

Converting Colors

RGB(163, 143, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(163, 143, 130) contains.

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Color

RGB(163, 143, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A38F82 |
| RGB | 163, 143, 130 |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 56%, 51% |
| CMY | 0.3608, 0.4392, 0.4902 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.12, 0.20, 0.36 |
| HSL | 24°, 15%, 57% |
| HSV | 24°, 20%, 64% |
| XYZ | 28.9560, 29.0432, 25.1988 |
| YIQ | 147.4980, 16.0930, 0.1970 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

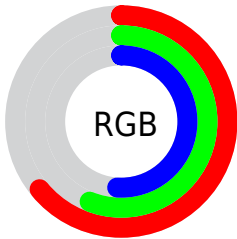
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 163, 151, 130 |
| Decimal | 10719106 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 60.82, 5.32, 9.66 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 61, 11.023, 61.159 |
| Yxy | 29.0432, 0.3480, 0.3491 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288909186 (0xFFA38F82) |
| YUV | 147.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.8917, 1.5975, 10.0012 |

Details

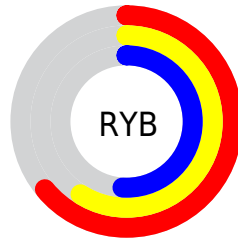
The RGB color **163, 143, 130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 150, 163**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218, 197, 183**, and **111, 93, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 133, 114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 153, 146**.

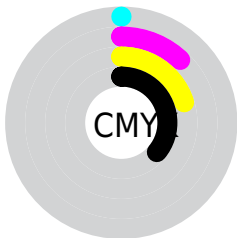
Distribution



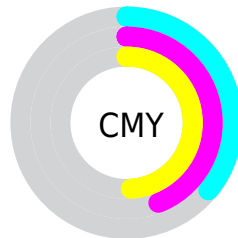
- Red (64%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 163, 143, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 163, 143, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 163, 143, 130

255, 255, 255


 218, 197, 183

 247, 225, 211

 255, 253, 239

 163, 143, 130

 137, 117, 105

 111, 93, 81

 86, 69, 58

 63, 47, 36

 40, 26, 15

 17, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 163, 143, 130


 163, 133, 114


 163, 143, 130


 163, 153, 146

 163, 123, 97

 163, 163, 163

 163, 113, 81

 163, 173, 179

 163, 103, 65

 163, 183, 195

 163, 94, 49

 163, 192, 211

 163, 84, 32

 163, 202, 228

 163, 74, 16

 163, 212, 244

 163, 64, 0

 163, 222, 255

 163, 232, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 141, 137



163, 143, 130



154, 146, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 143, 130



124, 153, 147



149, 144, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 143, 130



130, 150, 163

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137, 147, 166



163, 143, 130



122, 152, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 143, 130



133, 151, 137



127, 150, 163



160, 141, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 143, 130



147, 148, 129



127, 150, 163



145, 145, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 143, 130



212, 204, 199



163, 130, 150



107, 103, 100



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 143, 130



212, 181, 161



163, 159, 130



82, 77, 73



145, 57, 0



18, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 150, 163



161, 192, 212



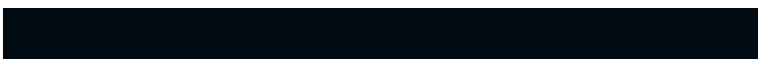
130, 134, 163



73, 78, 82



0, 88, 145



0, 11, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 143, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

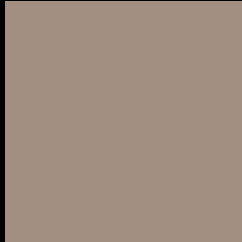
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 143, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

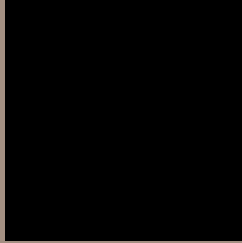
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 163, 143, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 143, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 143, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
163, 143, 130

Protanopia
153, 146, 132

Deuteranopia
167, 141, 130



Tritanopia
166, 140, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color

163, 143, 130

Protanomaly

157, 145, 131

Deuteranomaly

166, 142, 130

Tritanomaly

165, 141, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

163, 143, 130

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

153, 146, 141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 163, 143, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 143, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 143, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 143, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 143, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 163, 143, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 143, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 143, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 143, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 143, 130); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 143, 130); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 143, 130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 163, 143, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 143, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
143, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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