

Converting Colors

RGB(161, 144, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(161, 144, 111) contains.

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Color

RGB(161, 144, 111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1906F
RGB	161, 144, 111
RGB Percent	63%, 56%, 44%
CMY	0.3686, 0.4353, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.31, 0.37
HSL	40°, 21%, 53%
HSV	40°, 31%, 63%
XYZ	27.5404, 28.6713, 19.1215
YIQ	145.3210, 20.7250, -6.6590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

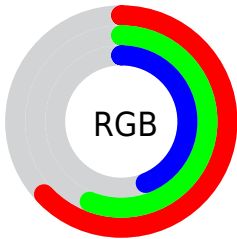
Format	Color
RYB	137, 161, 111
Decimal	10588271
CIELab	60.49, 1.16, 19.88
CIElCh	60, 19.914, 86.654
Yxy	28.6713, 0.3656, 0.3806
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288778351 (0xFFA1906F)
YUV	145.3210, -16.9203, 13.7505
Hunter-Lab	53.5456, -1.8957, 16.3090

Details

The RGB color **161, 144, 111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **111, 128, 161**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216, 198, 163**, and **109, 94, 63** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161, 139, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 149, 127**.

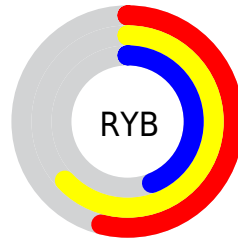
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (56%)

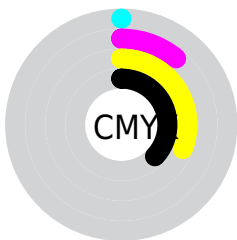
Blue (44%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (44%)

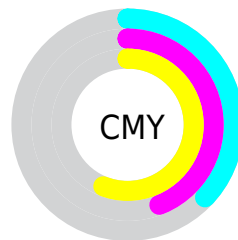


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)


Magenta (44%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 161, 144, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 161, 144, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 161, 144, 111


255, 255, 255


 216, 198, 163


 245, 226, 190

 255, 254, 218

 255, 255, 246

 161, 144, 111

 161, 139, 95

 161, 144, 111

 134, 118, 86

 109, 94, 63


 84, 70, 41


 60, 48, 20

 38, 27, 0

 6, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 161, 144, 111

 161, 149, 127

■ 161, 133, 79

■ 161, 155, 143

■ 161, 128, 63

■ 161, 160, 159

■ 161, 122, 47

■ 161, 166, 175

■ 161, 117, 30

■ 161, 171, 192

■ 161, 111, 14

■ 161, 177, 208

■ 161, 106, 0

■ 161, 182, 224

■ 161, 188, 240

■ 161, 193, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175, 138, 117



161, 144, 111



142, 150, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 144, 111



96, 155, 161



167, 137, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 144, 111



111, 128, 161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 142, 177



161, 144, 111



103, 153, 175

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 144, 111



105, 156, 143



122, 148, 181



179, 133, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 144, 111



129, 153, 121



122, 148, 181



161, 138, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 144, 111



209, 203, 190



161, 111, 128



105, 101, 93



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 144, 111



209, 183, 132



154, 161, 111



82, 79, 73



145, 96, 0



18, 12, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 128, 161



132, 158, 209



119, 111, 161



73, 76, 82



0, 49, 145



0, 6, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 144, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

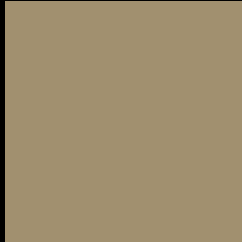
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 144, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

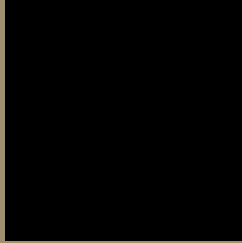
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 161, 144, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 144, 111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 144, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
161, 144, 111

Protanopia
156, 146, 112

Deuteranopia
171, 140, 112



Tritanopia
165, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color

161, 144, 111

Protanomaly

158, 145, 112

Deuteranomaly

167, 141, 112

Tritanomaly

164, 141, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color

161, 144, 111

Achromatopsia

145, 145, 145

Achromatomaly

151, 145, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 161, 144, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 144, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 144, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 144, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 144, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 161, 144, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 144, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 144, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 144, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 144, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 144, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 144,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 144, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 144, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
144, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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