

Converting Colors

RGB(165, 169, 172)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(165, 169, 172) contains.

RGB(165, 169, 172)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(165, 169, 172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5A9AC
RGB	165, 169, 172
RGB Percent	65%, 66%, 67%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3373, 0.3255
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	206°, 4%, 66%
HSV	206°, 4%, 67%
XYZ	37.1514, 39.3538, 44.6677
YIQ	168.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

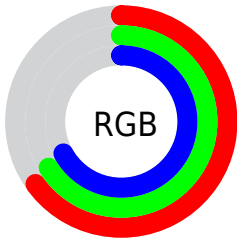
Format	Color
RYB	165, 168, 172
Decimal	10856876
CIELab	69.01, -0.83, -2.04
CIElCh	69, 2.206, 247.933
Yxy	39.3538, 0.3066, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289046956 (0xFFA5A9AC)
YUV	168.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590
Hunter-Lab	62.7326, -4.0711, 1.6964

Details

The RGB color **165, 169, 172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **172, 168, 165**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220, 224, 227**, and **113, 117, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 162, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182, 176, 172**.

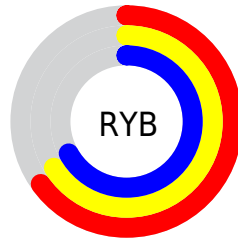
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (66%)

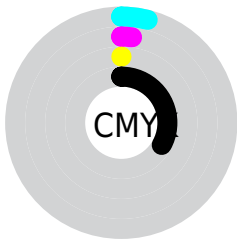
Blue (67%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (67%)

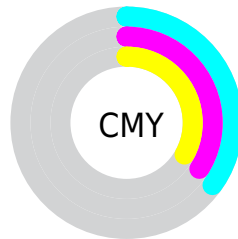


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 165, 169, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 165, 169, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 165, 169, 172

255, 255, 255

■ 220, 224, 227

■ 248, 253, 255

■ 165, 169, 172

■ 139, 143, 145

■ 113, 117, 120

■ 89, 92, 95

■ 65, 69, 71

■ 43, 47, 49

■ 23, 26, 28

■ 0, 0, 1

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 165, 169, 172

■ 165, 169, 172

■ 148, 162, 172

■ 182, 176, 172

■ 131, 154, 172

■ 199, 184, 172

■ 113, 147, 172

■ 217, 191, 172

■ 96, 140, 172

■ 234, 198, 172

■ 79, 132, 172

■ 251, 206, 172

■ 62, 125, 172

■ 255, 213, 172

■ 45, 117, 172

■ 255, 221, 172

■ 27, 110, 172

■ 255, 228, 172

■ 10, 103, 172

■ 255, 235, 172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164, 169, 171



165, 169, 172



167, 168, 172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165, 169, 172



173, 167, 168



167, 169, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165, 169, 172



172, 168, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170, 168, 164



165, 169, 172



173, 167, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165, 169, 172



172, 167, 170



172, 168, 165



165, 169, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165, 169, 172



169, 168, 172



172, 168, 165



168, 169, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165, 169, 172



222, 223, 224



165, 172, 168



111, 112, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165, 169, 172



213, 220, 224



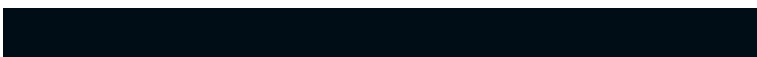
165, 166, 172



81, 84, 87



0, 86, 150



0, 13, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 165, 169



224, 213, 220



172, 171, 165



87, 81, 84



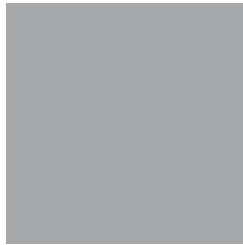
150, 0, 86



23, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 169, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

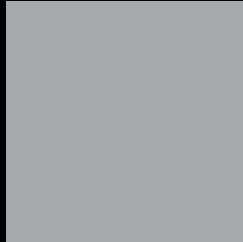
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 169, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

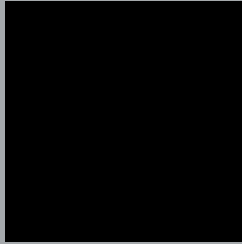
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 165, 169, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 169, 172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 169, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
165, 169, 172

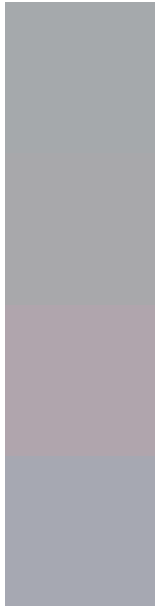
Protanopia
170, 167, 171

Deuteranopia
182, 163, 173



Tritanopia
166, 168, 181

Trichromacy



Original Color

165, 169, 172

Protanomaly

168, 168, 171

Deuteranomaly

176, 165, 173

Tritanomaly

166, 168, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color

165, 169, 172

Achromatopsia

168, 168, 168

Achromatomaly

167, 168, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 165, 169, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(165, 169, 172) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 169, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 169, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 169, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 165, 169, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 169, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 169, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 169, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 169, 172); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 169, 172); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 169, 172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 165, 169, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 169, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
169, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor