

Converting Colors

RGB(166, 209, 232)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(166, 209, 232) contains.

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Color

RGB(166, 209, 232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6D1E8
RGB	166, 209, 232
RGB Percent	65%, 82%, 91%
CMY	0.3490, 0.1804, 0.0902
CMYK	0.28, 0.10, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	201°, 59%, 78%
HSV	201°, 28%, 91%
XYZ	53.0918, 59.5341, 85.0369
YIQ	198.7650, -33.0110, -1.9630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

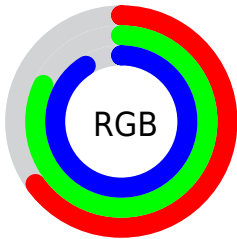
Format	Color
R _{YB}	166, 192, 232
Decimal	10932712
CIE Lab	81.58, -8.84, -15.93
CIE LCh	82, 18.221, 240.975
Yxy	59.5341, 0.2686, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289122792 (0xFFA6D1E8)
YUV	198.7650, 16.3849, -28.7349
Hunter-Lab	77.1584, -12.2032, -11.3332

Details

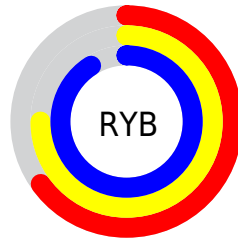
The RGB color **166, 209, 232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **232, 189, 166**, and the grayscale version is **199, 199, 199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222, 255, 255**, and **112, 155, 176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143, 201, 232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 217, 232**.

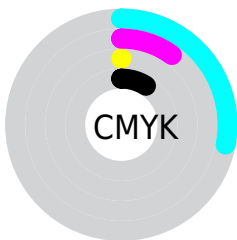
Distribution



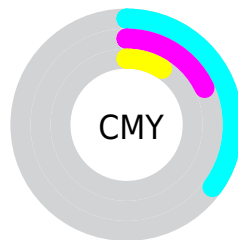
- Red (65%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 166, 209, 232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 166, 209, 232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 166, 209, 232


255, 255, 255


 222, 255, 255


 251, 255, 255

 166, 209, 232

 139, 181, 204

 112, 155, 176


 86, 129, 150

 61, 104, 124

 34, 79, 99

 2, 57, 75

 0, 35, 52

 0, 13, 31

 0, 0, 3

■ 166, 209, 232

■ 166, 209, 232

■ 143, 201, 232

■ 189, 217, 232

■ 120, 193, 232

■ 212, 225, 232

■ 96, 185, 232

■ 236, 233, 232

■ 73, 177, 232

■ 255, 241, 232

■ 50, 169, 232

■ 255, 249, 232

■ 27, 160, 232

■ 255, 255, 232

■ 4, 152, 232

■ 0, 151, 232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 212, 220



166, 209, 232



185, 204, 237

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166, 209, 232



237, 191, 203



197, 207, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166, 209, 232



232, 189, 166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216, 202, 169



166, 209, 232



238, 192, 186

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166, 209, 232



226, 193, 220



231, 196, 173



178, 211, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166, 209, 232



199, 200, 234



231, 196, 173



203, 205, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



166, 209, 232



232, 247, 255



166, 232, 188



113, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



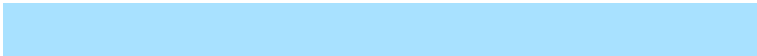
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166, 209, 232



168, 225, 255



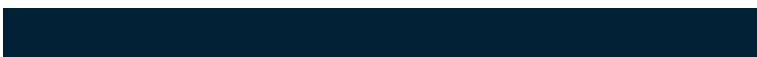
166, 177, 232



103, 111, 115



0, 116, 179



0, 33, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 166, 209



255, 168, 225



232, 221, 166



115, 103, 111



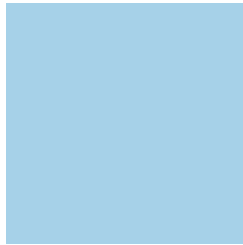
179, 0, 116



51, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 166, 209, 232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

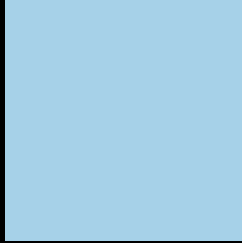
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 166, 209, 232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 166, 209, 232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 166, 209, 232.

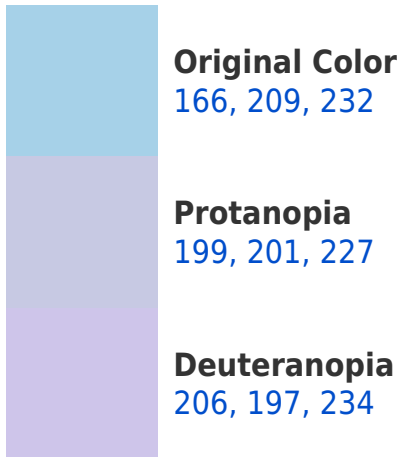


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 166, 209, 232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

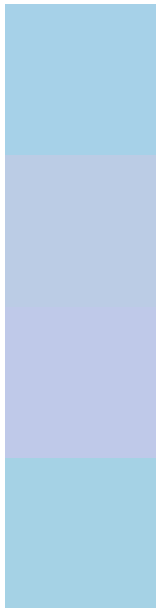
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
165, 210, 227

Trichromacy



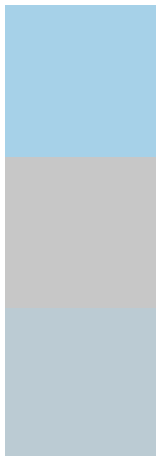
Original Color
166, 209, 232

Protanomaly
187, 204, 229

Deuteranomaly
191, 201, 233

Tritanomaly
165, 210, 229

Monochromacy



Original Color
166, 209, 232

Achromatopsia
199, 199, 199

Achromatomaly
187, 203, 211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 166, 209, 232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 209, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 209, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 209, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 209, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 166, 209, 232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 209, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 209, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 209, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 209, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 209, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 209,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 166, 209, 232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 209, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
209, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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