

Converting Colors

RGB(161, 94, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(161, 94, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(161, 94, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A15E81
RGB	161, 94, 129
RGB Percent	63%, 37%, 51%
CMY	0.3686, 0.6314, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.20, 0.37
HSL	329°, 26%, 50%
HSV	329°, 42%, 63%
XYZ	22.6631, 17.1675, 22.8881
YIQ	118.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

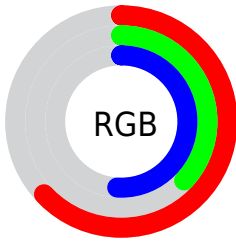
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 94, 129
Decimal	10575489
CIE _{Lab}	48.47, 32.16, -7.76
CIE _{LCh}	48, 33.083, 346.431
Yxy	17.1675, 0.3613, 0.2737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288765569 (0xFFA15E81)
YUV	118.0230, 5.4117, 37.6908
Hunter-Lab	41.4336, 25.1259, -3.7484

Details

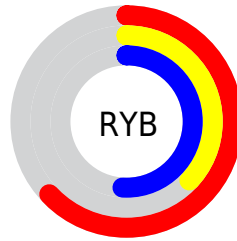
The RGB color **161, 94, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **94, 161, 126**, and the grayscale version is **118, 118, 118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217, 146, 182**, and **108, 45, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **161, 78, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161, 110, 137**.

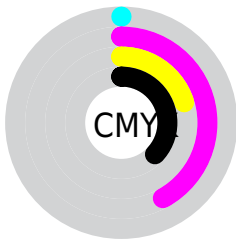
Distribution



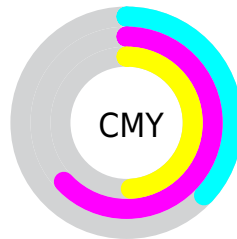
- Red (63%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 161, 94, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 161, 94, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



161, 94, 129



161, 94, 129

255, 255, 255



134, 69, 104



217, 146, 182



108, 45, 80



246, 173, 209



82, 21, 57



255, 200, 238



57, 0, 35



255, 229, 255



37, 0, 13



0, 0, 0



161, 94, 129



161, 94, 129



161, 78, 121



161, 110, 137



161, 62, 114



161, 126, 144

161, 46, 106

161, 142, 152

161, 30, 98

161, 158, 160

161, 13, 91

161, 175, 167

161, 0, 84

161, 191, 175

161, 207, 183

161, 223, 191

161, 239, 198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 102, 154



161, 94, 129



169, 93, 101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161, 94, 129



117, 118, 60



0, 127, 155

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161, 94, 129



94, 161, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 130, 130



161, 94, 129



86, 125, 75

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161, 94, 129



144, 109, 60



45, 129, 101



41, 122, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161, 94, 129



166, 97, 83



45, 129, 101



0, 129, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161, 94, 129



209, 184, 197



125, 94, 161



105, 90, 98



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161, 94, 129



209, 105, 159



161, 94, 96



82, 73, 78



145, 0, 76



18, 0, 9

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161, 94, 129



209, 105, 159



94, 161, 159



82, 73, 78



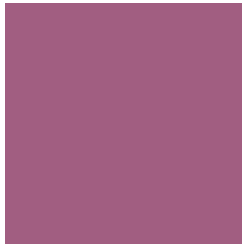
145, 0, 76



18, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 94, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

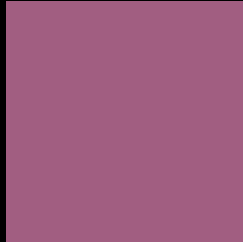
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 161, 94, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

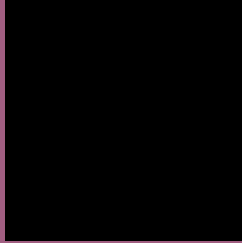
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 161, 94, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 94, 129.

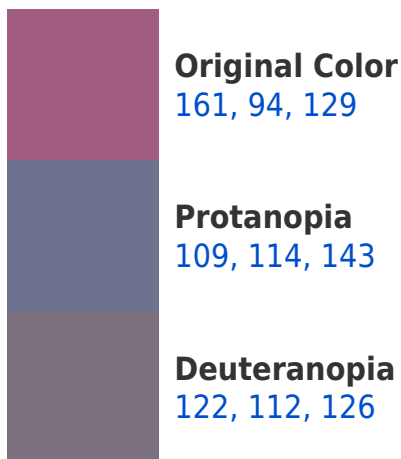


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 161, 94, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
159, 98, 106

Trichromacy



Original Color

161, 94, 129

Protanomaly

128, 107, 138

Deuteranomaly

136, 105, 127

Tritanomaly

160, 97, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

161, 94, 129

Achromatopsia

118, 118, 118

Achromatomaly

134, 109, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 161, 94, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(161, 94, 129) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 94, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 94, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 94, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 161, 94, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 94, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 94, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 94, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 94, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 94, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 94,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 161, 94, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 94, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161, 94,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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