

Converting Colors

RGB(163, 0, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(163, 0, 224) contains.

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Color

RGB(163, 0, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A300E0
RGB	163, 0, 224
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 88%
CMY	0.3608, 1.0000, 0.1216
CMYK	0.27, 1.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	284°, 100%, 44%
HSV	284°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	28.5588, 13.1683, 71.5575
YIQ	74.2730, 25.2440, 104.2200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

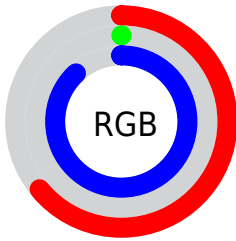
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 224
Decimal	10682592
CIELab	43.02, 80.51, -72.13
CIELCh	43, 108.100, 318.142
Yxy	13.1683, 0.2521, 0.1162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872672 (0xFFA300E0)
YUV	74.2730, 73.8154, 77.8136
Hunter-Lab	36.2882, 76.9750, -91.5135

Details

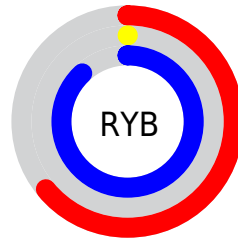
The RGB color **163, 0, 224** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9900CC**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **61, 224, 0**, and the grayscale version is **74, 74, 74**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223, 86, 255**, and **103, 0, 167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 0, 224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 22, 224**.

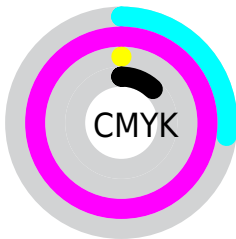
Distribution



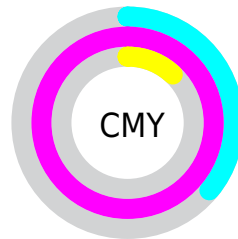
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)





















- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 163, 0, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 163, 0, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 163, 0, 224	 163, 0, 224
 255, 255, 255	 133, 0, 195
 223, 86, 255	 103, 0, 167
 254, 116, 255	 73, 0, 140
 255, 146, 255	 41, 0, 114
 255, 175, 255	 0, 0, 88
 255, 204, 255	 0, 1, 63
 255, 234, 255	 0, 3, 40
	 0, 1, 18
	 0, 0, 0

■ 163, 0, 224

■ 169, 22, 224

■ 175, 45, 224

■ 181, 67, 224

■ 187, 90, 224

■ 193, 112, 224

■ 200, 134, 224

■ 206, 157, 224

■ 212, 179, 224

■ 218, 202, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 97, 255



163, 0, 224



234, 0, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 0, 224



153, 85, 0



0, 133, 156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 0, 224



61, 224, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 131, 61



163, 0, 224



71, 114, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 0, 224



212, 0, 0



0, 126, 0



0, 134, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 0, 224



245, 0, 83



0, 126, 0



0, 132, 125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 0, 224



234, 179, 255



0, 63, 224



115, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 0, 224



186, 0, 255



224, 0, 175



109, 101, 112



128, 0, 176



35, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 0, 61



255, 0, 69



0, 224, 49



112, 101, 104



176, 0, 48



48, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 0, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

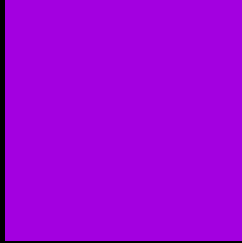
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 0, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

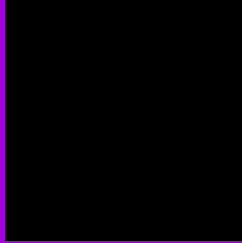
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 163, 0, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 0, 224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 0, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

163, 0, 224

Protanopia

0, 100, 210

Deuteranopia

0, 106, 183



Tritanopia
142, 88, 94

Trichromacy



Original Color

163, 0, 224



Protanomaly

59, 64, 215



Deuteranomaly

59, 67, 198



Tritanomaly

150, 56, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

163, 0, 224



Achromatopsia

74, 74, 74



Achromatomaly

106, 47, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 163, 0, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 163, 0, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 163, 0, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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