175, 202

■ 54, 175, 130

■ 255, 175, 208

■ 37, 175, 123

■ 255, 175, 215

■ 19, 175, 116

■ 255, 175, 222

■ 1, 175, 110

■ 255, 175, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165, 174, 163



159, 175, 169



156, 175, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 175, 169



170, 170, 183



184, 168, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 175, 169



175, 159, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185, 167, 167



159, 175, 169



178, 169, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 175, 169



163, 172, 183



183, 167, 174



179, 170, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 175, 169



157, 175, 179



183, 167, 174



184, 168, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 175, 169



220, 227, 224



165, 175, 159



110, 115, 113



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 175, 169



202, 227, 218



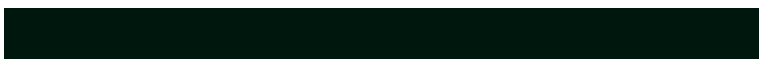
159, 173, 175



78, 87, 83



0, 150, 94



0, 23, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 159, 165



227, 202, 211



175, 161, 159



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 56



23, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 175, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

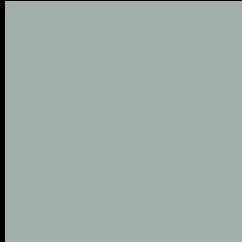
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 175, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

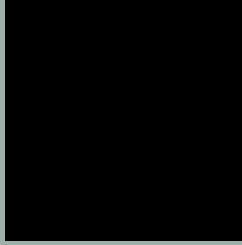
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

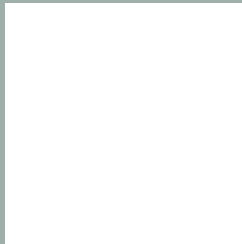
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 175, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 175, 169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 175, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
159, 175, 169

Protanopia
175, 170, 166

Deuteranopia
188, 166, 171



Tritanopia
162, 172, 186

Trichromacy



Original Color

159, 175, 169

Protanomaly

169, 172, 167

Deuteranomaly

177, 169, 170

Tritanomaly

161, 173, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

159, 175, 169

Achromatopsia

170, 170, 170

Achromatomaly

166, 172, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 175, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(159, 175, 169) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 175, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 175, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 175, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 175, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 175, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 175, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 175, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 175, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 175, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 175,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 175, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 175, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
175, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor