

# Converting Colors

RGB(164, 133, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(164, 133, 106) contains.

<b>RGB(164, 133, 106)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**RGB(164, 133, 106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A4856A
RGB	164, 133, 106
RGB Percent	64%, 52%, 42%
CMY	0.3569, 0.4784, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.35, 0.36
HSL	28°, 24%, 53%
HSV	28°, 35%, 64%
XYZ	26.2989, 25.7082, 17.2117
YIQ	139.1910, 27.1430, -1.8250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

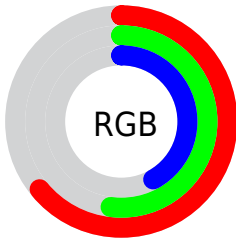
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	164, 157, 106
Decimal	10782058
CIELab	57.76, 7.89, 19.03
CIELCh	58, 20.601, 67.489
Yxy	25.7082, 0.3799, 0.3714
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288972138 (0xFFA4856A)
YUV	139.1910, -16.3632, 21.7575
Hunter-Lab	50.7032, 3.8542, 15.3657

# Details

The RGB color **164, 133, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **106, 137, 164**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220, 186, 157**, and **111, 84, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 124, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 142, 122**.

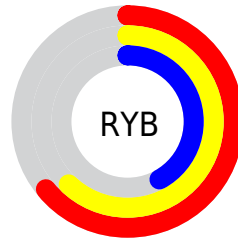
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (52%)

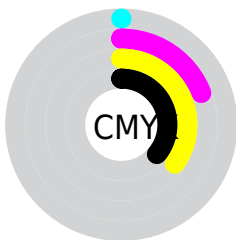
Blue (42%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (42%)

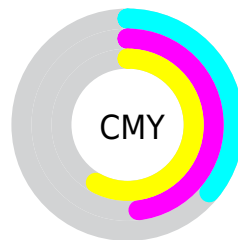


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 164, 133, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 164, 133, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 164, 133, 106

255, 255, 255

 220, 186, 157


 249, 214, 184

 255, 242, 212


 255, 255, 240

 164, 133, 106

 137, 108, 82

 111, 84, 58


 86, 60, 37

 61, 39, 16

 39, 18, 0

 0, 0, 0


 164, 133, 106

 164, 124, 90

 164, 115, 73

 164, 133, 106

 164, 142, 122

 164, 151, 139

■ 164, 107, 57

■ 164, 159, 155

■ 164, 98, 40

■ 164, 168, 172

■ 164, 89, 24

■ 164, 177, 188

■ 164, 80, 8

■ 164, 186, 204

■ 164, 76, 0

■ 164, 194, 221

■ 164, 203, 237

■ 164, 212, 254

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 128, 118



164, 133, 106



148, 139, 103

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164, 133, 106



91, 149, 143



147, 133, 167

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164, 133, 106



106, 137, 164

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123, 139, 174



164, 133, 106



87, 148, 160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164, 133, 106



107, 148, 124



100, 144, 171



166, 128, 153

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164, 133, 106



134, 143, 107



100, 144, 171



140, 135, 171



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164, 133, 106



214, 202, 191



164, 106, 138



107, 100, 93



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164, 133, 106



214, 166, 124



164, 161, 106



82, 77, 73



145, 68, 0



18, 8, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 137, 164



124, 172, 214



106, 109, 164



73, 78, 82



0, 78, 145



0, 10, 18



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 164, 133, 106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

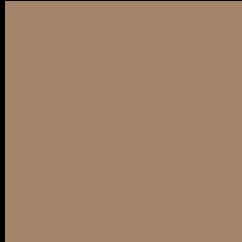
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 164, 133, 106 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 164, 133, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 164, 133, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 164, 133, 106.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

164, 133, 106

**Protanopia**

148, 139, 109

**Deuteranopia**

163, 133, 106



**Tritanopia**  
167, 129, 138

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

164, 133, 106

**Protanomaly**

154, 137, 108

**Deuteranomaly**

163, 133, 106

**Tritanomaly**

166, 130, 126

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

164, 133, 106

**Achromatopsia**

139, 139, 139

**Achromatomaly**

148, 137, 127

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 164, 133, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 133, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 133, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 133, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 133, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 164, 133, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 133, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 133, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 133, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 133, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 133, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 133,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 164, 133, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 133, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
133, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor