

Converting Colors

RGB(159, 203, 214)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(159, 203, 214) contains.

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Color

RGB(159, 203, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FCBD6
RGB	159, 203, 214
RGB Percent	62%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2039, 0.1608
CMYK	0.26, 0.05, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	192°, 40%, 73%
HSV	192°, 26%, 84%
XYZ	47.7916, 54.9378, 71.7035
YIQ	191.0980, -29.7550, -5.9070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

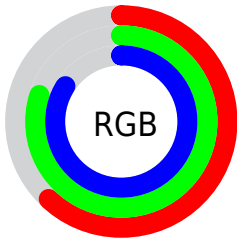
Format	Color
RYB	159, 183, 214
Decimal	10472406
CIELab	79.01, -11.91, -10.20
CIELCh	79, 15.682, 220.576
Yxy	54.9378, 0.2740, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288662486 (0xFF9FCBD6)
YUV	191.0980, 11.2907, -28.1499
Hunter-Lab	74.1201, -14.6157, -5.4729

Details

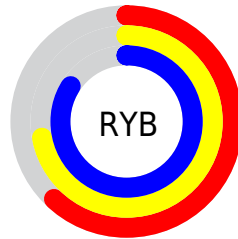
The RGB color **159, 203, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 170, 159**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **215, 255, 255**, and **106, 149, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138, 199, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180, 207, 214**.

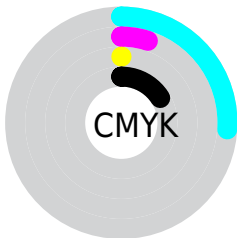
Distribution



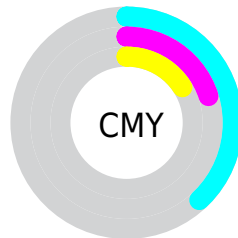
- Red (62%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 159, 203, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 159, 203, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 159, 203, 214

255, 255, 255


 215, 255, 255

 243, 255, 255

 159, 203, 214

 132, 176, 186

 106, 149, 159

 80, 123, 133

 55, 98, 108

 30, 74, 84

 0, 52, 61

 0, 30, 39

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

■ 159, 203, 214

■ 159, 203, 214

■ 138, 199, 214

■ 180, 207, 214

■ 116, 194, 214

■ 202, 212, 214

■ 95, 190, 214

■ 223, 216, 214

■ 73, 186, 214

■ 245, 220, 214

■ 52, 182, 214

■ 255, 224, 214

■ 31, 177, 214

■ 255, 229, 214

■ 9, 173, 214

■ 255, 233, 214

■ 0, 171, 214

■ 255, 237, 214

■ 255, 242, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 204, 200



159, 203, 214



169, 200, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159, 203, 214



219, 187, 206



202, 196, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159, 203, 214



214, 170, 159

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216, 191, 168



159, 203, 214



226, 186, 191

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159, 203, 214



205, 190, 218



225, 187, 177



185, 201, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159, 203, 214



180, 197, 224



225, 187, 177



207, 195, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159, 203, 214



235, 251, 255



159, 214, 170



115, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



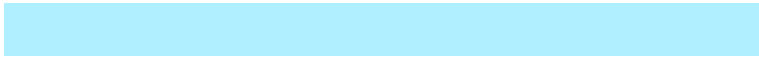
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159, 203, 214



176, 239, 255



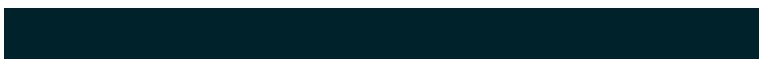
159, 176, 214



96, 105, 107



0, 137, 171



0, 35, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 159, 203



255, 176, 239



214, 198, 159



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 137



43, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 203, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

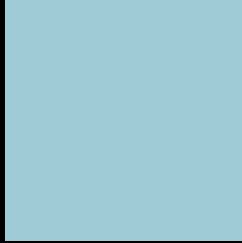
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 159, 203, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

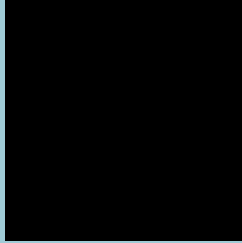
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

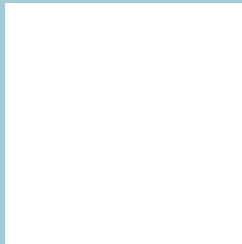
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 159, 203, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 203, 214.

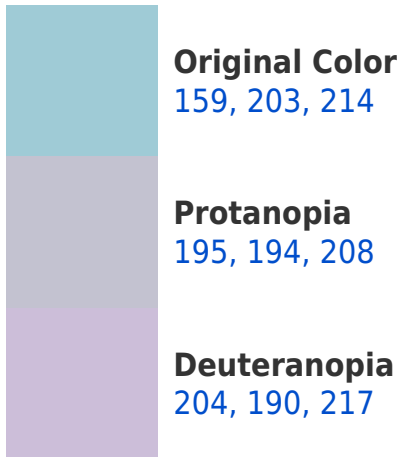


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 159, 203, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

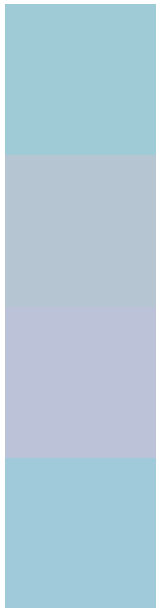
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
160, 202, 218

Trichromacy



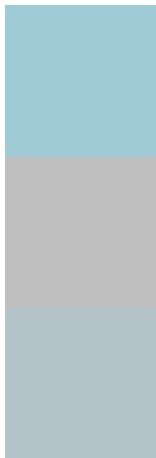
Original Color
159, 203, 214

Protanomaly
182, 197, 210

Deuteranomaly
188, 195, 216

Tritanomaly
160, 202, 217

Monochromacy



Original Color
159, 203, 214

Achromatopsia
191, 191, 191

Achromatomaly
179, 195, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 159, 203, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 203, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 203, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 203, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 203, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 159, 203, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 203, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 203, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 203, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 203, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 203, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 203,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 159, 203, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 203, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
203, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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