

# Converting Colors

RGB(163, 150, 213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(163, 150, 213) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(163, 150, 213)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A396D5
RGB	163, 150, 213
RGB Percent	64%, 59%, 84%
CMY	0.3608, 0.4118, 0.1647
CMYK	0.23, 0.30, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	252°, 43%, 71%
HSV	252°, 30%, 84%
XYZ	38.0208, 34.4033, 67.5874
YIQ	161.0690, -12.4750, 22.3490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

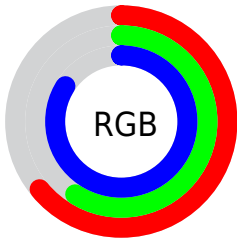
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	163, 150, 213
Decimal	10720981
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.28, 18.06, -30.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 35.417, 300.656
Yxy	34.4033, 0.2716, 0.2457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288911061 (0xFFA396D5)
YUV	161.0690, 25.6020, 1.6935
Hunter-Lab	58.6543, 13.0619, -27.2618

# Details

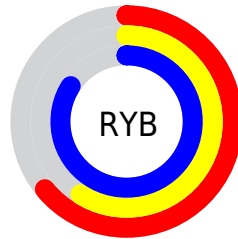
The RGB color **163, 150, 213** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **200, 213, 150**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219, 204, 255**, and **110, 99, 158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **146, 129, 213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180, 171, 213**.

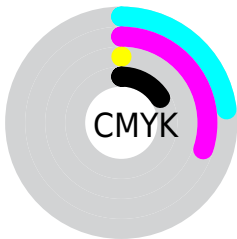
# Distribution



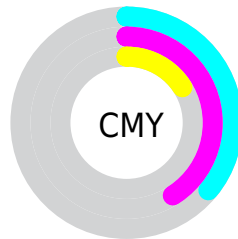
- Red (64%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 163, 150, 213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 163, 150, 213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 163, 150, 213

255, 255, 255

■ 219, 204, 255

■ 248, 232, 255

■ 163, 150, 213

■ 136, 124, 185

■ 110, 99, 158

■ 85, 75, 132

■ 60, 53, 106

■ 35, 31, 82

■ 10, 10, 58


■ 0, 2, 36


■ 0, 0, 12

■ 0, 0, 0

 163, 150, 213

 163, 150, 213

 146, 129, 213

 180, 171, 213


 129, 107, 213

 197, 193, 213

 112, 86, 213

 214, 214, 213

 95, 65, 213


 231, 235, 213


 78, 44, 213

 248, 255, 213

 62, 22, 213

 255, 255, 213

 45, 1, 213

 44, 0, 213

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114, 161, 221



163, 150, 213



199, 139, 190

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163, 150, 213



205, 146, 104



65, 175, 158

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163, 150, 213



200, 213, 150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 173, 126



163, 150, 213



179, 157, 95

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163, 150, 213



219, 137, 128



146, 166, 103



24, 175, 190

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163, 150, 213



214, 135, 170



146, 166, 103



80, 175, 147



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163, 150, 213



237, 232, 255



150, 200, 213



116, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163, 150, 213



184, 166, 255



194, 150, 213



99, 96, 107



35, 0, 171



9, 0, 43



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213, 150, 200



255, 166, 237



169, 213, 150



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 136



43, 0, 34



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 150, 213 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

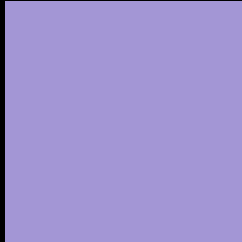
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 163, 150, 213 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

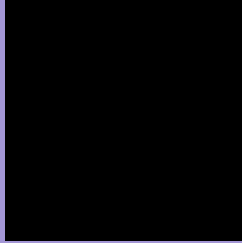
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 163, 150, 213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 150, 213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 163, 150, 213.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
155, 158, 171

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
163, 150, 213

**Protanomaly**  
148, 154, 216

**Deuteranomaly**  
151, 154, 212

**Tritanomaly**  
158, 155, 186

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
163, 150, 213

**Achromatopsia**  
161, 161, 161

**Achromatomaly**  
162, 157, 180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 163, 150, 213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 150, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 150, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 150, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 150, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 163, 150, 213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 150, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 150, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 150, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 150, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 150, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 150,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 163, 150, 213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 150, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
150, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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