

Converting Colors

RGB(161, 224, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(161, 224, 224) contains.

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Color

RGB(161, 224, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | A1E0E0 |
| RGB | 161, 224, 224 |
| RGB Percent | 63%, 88%, 88% |
| CMY | 0.3686, 0.1216, 0.1216 |
| CMYK | 0.28, 0.00, 0.00, 0.12 |
| HSL | 180°, 50%, 75% |
| HSV | 180°, 28%, 88% |
| XYZ | 54.8081, 66.2702, 80.4237 |
| YIQ | 205.1630, -37.5480, -13.3560 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

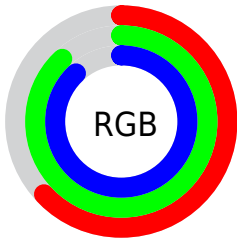
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 161, 193, 224 |
| Decimal | 10608864 |
| CIELab | 85.13, -19.75, -6.42 |
| CIELCh | 85, 20.768, 198.006 |
| Yxy | 66.2702, 0.2720, 0.3289 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288798944 (0xFFA1E0E0) |
| YUV | 205.1630, 9.2866, -38.7310 |
| Hunter-Lab | 81.4065, -22.2836, -1.5897 |

Details

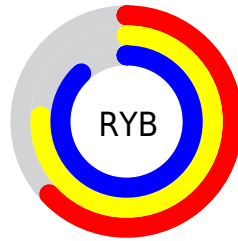
The RGB color **161, 224, 224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **224, 161, 161**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217, 255, 255**, and **107, 169, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 224, 224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183, 224, 224**.

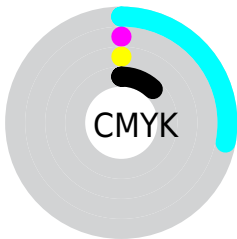
Distribution



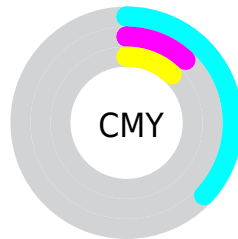
- Red (63%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 161, 224, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 161, 224, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 161, 224, 224

255, 255, 255


 217, 255, 255


 246, 255, 255

 161, 224, 224

 134, 196, 196

 107, 169, 169

 81, 142, 142

 54, 116, 117

 25, 92, 92

 0, 68, 69

 0, 45, 47

 0, 26, 26

 0, 0, 0

 161, 224, 224

 161, 224, 224

 139, 224, 224

 183, 224, 224


 116, 224, 224

 206, 224, 224

 94, 224, 224

 228, 224, 224

 71, 224, 224

 251, 224, 224

 49, 224, 224

 255, 224, 224

 27, 224, 224

 4, 224, 224

 0, 224, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 224, 204



161, 224, 224



164, 222, 241

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 224, 224



230, 204, 239



236, 209, 175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 224, 224



224, 161, 161

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



249, 203, 184



161, 224, 224



247, 200, 221

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 224, 224



206, 210, 250



254, 199, 201



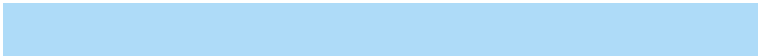
215, 215, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 224, 224



174, 219, 248



254, 199, 201



241, 207, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 224, 224



235, 255, 255



161, 224, 161



115, 128, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 224, 224



168, 255, 255



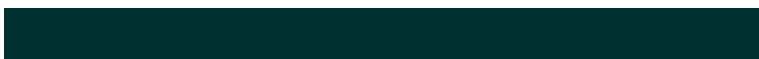
161, 193, 224



101, 112, 112



0, 176, 176



0, 48, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 161, 224



255, 168, 255



224, 193, 161



112, 101, 112



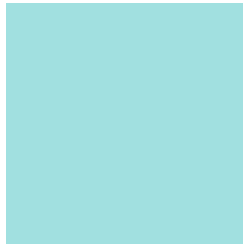
176, 0, 176



48, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 224, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

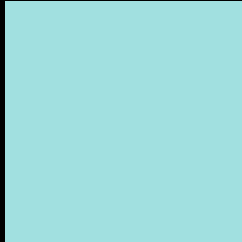
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 224, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

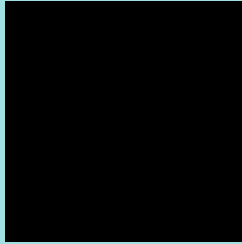
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 161, 224, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 224, 224.

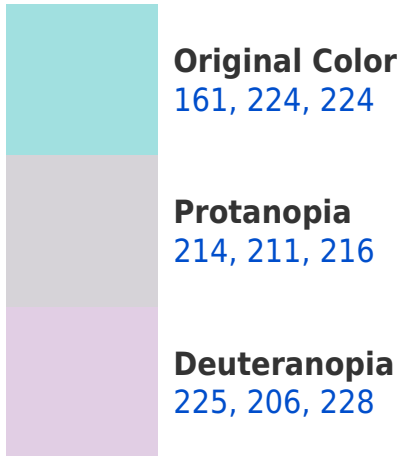


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 224, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





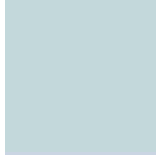
Tritanopia
164, 222, 239

Trichromacy



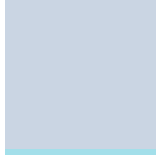
Original Color

161, 224, 224



Protanomaly

195, 216, 219



Deuteranomaly

202, 213, 227



Tritanomaly

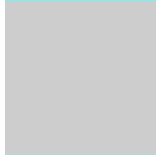
163, 223, 234

Monochromacy



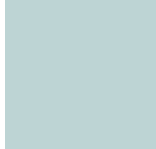
Original Color

161, 224, 224



Achromatopsia

205, 205, 205



Achromatomaly

189, 212, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 161, 224, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 224, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 224, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 224, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 161, 224, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 224, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 224, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 224, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 224, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 224, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 224,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 224, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 224, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
224, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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