

Converting Colors

RGB(165, 207, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(165, 207, 224) contains.

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Color

RGB(165, 207, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5CFE0
RGB	165, 207, 224
RGB Percent	65%, 81%, 88%
CMY	0.3529, 0.1882, 0.1216
CMYK	0.26, 0.08, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	197°, 49%, 76%
HSV	197°, 26%, 88%
XYZ	51.2844, 58.0068, 79.0145
YIQ	196.3800, -30.4890, -3.6170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

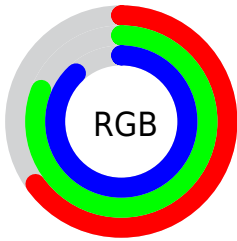
Format	Color
R_{YB}	165, 190, 224
Decimal	10866656
CIE _{Lab}	80.74, -9.94, -12.93
CIE _{LCh}	81, 16.308, 232.448
Yxy	58.0068, 0.2723, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289056736 (0xFFA5CFE0)
YUV	196.3800, 13.6167, -27.5203
Hunter-Lab	76.1622, -13.0894, -8.1969

Details

The RGB color **165, 207, 224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **224, 182, 165**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **221, 255, 255**, and **112, 153, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143, 201, 224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **187, 213, 224**.

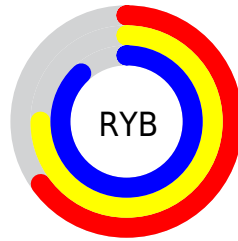
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (81%)

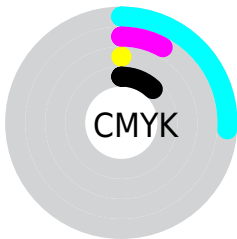
Blue (88%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (88%)

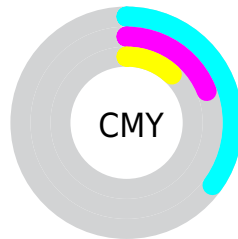


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 165, 207, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 165, 207, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 165, 207, 224


255, 255, 255


 221, 255, 255


 250, 255, 255

 165, 207, 224

 138, 179, 196


 112, 153, 169

 86, 127, 142

 61, 102, 117

 35, 78, 92

 5, 55, 69

 0, 33, 46

 0, 6, 26

 0, 0, 0

■ 165, 207, 224

■ 165, 207, 224

■ 143, 201, 224

■ 187, 213, 224

■ 120, 194, 224

■ 210, 220, 224

■ 98, 188, 224

■ 232, 226, 224

■ 75, 181, 224

■ 255, 233, 224

■ 53, 175, 224

■ 255, 239, 224

■ 31, 168, 224

■ 255, 246, 224

■ 8, 162, 224

■ 255, 252, 224

■ 0, 159, 224

■ 255, 255, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 209, 211



165, 207, 224



179, 203, 230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165, 207, 224



229, 190, 205



200, 203, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165, 207, 224



224, 182, 165

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



217, 198, 170



165, 207, 224



233, 190, 189

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165, 207, 224



217, 193, 219



228, 193, 177



183, 207, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165, 207, 224



192, 200, 230



228, 193, 177



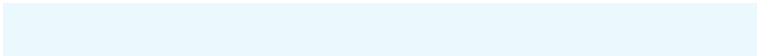
206, 201, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165, 207, 224



235, 249, 255



165, 224, 182



115, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



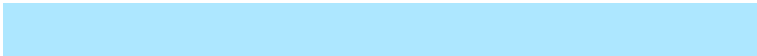
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165, 207, 224



173, 231, 255



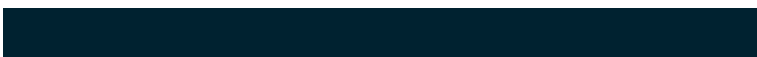
165, 178, 224



101, 109, 112



0, 125, 176



0, 34, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 165, 207



255, 173, 231



224, 211, 165



112, 101, 109



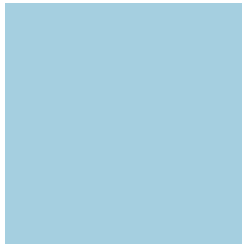
176, 0, 125



48, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 207, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

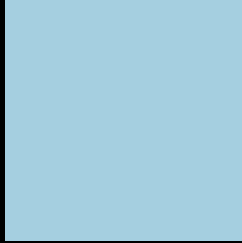
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 165, 207, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

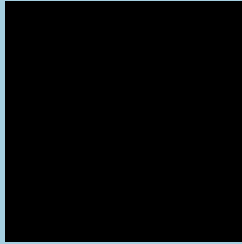
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 165, 207, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 207, 224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 165, 207, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
165, 207, 224

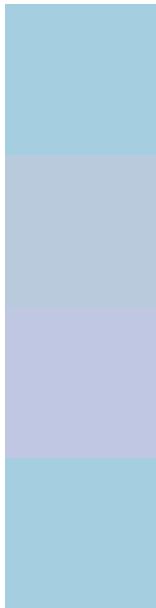
Protanopia
198, 199, 219

Deuteranopia
207, 195, 227



Tritanopia
165, 207, 224

Trichromacy



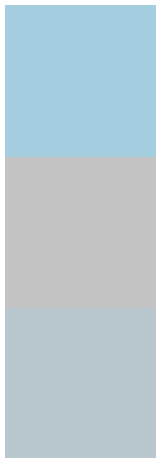
Original Color
165, 207, 224

Protanomaly
186, 202, 221

Deuteranomaly
192, 199, 226

Tritanomaly
165, 207, 224

Monochromacy



Original Color
165, 207, 224

Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly
185, 200, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 165, 207, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 207, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 207, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 207, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 207, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 165, 207, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

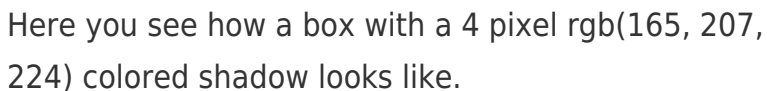
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 207, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 207, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 207, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 207, 224); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 207, 224); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 207, 224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 165, 207, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 207, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
207, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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