

Converting Colors

RGB(160, 74, 94)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(160, 74, 94) contains.

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Color

RGB(160, 74, 94)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A04A5E
RGB	160, 74, 94
RGB Percent	63%, 29%, 37%
CMY	0.3725, 0.7098, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.41, 0.37
HSL	346°, 37%, 46%
HSV	346°, 54%, 63%
XYZ	18.9664, 13.1793, 12.1339
YIQ	101.9940, 44.8360, 24.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

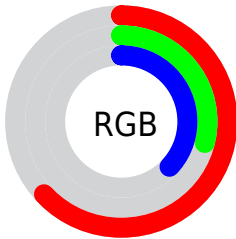
Format	Color
R_{YB}	160, 74, 94
Decimal	10504798
CIE _{Lab}	43.03, 37.73, 5.53
CIE _{LCh}	43, 38.136, 8.345
Yxy	13.1793, 0.4283, 0.2976
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288694878 (0xFFA04A5E)
YUV	101.9940, -3.9410, 50.8713
Hunter-Lab	36.3033, 29.7251, 5.5954

Details

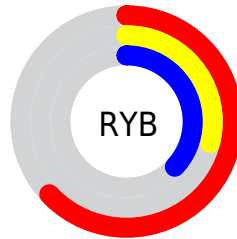
The RGB color **160, 74, 94** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **74, 160, 140**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217, 125, 144**, and **105, 23, 48** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160, 58, 82**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160, 90, 106**.

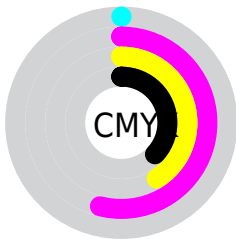
Distribution



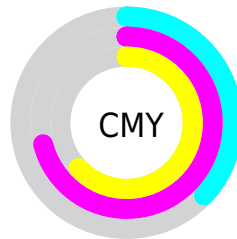
- Red (63%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 160, 74, 94 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 160, 74, 94 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



160, 74, 94



160, 74, 94

255, 255, 255



132, 49, 70



217, 125, 144



105, 23, 48



247, 152, 171



78, 0, 28



255, 180, 198



54, 0, 0



255, 208, 226



18, 0, 0



255, 236, 255



0, 0, 0



160, 74, 94



160, 74, 94



160, 58, 82



160, 90, 106




160, 42, 69




160, 106, 119


 160, 26, 57


 160, 122, 131


 160, 10, 45

 160, 138, 143

 160, 0, 37

 160, 154, 155

 160, 170, 168

 160, 186, 180

 160, 202, 192

 160, 218, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 78, 126



160, 74, 94



156, 80, 64

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160, 74, 94



77, 111, 50



0, 111, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160, 74, 94



74, 160, 140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 116, 140



160, 74, 94



26, 116, 77

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160, 74, 94



111, 103, 36



0, 117, 110



61, 102, 164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160, 74, 94



145, 88, 48



0, 117, 110



0, 113, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160, 74, 94



209, 176, 183



140, 74, 160



105, 85, 89



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160, 74, 94



209, 73, 105



160, 97, 74



79, 71, 73



143, 0, 33



15, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160, 74, 94



209, 73, 105



74, 137, 160



79, 71, 73



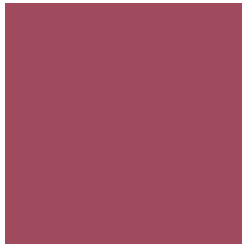
143, 0, 33



15, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 160, 74, 94 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

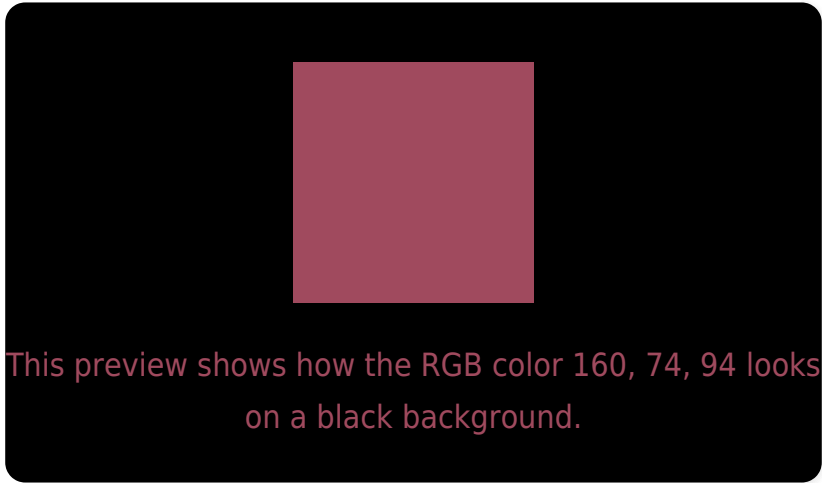
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 160, 74, 94 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 160, 74, 94.

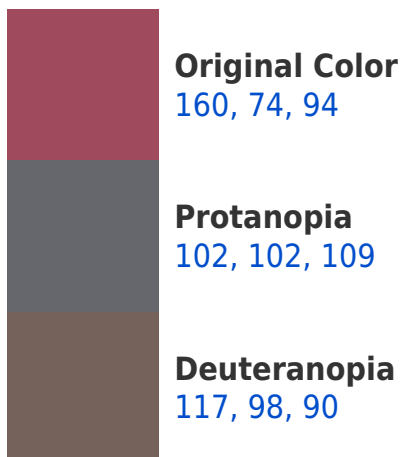


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 160, 74, 94.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
159, 76, 82

Trichromacy



Original Color

160, 74, 94

Protanomaly

123, 92, 104

Deuteranomaly

133, 89, 91

Tritanomaly

159, 75, 86

Monochromacy



Original Color

160, 74, 94

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

123, 92, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 160, 74, 94 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 74, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 74, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 74, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 74, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 160, 74, 94 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 74, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 74, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 74, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 74, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 74, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 74,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 160, 74, 94 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 74, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 74,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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