

Converting Colors

RGB(162, 105, 162)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(162, 105, 162) contains.

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Color

RGB(162, 105, 162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A269A2
RGB	162, 105, 162
RGB Percent	64%, 41%, 64%
CMY	0.3647, 0.5882, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	300°, 23%, 52%
HSV	300°, 35%, 64%
XYZ	26.4735, 20.3932, 36.7234
YIQ	128.5410, 15.6750, 29.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

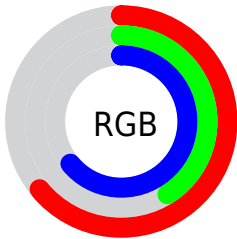
Format	Color
R _Y B	162, 105, 162
Decimal	10643874
CIE _{Lab}	52.28, 32.23, -21.49
CIE _{LCh}	52, 38.738, 326.299
Y _{xy}	20.3932, 0.3167, 0.2440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288833954 (0xFFA269A2)
YUV	128.5410, 16.4953, 29.3435
Hunter-Lab	45.1588, 25.6142, -16.6038

Details

The RGB color **162, 105, 162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **105, 162, 105**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218, 157, 217**, and **109, 56, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162, 89, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162, 121, 162**.

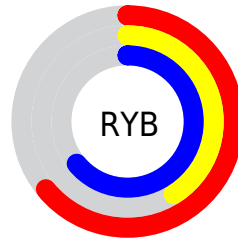
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (41%)

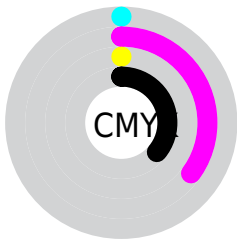
Blue (64%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (64%)

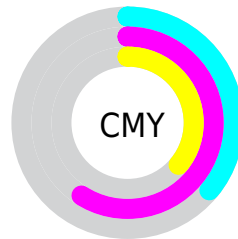


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 162, 105, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 162, 105, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 162, 105, 162


255, 255, 255

 218, 157, 217

 247, 185, 246

 255, 212, 255

 255, 241, 255

 162, 105, 162

 135, 80, 136

 109, 56, 110

 84, 32, 86

 59, 7, 62


 38, 0, 40

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

 162, 105, 162

 162, 89, 162


 162, 105, 162

 162, 121, 162


 162, 73, 162


 162, 137, 162


 162, 56, 162

 162, 154, 162

 162, 40, 162

 162, 170, 162

 162, 24, 162

 162, 186, 162

 162, 8, 162

 162, 202, 162

 162, 0, 162

 162, 218, 162

 162, 235, 162

 162, 251, 162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121, 118, 184



162, 105, 162



184, 97, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



162, 105, 162



148, 121, 57



0, 141, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



162, 105, 162



105, 162, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 141, 119



162, 105, 162



115, 132, 63

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



162, 105, 162



173, 109, 70



75, 138, 87



0, 137, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



162, 105, 162



188, 98, 108



75, 138, 87



0, 142, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



162, 105, 162



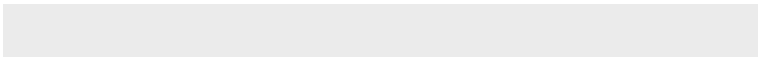
212, 188, 212



105, 105, 162



107, 93, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



162, 105, 162



212, 123, 212



162, 105, 133



82, 73, 82



145, 0, 145



18, 0, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 105, 162



212, 123, 212



105, 162, 133



82, 73, 82



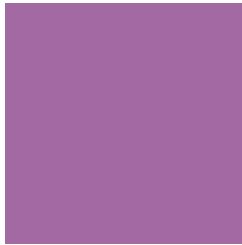
145, 0, 145



18, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 162, 105, 162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

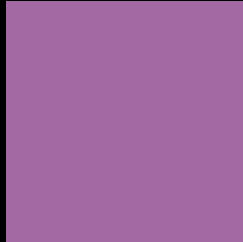
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 162, 105, 162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

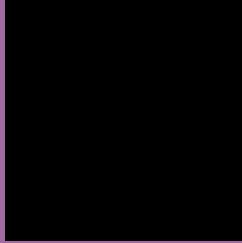
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 162, 105, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 162, 105, 162.

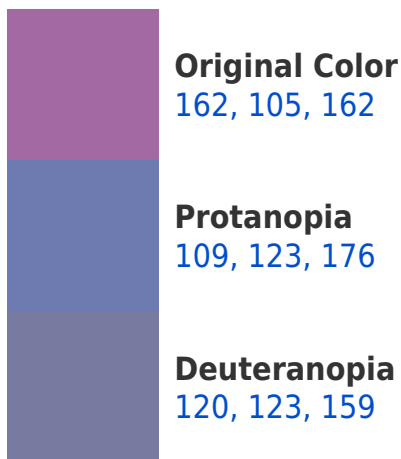



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 162, 105, 162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
157, 113, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color
162, 105, 162

Protanomaly
128, 116, 171

Deuteranomaly
135, 116, 160

Tritanomaly
159, 110, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color
162, 105, 162

Achromatopsia
129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly
141, 120, 141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 162, 105, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 105, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 105, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 105, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 105, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 162, 105, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 105, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 105, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 105, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 105, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 105, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 105,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 162, 105, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 105, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
105, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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