

Converting Colors

RGB(167, 135, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(167, 135, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(167, 135, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A78777
RGB	167, 135, 119
RGB Percent	65%, 53%, 47%
CMY	0.3451, 0.4706, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.29, 0.35
HSL	20°, 21%, 56%
HSV	20°, 29%, 65%
XYZ	27.9301, 26.8753, 21.1681
YIQ	142.7440, 24.2080, 1.8080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

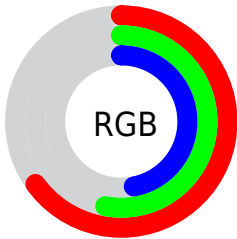
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 143, 119
Decimal	10979191
CIE _{Lab}	58.86, 9.75, 13.21
CIE _{LCh}	59, 16.414, 53.565
Yxy	26.8753, 0.3676, 0.3537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289169271 (0xFFA78777)
YUV	142.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725
Hunter-Lab	51.8414, 5.4462, 12.0794

Details

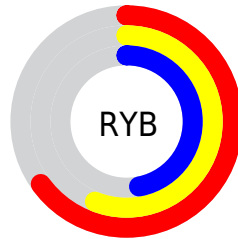
The RGB color **167, 135, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **119, 151, 167**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223, 188, 171**, and **114, 85, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167, 124, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167, 146, 136**.

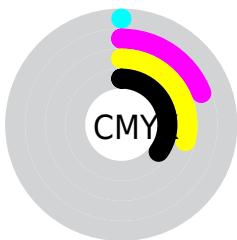
Distribution



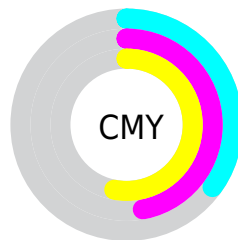
- Red (65%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 167, 135, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 167, 135, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 167, 135, 119


255, 255, 255

 223, 188, 171


 252, 216, 199


 255, 244, 227

 167, 135, 119

 140, 110, 94

 114, 85, 71

 89, 62, 48

 65, 40, 27

 42, 20, 1

 12, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 167, 135, 119

 167, 124, 102

 167, 135, 119

 167, 146, 136

■ 167, 113, 86

■ 167, 157, 152

■ 167, 102, 69

■ 167, 168, 169

■ 167, 90, 52

■ 167, 180, 186

■ 167, 79, 35

■ 167, 191, 202

■ 167, 68, 19

■ 167, 202, 219

■ 167, 57, 2

■ 167, 213, 236

■ 167, 56, 0

■ 167, 224, 253

■ 167, 235, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 132, 131



167, 135, 119



156, 140, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167, 135, 119



110, 150, 138



140, 139, 168

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167, 135, 119



119, 151, 167

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121, 144, 170



167, 135, 119



103, 150, 153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167, 135, 119



124, 148, 124



107, 148, 164



157, 134, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167, 135, 119



146, 143, 114



107, 148, 164



134, 141, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167, 135, 119



217, 204, 197



167, 119, 151



110, 102, 98



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167, 135, 119



217, 168, 143



167, 159, 119



84, 79, 76



148, 49, 0



20, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 151, 167



143, 192, 217



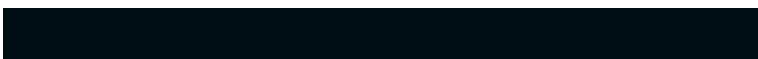
119, 127, 167



76, 81, 84



0, 99, 148



0, 14, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 167, 135, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

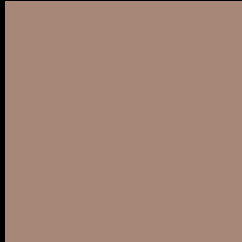
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 167, 135, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

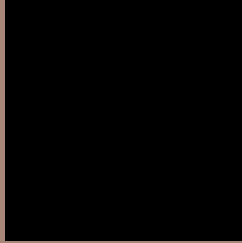
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 167, 135, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 167, 135, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 167, 135, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


167, 135, 119

Protanopia

149, 141, 122

Deuteranopia

164, 136, 119



Tritanopia
170, 132, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color
167, 135, 119

Protanomaly
156, 139, 121

Deuteranomaly
165, 136, 119

Tritanomaly
169, 133, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color
167, 135, 119

Achromatopsia
143, 143, 143

Achromatomaly
152, 140, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 167, 135, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 135, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 135, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 135, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 135, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 167, 135, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

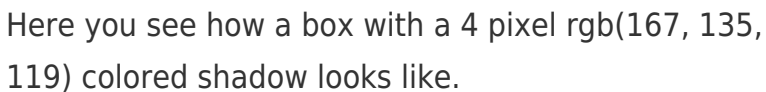
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 135, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 135, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 135, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 135, 119); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 135, 119); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 135, 119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 167, 135, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 135, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
135, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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