

Converting Colors

RGB(161, 65, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(161, 65, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(161, 65, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1417D
RGB	161, 65, 125
RGB Percent	63%, 25%, 49%
CMY	0.3686, 0.7451, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.22, 0.37
HSL	322°, 42%, 44%
HSV	322°, 60%, 63%
XYZ	20.2899, 12.8383, 20.8107
YIQ	100.5440, 37.9560, 39.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

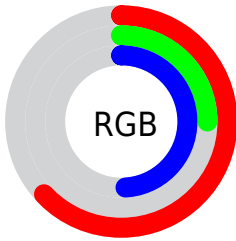
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 65, 125
Decimal	10568061
CIE _{Lab}	42.52, 46.59, -14.31
CIE _{LCh}	43, 48.738, 342.925
Yxy	12.8383, 0.3762, 0.2380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288758141 (0xFFA1417D)
YUV	100.5440, 12.0568, 53.0199
Hunter-Lab	35.8306, 38.3762, -9.3546

Details

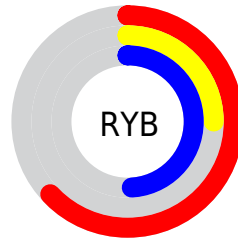
The RGB color **161, 65, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **65, 161, 101**, and the grayscale version is **100, 100, 100**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218, 118, 178**, and **106, 3, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161, 49, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 81, 131**.

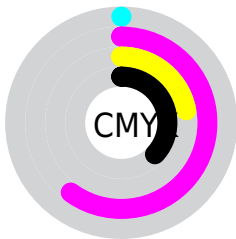
Distribution



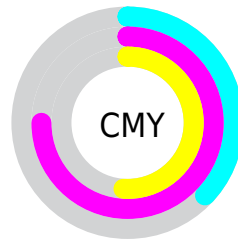
- Red (63%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (37%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 161, 65, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 161, 65, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 161, 65, 125

255, 255, 255

 218, 118, 178

 248, 145, 205

 255, 172, 233

 255, 200, 255

 255, 229, 255

 161, 65, 125

 133, 38, 100


 106, 3, 76


 80, 0, 53


 55, 0, 32


 27, 0, 4


 0, 0, 0

 161, 65, 125

 161, 49, 119

 161, 33, 113

 161, 65, 125

 161, 81, 131

 161, 97, 137

■ 161, 17, 107

■ 161, 113, 143

■ 161, 1, 101

■ 161, 129, 149

■ 161, 0, 101

■ 161, 146, 155

■ 161, 162, 161

■ 161, 178, 167

■ 161, 194, 173

■ 161, 210, 179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 82, 160



161, 65, 125



173, 61, 85

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 65, 125



104, 104, 5



0, 118, 154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 65, 125



65, 161, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 119, 117



161, 65, 125



58, 113, 37

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 65, 125



139, 90, 15



0, 118, 75



0, 111, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 65, 125



169, 68, 59



0, 118, 75



0, 119, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 65, 125



209, 171, 195



100, 65, 161



105, 82, 96



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 65, 125



209, 59, 153



161, 65, 78



82, 73, 79



145, 0, 91



18, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161, 65, 125



209, 59, 153



65, 161, 148



82, 73, 79



145, 0, 91



18, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 65, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

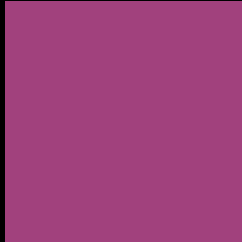
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 65, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 161, 65, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 65, 125.

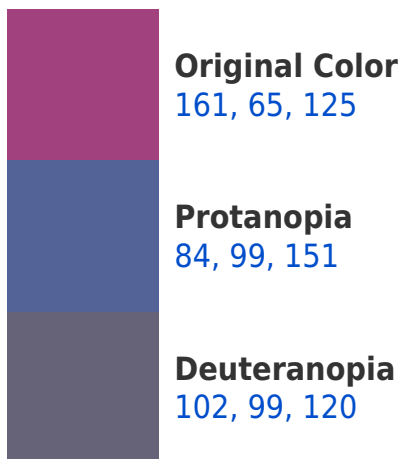


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 65, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
157, 75, 81

Trichromacy



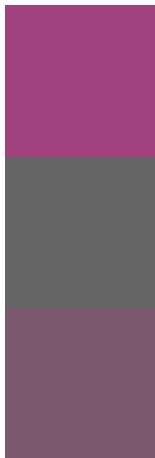
Original Color
161, 65, 125

Protanomaly
112, 87, 142

Deuteranomaly
123, 87, 122

Tritanomaly
158, 71, 97

Monochromacy



Original Color
161, 65, 125

Achromatopsia
101, 101, 101

Achromatomaly
123, 88, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 161, 65, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 65, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 65, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 65, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 65, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 161, 65, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 65, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 65, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 65, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 65, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 65, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 65,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 65, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 65, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161, 65,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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