

Converting Colors

RGB(161, 139, 131)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(161, 139, 131) contains.

RGB(161, 139, 131)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(161, 139, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A18B83
RGB	161, 139, 131
RGB Percent	63%, 55%, 51%
CMY	0.3686, 0.4549, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.19, 0.37
HSL	16°, 14%, 57%
HSV	16°, 19%, 63%
XYZ	28.0273, 27.6810, 25.3385
YIQ	144.6660, 15.6800, 2.1760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

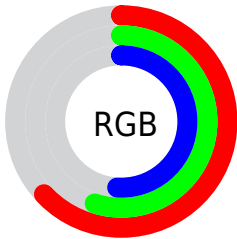
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 142, 131
Decimal	10587011
CIE _{Lab}	59.60, 6.94, 7.33
CIE _{LCh}	60, 10.092, 46.543
Yxy	27.6810, 0.3458, 0.3415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288777091 (0xFFA18B83)
YUV	144.6660, -6.7373, 14.3249
Hunter-Lab	52.6127, 3.0163, 8.2746

Details

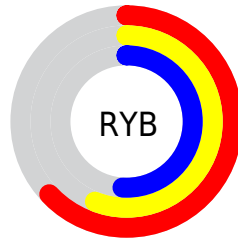
The RGB color **161, 139, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **131, 153, 161**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216, 192, 184**, and **109, 89, 82** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161, 127, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 151, 147**.

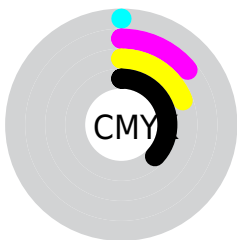
Distribution



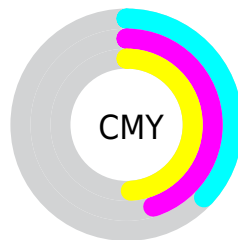
- Red (63%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (37%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 161, 139, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 161, 139, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 161, 139, 131

255, 255, 255

 216, 192, 184


 245, 220, 212


 255, 249, 240

 161, 139, 131

 135, 114, 106

 109, 89, 82


 84, 66, 59


 61, 44, 37


 39, 23, 16


 13, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 161, 139, 131

 161, 127, 115

 161, 139, 131

 161, 151, 147

161, 115, 99

161, 163, 163

161, 104, 83

161, 174, 179

161, 92, 67

161, 186, 195

161, 80, 51

161, 198, 211

161, 68, 34

161, 210, 228

161, 56, 18

161, 222, 244

161, 45, 2

161, 233, 255

161, 43, 0

161, 245, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 138, 139



161, 139, 131



155, 142, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 139, 131



126, 149, 139



140, 143, 160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 139, 131



131, 153, 161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 146, 161



161, 139, 131



122, 149, 148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 139, 131



135, 147, 131



123, 148, 156



151, 140, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 139, 131



149, 144, 126



123, 148, 156



137, 144, 161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 139, 131



209, 200, 197



161, 131, 153



105, 99, 97



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 139, 131



209, 175, 163



161, 154, 131



82, 76, 73



145, 39, 0



18, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 153, 161



163, 197, 209



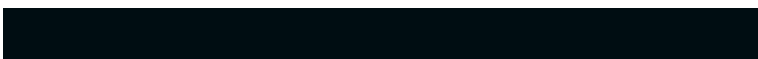
131, 138, 161



73, 79, 82



0, 107, 145



0, 13, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 139, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

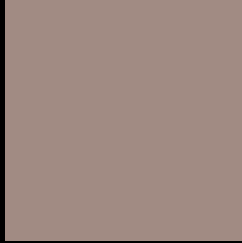
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 139, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

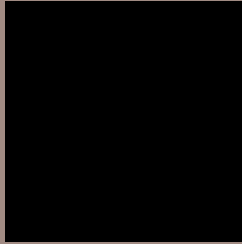
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 161, 139, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 139, 131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 139, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
161, 139, 131

Protanopia
149, 143, 133

Deuteranopia
162, 139, 131



Tritanopia
163, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

161, 139, 131

Protanomaly

153, 142, 132

Deuteranomaly

162, 139, 131

Tritanomaly

162, 138, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

161, 139, 131

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

151, 143, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 161, 139, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 139, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 139, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 139, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 139, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 161, 139, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 139, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 139, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 139, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 139, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 139, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 139,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 139, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 139, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
139, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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