

Converting Colors

RGB(165, 173, 97)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(165, 173, 97) contains.

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Color

RGB(165, 173, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5AD61
RGB	165, 173, 97
RGB Percent	65%, 68%, 38%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3216, 0.6196
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.44, 0.32
HSL	66°, 32%, 53%
HSV	66°, 44%, 68%
XYZ	32.6183, 38.7495, 17.0695
YIQ	161.9440, 19.6280, -25.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

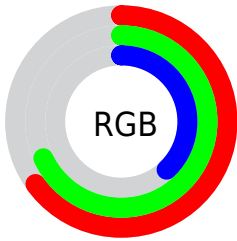
Format	Color
RYB	97, 173, 105
Decimal	10857825
CIELab	68.57, -14.46, 37.97
CIELCh	69, 40.630, 110.852
Yxy	38.7495, 0.3688, 0.4382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289047905 (0xFFA5AD61)
YUV	161.9440, -32.0174, 2.6801
Hunter-Lab	62.2491, -15.4027, 27.3163

Details

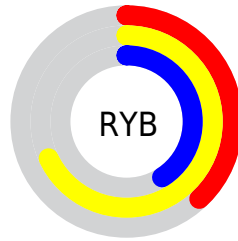
The RGB color **165, 173, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **105, 97, 173**, and the grayscale version is **162, 162, 162**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **221, 228, 149**, and **112, 121, 48** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 173, 80**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167, 173, 114**.

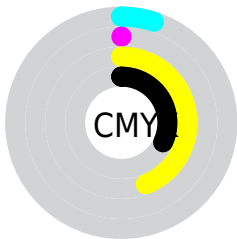
Distribution



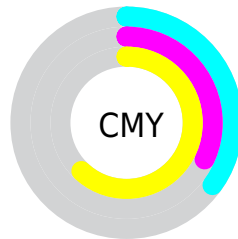
- Red (65%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (32%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 165, 173, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 165, 173, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 165, 173, 97  165, 173, 97

255, 255, 255  138, 146, 72

 221, 228, 149  112, 121, 48

 250, 255, 176  86, 96, 23

 255, 255, 204  61, 72, 0


 255, 255, 232  38, 50, 0

 10, 29, 0

 0, 0, 0


 165, 173, 97  165, 173, 97


 163, 173, 80  167, 173, 114

 161, 173, 62


 169, 173, 132

 160, 173, 45

 170, 173, 149


 158, 173, 28

 172, 173, 166


 156, 173, 11


 174, 173, 184

 155, 173, 0

 176, 173, 201

 178, 173, 218

 180, 173, 235

 181, 173, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 161, 94



165, 173, 97



123, 181, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165, 173, 97



0, 183, 223



231, 139, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165, 173, 97



105, 97, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 148, 214



165, 173, 97



89, 174, 239

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165, 173, 97



0, 186, 192



154, 162, 236



238, 139, 143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165, 173, 97



90, 185, 142



154, 162, 236



224, 141, 192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165, 173, 97



221, 224, 195



173, 105, 97



110, 112, 94



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165, 173, 97



212, 224, 105



127, 173, 97



86, 87, 78



135, 150, 0



21, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 97, 173



118, 105, 224



143, 97, 173



79, 78, 87



16, 0, 150



2, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 173, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 173, 97 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

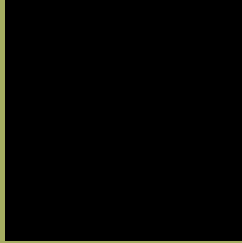
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 165, 173, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 173, 97.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 173, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
165, 173, 97

Protanopia
183, 167, 95

Deuteranopia
203, 159, 100



Tritanopia

174, 164, 177

Trichromacy



Original Color
165, 173, 97

Protanomaly
176, 169, 96

Deuteranomaly
189, 164, 99

Tritanomaly
171, 167, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color
165, 173, 97

Achromatopsia
162, 162, 162

Achromatomaly
163, 166, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 165, 173, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 173, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 173, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 173, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 173, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 165, 173, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 173, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 173, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 173, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 173, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 173, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 173,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 165, 173, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 173, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
173, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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