

Converting Colors

RGB(165, 164, 151)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(165, 164, 151) contains.

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Color

RGB(165, 164, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A497
RGB	165, 164, 151
RGB Percent	65%, 64%, 59%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3569, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.08, 0.35
HSL	56°, 7%, 62%
HSV	56°, 8%, 65%
XYZ	34.3784, 36.7846, 34.5664
YIQ	162.8170, 4.7690, -3.8310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

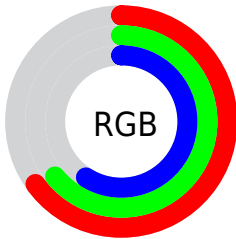
Format	Color
RYB	152, 165, 151
Decimal	10855575
CIELab	67.12, -2.01, 6.87
CIElCh	67, 7.154, 106.292
Yxy	36.7846, 0.3252, 0.3479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289045655 (0xFFA5A497)
YUV	162.8170, -5.8258, 1.9145
Hunter-Lab	60.6503, -4.9589, 8.6642

Details

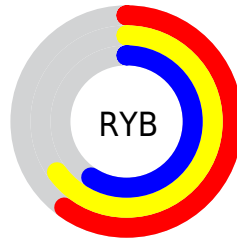
The RGB color **165, 164, 151** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **151, 152, 165**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220, 219, 205**, and **113, 112, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 163, 134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 165, 167**.

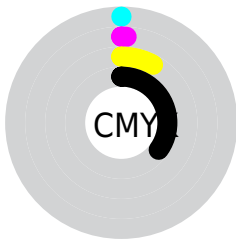
Distribution



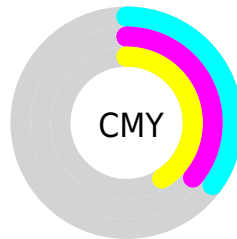
- Red (65%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 165, 164, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 165, 164, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 165, 164, 151

255, 255, 255

 220, 219, 205

 249, 247, 233

 165, 164, 151

 139, 138, 125

 113, 112, 100

 89, 88, 76

 65, 65, 54


 43, 43, 32

 23, 22, 9

 0, 0, 0

 165, 164, 151

 165, 163, 134

 165, 164, 151

 165, 165, 167

■ 165, 162, 118

■ 165, 166, 184

■ 165, 160, 102

■ 165, 168, 200

■ 165, 159, 85

■ 165, 169, 217

■ 165, 158, 69

■ 165, 170, 233

■ 165, 157, 52

■ 165, 171, 250

■ 165, 156, 36

■ 165, 172, 255

■ 165, 155, 19

■ 165, 173, 255

■ 165, 153, 2

■ 165, 175, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 162, 151



165, 164, 151



157, 166, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165, 164, 151



149, 166, 172



175, 159, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165, 164, 151



151, 152, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169, 161, 172



165, 164, 151



154, 165, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165, 164, 151



148, 167, 167



161, 163, 176



178, 159, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165, 164, 151



153, 167, 158



161, 163, 176



173, 160, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165, 164, 151



214, 214, 208



165, 151, 152



107, 107, 103



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165, 164, 151



214, 213, 193



159, 165, 151



82, 81, 73



145, 135, 0



18, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 152, 165



193, 194, 214



157, 151, 165



73, 74, 82



0, 10, 145



0, 1, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 164, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

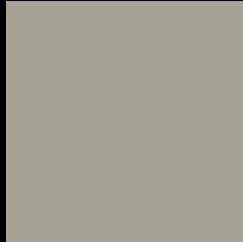
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 164, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

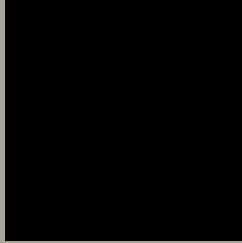
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 165, 164, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 164, 151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 164, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
165, 164, 151

Protanopia
169, 163, 150

Deuteranopia
183, 158, 152



Tritanopia
168, 161, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color

165, 164, 151

Protanomaly

168, 163, 150

Deuteranomaly

176, 160, 152

Tritanomaly

167, 162, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color

165, 164, 151

Achromatopsia

163, 163, 163

Achromatomaly

164, 163, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 165, 164, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(165, 164, 151) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 164, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 164, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 164, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 165, 164, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 164, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 164, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 164, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 164, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 164,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 165, 164, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 164, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
164, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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