

# Converting Colors

RGB(160, 120, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(160, 120, 184) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(160, 120, 184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A078B8
RGB	160, 120, 184
RGB Percent	63%, 47%, 72%
CMY	0.3725, 0.5294, 0.2784
CMYK	0.13, 0.35, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	278°, 31%, 60%
HSV	278°, 35%, 72%
XYZ	29.8654, 24.3672, 48.4767
YIQ	139.2560, 3.2960, 28.3840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

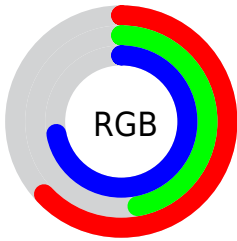
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	160, 120, 184
Decimal	10516664
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.45, 27.62, -27.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 39.188, 314.820
Yxy	24.3672, 0.2908, 0.2372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288706744 (0xFFA078B8)
YUV	139.2560, 22.0588, 18.1925
Hunter-Lab	49.3632, 21.6095, -23.6710

# Details

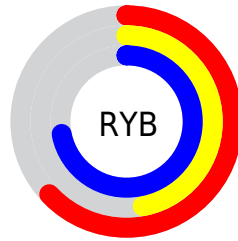
The RGB color **160, 120, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **144, 184, 120**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216, 173, 240**, and **107, 71, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 102, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167, 138, 184**.

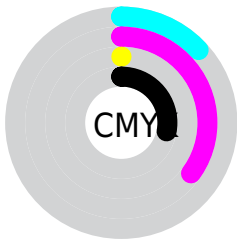
# Distribution



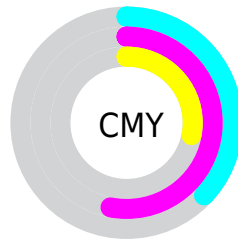
- Red (63%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 160, 120, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 160, 120, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 160, 120, 184

255, 255, 255

 216, 173, 240

 244, 200, 255


 255, 229, 255

 160, 120, 184

 133, 95, 157

 107, 71, 131

 82, 47, 105

 58, 25, 81

 35, 3, 58

 5, 0, 36

 0, 0, 11


 0, 0, 0

 160, 120, 184

 160, 120, 184


 153, 102, 184

 167, 138, 184

 146, 83, 184

 174, 157, 184

 139, 65, 184

 181, 175, 184


 132, 46, 184


 188, 194, 184

 126, 28, 184

 195, 212, 184

 119, 10, 184

 201, 230, 184

 115, 0, 184

 208, 249, 184

 215, 255, 184

 222, 255, 184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111, 133, 201



160, 120, 184



190, 110, 154

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160, 120, 184



171, 127, 69



0, 153, 152

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160, 120, 184



144, 184, 120

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51, 152, 116



160, 120, 184



140, 139, 67

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160, 120, 184



193, 115, 89



102, 147, 85



0, 151, 183

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160, 120, 184



199, 107, 131



102, 147, 85



0, 153, 140



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160, 120, 184



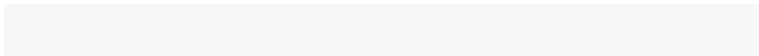
231, 216, 240



120, 145, 184



114, 105, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160, 120, 184



202, 139, 240



184, 120, 177



88, 83, 92



97, 0, 156



18, 0, 28



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184, 120, 144



240, 139, 177



120, 184, 127



92, 83, 86



156, 0, 58

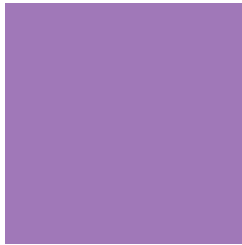


28, 0, 11



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 160, 120, 184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 160, 120, 184 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

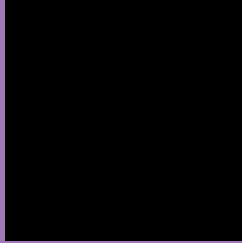
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 160, 120, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 160, 120, 184.

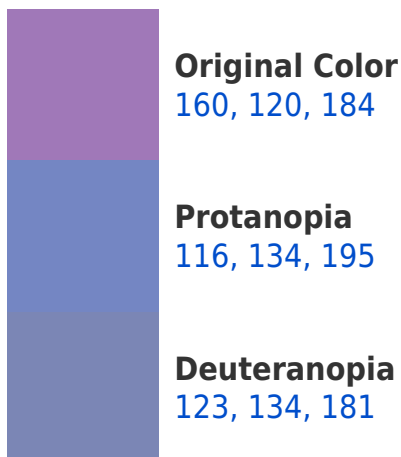


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 160, 120, 184.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
153, 129, 139

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
160, 120, 184

**Protanomaly**  
132, 129, 191

**Deuteranomaly**  
136, 129, 182

**Tritanomaly**  
156, 126, 155

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
160, 120, 184

**Achromatopsia**  
139, 139, 139

**Achromatomaly**  
147, 132, 155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 160, 120, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 120, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 120, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 120, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 120, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 160, 120, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 120, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 120, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 120, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 120, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 120, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 120,  
184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 160, 120, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 120, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
120, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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