

Converting Colors

RGB(163, 142, 161)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(163, 142, 161) contains.

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Color

RGB(163, 142, 161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A38EA1
RGB	163, 142, 161
RGB Percent	64%, 56%, 63%
CMY	0.3608, 0.4431, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.01, 0.36
HSL	306°, 10%, 60%
HSV	306°, 13%, 64%
XYZ	31.2103, 29.7057, 37.8070
YIQ	150.4450, 6.4170, 10.3610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

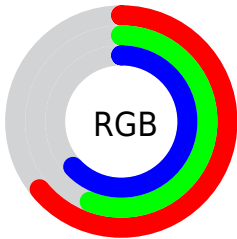
Format	Color
RYB	163, 142, 161
Decimal	10718881
CIELab	61.40, 11.33, -7.13
CIELCh	61, 13.386, 327.839
Yxy	29.7057, 0.3161, 0.3009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288908961 (0xFFA38EA1)
YUV	150.4450, 5.2036, 11.0107
Hunter-Lab	54.5030, 6.8350, -2.9756

Details

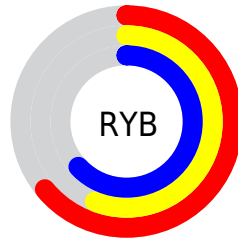
The RGB color **163, 142, 161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **142, 163, 144**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218, 196, 216**, and **111, 92, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 126, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 158, 163**.

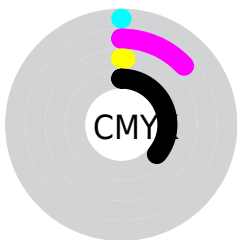
Distribution



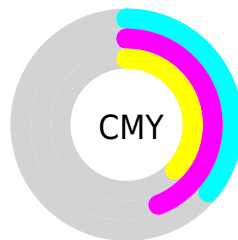
- Red (64%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 163, 142, 161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 163, 142, 161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 163, 142, 161


255, 255, 255


 218, 196, 216

 247, 224, 244

 255, 252, 255


 163, 142, 161

 137, 116, 135

 111, 92, 109

 87, 68, 85

 63, 46, 62

 41, 25, 40

 22, 0, 20

 0, 0, 0

 163, 142, 161

 163, 126, 159

 163, 142, 161

 163, 158, 163

163, 109, 158

163, 175, 164

163, 93, 156

163, 191, 166

163, 77, 155

163, 207, 167

163, 61, 153

163, 224, 169

163, 44, 152

163, 240, 170

163, 28, 150

163, 255, 172

163, 12, 149

163, 255, 173

163, 0, 147

163, 255, 175

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 146, 169



163, 142, 161



171, 140, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 142, 161



159, 147, 125



117, 155, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 142, 161



142, 163, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 155, 147



163, 142, 161



146, 151, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 142, 161



169, 143, 129



132, 154, 135



122, 153, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 142, 161



173, 140, 141



132, 154, 135



118, 155, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 142, 161



212, 203, 211



144, 142, 163



107, 102, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 142, 161



212, 180, 209



163, 142, 151



82, 73, 81



145, 0, 132



18, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 142, 161



212, 180, 209



142, 163, 154



82, 73, 81



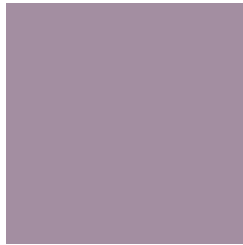
145, 0, 132



18, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 142, 161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

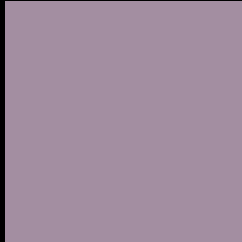
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 142, 161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

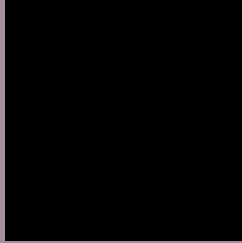
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 163, 142, 161 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 142, 161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 142, 161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
163, 142, 161

Protanopia
146, 147, 164

Deuteranopia
157, 144, 161



Tritanopia
162, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color
163, 142, 161

Protanomaly
152, 145, 163

Deuteranomaly
159, 143, 161

Tritanomaly
162, 143, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
163, 142, 161

Achromatopsia
150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly
155, 147, 154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 163, 142, 161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(163, 142, 161) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 142, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 142, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 142, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 163, 142, 161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 142, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 142, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 142, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 142, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 142, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 142,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 163, 142, 161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 142, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
142, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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