

Converting Colors

RGB(165, 160, 98)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(165, 160, 98) contains.

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Color

RGB(165, 160, 98)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A062
RGB	165, 160, 98
RGB Percent	65%, 63%, 38%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3725, 0.6157
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.41, 0.35
HSL	56°, 27%, 52%
HSV	56°, 41%, 65%
XYZ	30.2925, 34.0228, 16.5257
YIQ	154.4270, 22.8820, -18.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

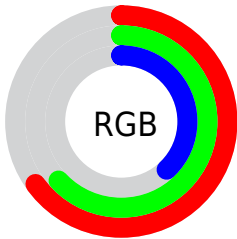
Format	Color
RYB	103, 165, 98
Decimal	10854498
CIELab	64.98, -7.52, 32.94
CIElCh	65, 33.786, 102.860
Yxy	34.0228, 0.3747, 0.4209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289044578 (0xFFA5A062)
YUV	154.4270, -27.8185, 9.2725
Hunter-Lab	58.3291, -9.3741, 24.0323

Details

The RGB color **165, 160, 98** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **98, 103, 165**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **221, 215, 150**, and **112, 109, 50** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 159, 81**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 161, 114**.

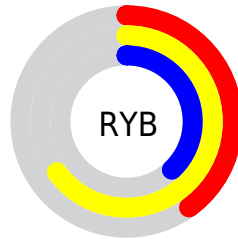
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (63%)

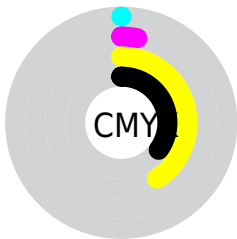
Blue (38%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (38%)

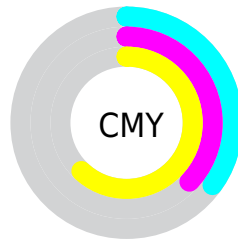


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 165, 160, 98 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 165, 160, 98 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 165, 160, 98

 165, 160, 98

255, 255, 255

 138, 134, 73

 221, 215, 150

 112, 109, 50

 250, 243, 177

 86, 85, 26

 255, 255, 204


 62, 61, 2


 255, 255, 233

 39, 40, 0


 8, 20, 0


 0, 0, 0

 165, 160, 98


 165, 160, 98

 165, 159, 81


 165, 161, 114

 165, 158, 65


 165, 162, 131

 165, 156, 49

 165, 164, 147

 165, 155, 32

 165, 165, 164

 165, 154, 15


 165, 166, 180

 165, 153, 0

 165, 167, 197

 165, 169, 213

 165, 170, 230

 165, 171, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193, 150, 100



165, 160, 98



131, 168, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165, 160, 98



44, 172, 198



206, 137, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165, 160, 98



98, 103, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178, 145, 202



165, 160, 98



86, 166, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165, 160, 98



56, 174, 170



136, 156, 216



217, 135, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165, 160, 98



107, 172, 129



136, 156, 216



198, 139, 186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165, 160, 98



214, 212, 188



165, 98, 104



107, 106, 92



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165, 160, 98



214, 206, 109



137, 165, 98



82, 81, 73



145, 135, 0



18, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 103, 165



109, 117, 214



126, 98, 165



73, 74, 82



0, 11, 145



0, 1, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 160, 98 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

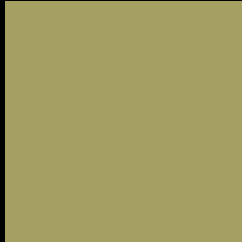
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 160, 98 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

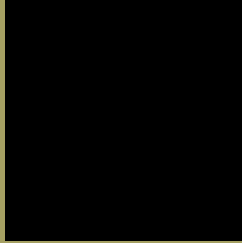
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 165, 160, 98 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 160, 98.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 160, 98.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


165, 160, 98

Protanopia

172, 158, 97

Deuteranopia

190, 151, 100



Tritanopia
172, 152, 164

Trichromacy



Original Color
165, 160, 98

Protanomaly
169, 159, 97

Deuteranomaly
181, 154, 99

Tritanomaly
169, 155, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
165, 160, 98

Achromatopsia
154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly
158, 156, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 165, 160, 98 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 160, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 160, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 160, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 160, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 165, 160, 98 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 160, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 160, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 160, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 160, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 160, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 160,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 165, 160, 98 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 160, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
160, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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