

Converting Colors

RGB(164, 135, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(164, 135, 153) contains.

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Color

RGB(164, 135, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A48799
RGB	164, 135, 153
RGB Percent	64%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.3569, 0.4706, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.07, 0.36
HSL	323°, 14%, 59%
HSV	323°, 18%, 64%
XYZ	29.7236, 27.5204, 33.8824
YIQ	145.7230, 11.5060, 11.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

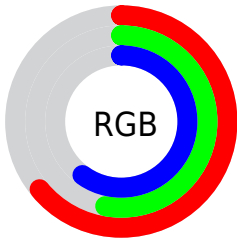
Format	Color
RYB	164, 135, 153
Decimal	10782617
CIELab	59.45, 14.16, -5.44
CIELCh	59, 15.164, 338.984
Yxy	27.5204, 0.3262, 0.3020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288972697 (0xFFA48799)
YUV	145.7230, 3.5876, 16.0289
Hunter-Lab	52.4599, 9.3328, -1.5718

Details

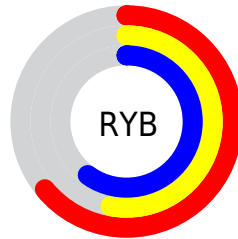
The RGB color **164, 135, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **135, 164, 146**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219, 188, 207**, and **112, 85, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164, 119, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 151, 159**.

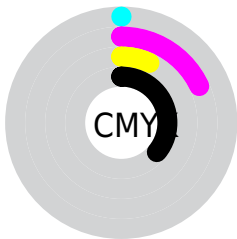
Distribution



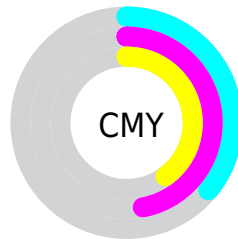
- Red (64%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 164, 135, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 164, 135, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 164, 135, 153

255, 255, 255

 219, 188, 207

 248, 216, 236

 255, 245, 255


 164, 135, 153

 138, 110, 127

 112, 85, 102


 87, 62, 78


 64, 40, 55


 41, 19, 34


 22, 0, 11


 0, 0, 0

 164, 135, 153

 164, 119, 147

 164, 135, 153

 164, 151, 159

 164, 102, 141

 164, 168, 165

 164, 86, 134

 164, 184, 172

 164, 69, 128

 164, 201, 178

 164, 53, 122

 164, 217, 184

 164, 37, 116

 164, 233, 190

 164, 20, 109

 164, 250, 197

 164, 4, 103

 164, 255, 203

 164, 0, 102

 164, 255, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 138, 164



164, 135, 153



171, 134, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164, 135, 153



149, 144, 117



108, 150, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164, 135, 153



135, 164, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 151, 147



164, 135, 153



134, 147, 122

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164, 135, 153



162, 139, 119



120, 150, 133



117, 147, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164, 135, 153



171, 135, 131



120, 150, 133



108, 150, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164, 135, 153



214, 203, 210



146, 135, 164



107, 101, 105



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164, 135, 153



214, 169, 197



164, 135, 139



82, 73, 79



145, 0, 90



18, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



164, 135, 153



214, 169, 197



135, 164, 160



82, 73, 79



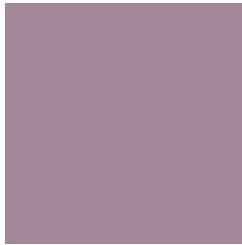
145, 0, 90



18, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 164, 135, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

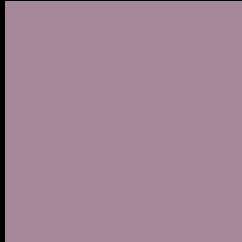
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 164, 135, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

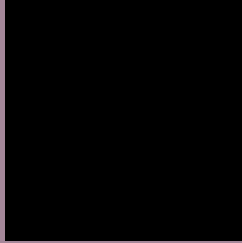
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 164, 135, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 164, 135, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 164, 135, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
164, 135, 153

Protanopia
142, 142, 158

Deuteranopia
153, 139, 152



Tritanopia
163, 136, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color
164, 135, 153

Protanomaly
150, 139, 156

Deuteranomaly
157, 138, 152

Tritanomaly
163, 136, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color
164, 135, 153

Achromatopsia
146, 146, 146

Achromatomaly
153, 142, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 164, 135, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(164, 135, 153) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 135, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 135, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 135, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 164, 135, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 135, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 135, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 135, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 135, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 135, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 135,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 164, 135, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 135, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
135, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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