

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 192, 155)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 192, 155) contains.

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Color

RGB(159, 192, 155)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 9FC09B |
| RGB | 159, 192, 155 |
| RGB Percent | 62%, 75%, 61% |
| CMY | 0.3765, 0.2471, 0.3922 |
| CMYK | 0.17, 0.00, 0.19, 0.25 |
| HSL | 114°, 23%, 68% |
| HSV | 114°, 19%, 75% |
| XYZ | 39.0641, 47.4368, 38.1077 |
| YIQ | 177.9150, -7.7910, -18.5030 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

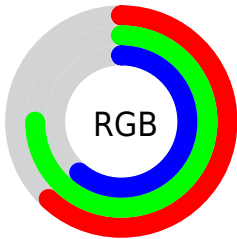
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 155, 192, 188 |
| Decimal | 10469531 |
| CIELab | 74.47, -18.20, 15.04 |
| CIELCh | 74, 23.608, 140.440 |
| Yxy | 47.4368, 0.3135, 0.3807 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288659611 (0xFF9FC09B) |
| YUV | 177.9150, -11.2971, -16.5885 |
| Hunter-Lab | 68.8743, -19.2886, 15.4073 |

Details

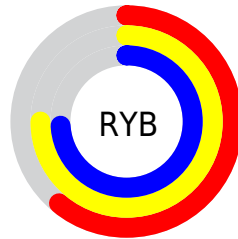
The RGB color **159, 192, 155** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **188, 155, 192**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214, 248, 210**, and **107, 138, 104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 192, 136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 192, 174**.

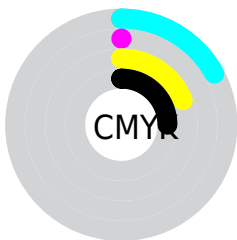
Distribution



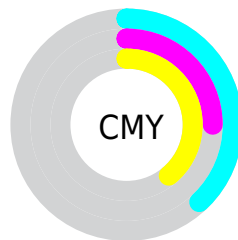
- Red (62%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 192, 155 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 192, 155 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 159, 192, 155

255, 255, 255


 214, 248, 210

 243, 255, 238

 159, 192, 155

 133, 165, 129

 107, 138, 104

 82, 113, 80

 59, 88, 56

 36, 65, 35


 14, 42, 14

 0, 24, 0

 0, 0, 0


 159, 192, 155


 159, 192, 155


 142, 192, 136


 176, 192, 174

 125, 192, 117


 193, 192, 193

 108, 192, 97

 210, 192, 213

 91, 192, 78

 227, 192, 232

 73, 192, 59


 245, 192, 251

 56, 192, 40

 255, 192, 255

 39, 192, 21

 22, 192, 1

 21, 192, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 186, 142



159, 192, 155



136, 195, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 192, 155



148, 187, 225



228, 168, 169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 192, 155



188, 155, 192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



222, 168, 191



159, 192, 155



178, 180, 224

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 192, 155



127, 193, 216



204, 173, 211



222, 173, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 192, 155



125, 196, 190



204, 173, 211



227, 168, 176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 192, 155



237, 250, 235



192, 188, 155



117, 125, 116



252, 252, 252



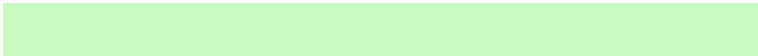
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 192, 155



199, 250, 192



155, 192, 169



88, 97, 87



17, 161, 0



4, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 155, 192



244, 192, 250



192, 155, 178



96, 87, 97



143, 0, 161



30, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 192, 155 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

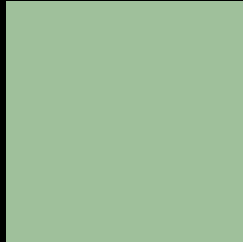
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 192, 155 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 192, 155 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 192, 155.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 192, 155.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

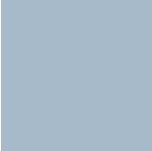
Dichromacy



Original Color
159, 192, 155

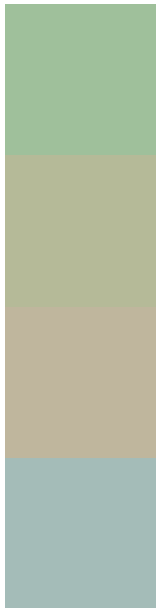
Protanopia
193, 182, 150

Deuteranopia
209, 176, 158



Tritanopia
167, 186, 201

Trichromacy



Original Color
159, 192, 155

Protanomaly
181, 186, 152

Deuteranomaly
191, 182, 157

Tritanomaly
164, 188, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color
159, 192, 155

Achromatopsia
178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly
171, 183, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 192, 155 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 192, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 192, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 192, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 192, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 192, 155 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 192, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 192, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 192, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 192, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 192, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 192,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 192, 155 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 192, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
192, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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