

Converting Colors

RGB(161, 157, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(161, 157, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(161, 157, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A19D7D
RGB	161, 157, 125
RGB Percent	63%, 62%, 49%
CMY	0.3686, 0.3843, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.22, 0.37
HSL	53°, 16%, 56%
HSV	53°, 22%, 63%
XYZ	30.4566, 33.1717, 24.1996
YIQ	154.5480, 12.6560, -9.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

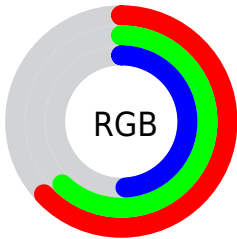
Format	Color
RYB	130, 161, 125
Decimal	10591613
CIELab	64.30, -3.97, 17.30
CIElCh	64, 17.750, 102.919
Yxy	33.1717, 0.3468, 0.3777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288781693 (0xFFA19D7D)
YUV	154.5480, -14.5672, 5.6584
Hunter-Lab	57.5949, -6.3989, 15.4046

Details

The RGB color **161, 157, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **125, 129, 161**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216, 211, 178**, and **109, 106, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161, 155, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 159, 141**.

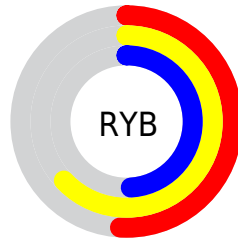
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (62%)

Blue (49%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (49%)

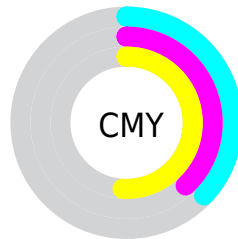


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)


Magenta (38%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 161, 157, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 161, 157, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 161, 157, 125

255, 255, 255

 216, 211, 178

 245, 240, 205


 255, 255, 233

 161, 157, 125

 135, 131, 100

 109, 106, 76


 84, 82, 53


 61, 59, 31


 39, 37, 9


 13, 17, 0

 0, 0, 0

 161, 157, 125

 161, 155, 109

 161, 157, 125

 161, 159, 141

■ 161, 153, 93

■ 161, 161, 157

■ 161, 152, 77

■ 161, 162, 173

■ 161, 150, 61

■ 161, 164, 189

■ 161, 148, 45

■ 161, 166, 206

■ 161, 146, 28

■ 161, 168, 222

■ 161, 144, 12

■ 161, 170, 238

■ 161, 143, 0

■ 161, 171, 254

■ 161, 173, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 152, 126



161, 157, 125



143, 161, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 157, 125



114, 164, 177



182, 146, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 157, 125



125, 129, 161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 150, 179



161, 157, 125



127, 160, 186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 157, 125



115, 165, 162



147, 155, 187



189, 145, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 157, 125



131, 164, 141



147, 155, 187



178, 147, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 157, 125



209, 207, 194



161, 125, 129



105, 104, 96



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 157, 125



209, 203, 153



147, 161, 125



82, 81, 73



145, 129, 0



18, 16, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 129, 161



153, 159, 209



139, 125, 161



73, 74, 82



0, 16, 145



0, 2, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 157, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

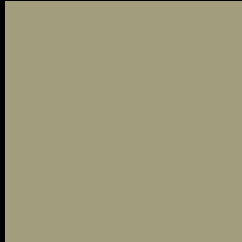
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 157, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

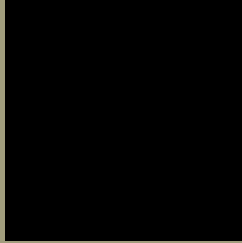
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

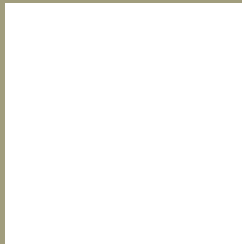
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 161, 157, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 157, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 157, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
161, 157, 125

Protanopia
166, 156, 124

Deuteranopia
181, 150, 126



Tritanopia
166, 152, 164

Trichromacy



Original Color

161, 157, 125

Protanomaly

164, 156, 124

Deuteranomaly

174, 153, 126

Tritanomaly

164, 154, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

161, 157, 125

Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly

157, 156, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 161, 157, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 157, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 157, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 157, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 157, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 161, 157, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

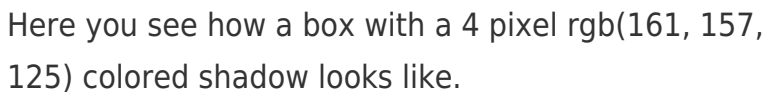
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 157, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 157, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 157, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 157, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 157, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 157, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 157, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 157, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
157, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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