

# Converting Colors

RGB(160, 185, 146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(160, 185, 146) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(160, 185, 146)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	A0B992
RGB	160, 185, 146
RGB Percent	63%, 73%, 57%
CMY	0.3725, 0.2745, 0.4275
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.21, 0.27
HSL	98°, 22%, 65%
HSV	98°, 21%, 73%
XYZ	37.0345, 44.2468, 33.7827
YIQ	173.0790, -2.3810, -17.4290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

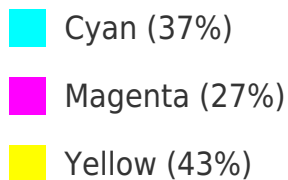
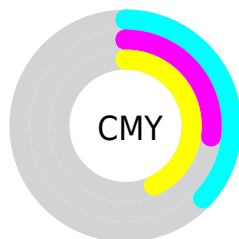
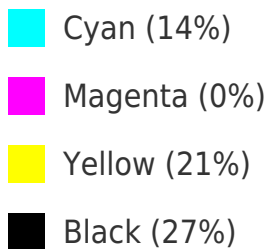
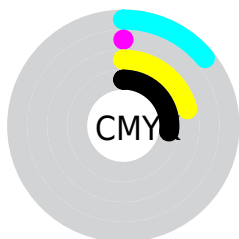
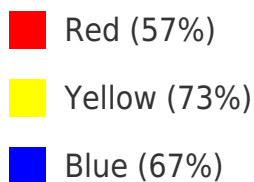
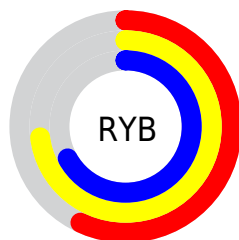
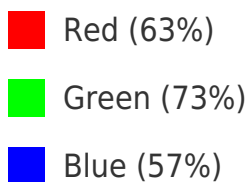
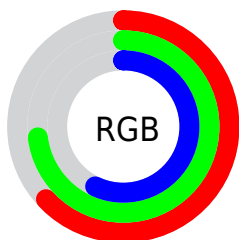
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">146, 185, 171</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10533266</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.39, -15.81, 17.01</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 23.219, 132.912</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.2468, 0.3219, 0.3845</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288723346</a> (0xFFA0B992)
YUV	<a href="#">173.0790, -13.3499, -11.4703</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.5183, -17.0260, 16.4511</a>

# Details

The RGB color **160, 185, 146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **171, 146, 185**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **215, 241, 200**, and **108, 132, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 185, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 185, 165**.

# Distribution



# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 160, 185, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 160, 185, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 160, 185, 146


255, 255, 255

 215, 241, 200

 244, 255, 228

 160, 185, 146

 134, 158, 120


 108, 132, 95

 84, 107, 71

 60, 82, 49


 37, 59, 27

 17, 37, 2


 0, 15, 0

 0, 0, 0


 160, 185, 146

 160, 185, 146

 148, 185, 128


 172, 185, 165


 136, 185, 109


 184, 185, 183

 124, 185, 90

 196, 185, 202


 113, 185, 72

 207, 185, 220

 101, 185, 54


 219, 185, 238


 89, 185, 35

 231, 185, 255

 77, 185, 16

 243, 185, 255

 66, 185, 0

 255, 185, 255

 255, 185, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 179, 136



160, 185, 146



137, 189, 164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160, 185, 146



137, 183, 218



221, 162, 169

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160, 185, 146



171, 146, 185

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



212, 164, 191



160, 185, 146



165, 176, 219

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160, 185, 146



119, 188, 206



192, 169, 209



218, 166, 150

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160, 185, 146



124, 190, 179



192, 169, 209



220, 162, 176



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160, 185, 146



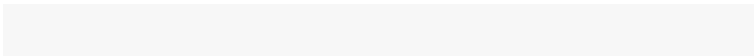
230, 240, 225



185, 171, 146



114, 120, 111



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

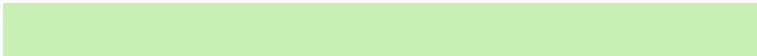


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160, 185, 146



201, 240, 180



146, 185, 151



86, 92, 83



56, 156, 0



10, 28, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 146, 185



218, 180, 240



185, 146, 180



89, 83, 92



100, 0, 156

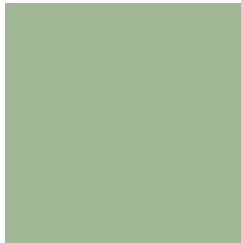


18, 0, 28



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 160, 185, 146 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

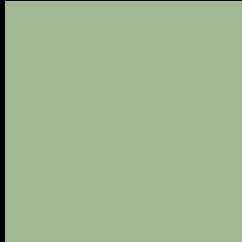
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 160, 185, 146 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

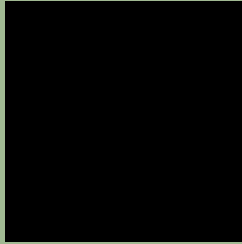
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 160, 185, 146 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 160, 185, 146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 160, 185, 146.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

160, 185, 146

**Protanopia**

188, 177, 142

**Deuteranopia**

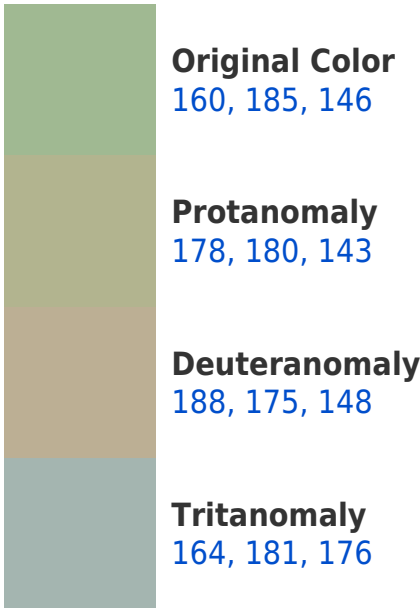
204, 170, 149



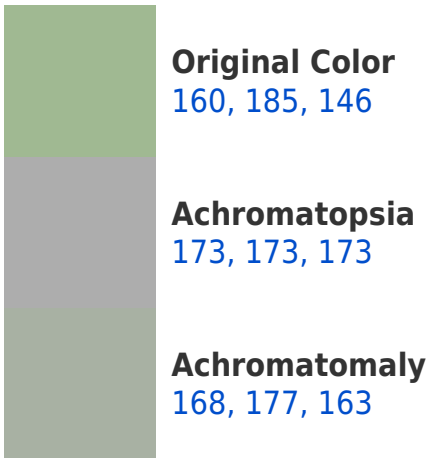
## Tritanopia

167, 179, 193

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 160, 185, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(160, 185, 146) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 185, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 185, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 185, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 160, 185, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 185, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 185, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 185, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 185, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 185, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 185,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 160, 185, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 185, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
185, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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