

Converting Colors

RGB(167, 176, 188)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(167, 176, 188) contains.

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Color

RGB(167, 176, 188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7B0BC
RGB	167, 176, 188
RGB Percent	65%, 69%, 74%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3098, 0.2627
CMYK	0.11, 0.06, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	214°, 14%, 70%
HSV	214°, 11%, 74%
XYZ	40.5388, 42.8970, 53.7203
YIQ	174.6770, -9.2160, 1.8240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

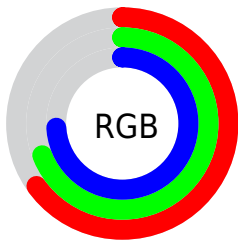
Format	Color
RYB	167, 173, 188
Decimal	10989756
CIELab	71.49, -0.72, -7.20
CIElCh	71, 7.236, 264.279
Yxy	42.8970, 0.2956, 0.3128
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289179836 (0xFFA7B0BC)
YUV	174.6770, 6.5682, -6.7327
Hunter-Lab	65.4958, -4.1346, -2.7832

Details

The RGB color **167, 176, 188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **188, 179, 167**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222, 232, 244**, and **115, 124, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 165, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 187, 188**.

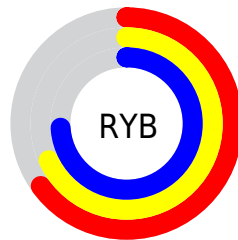
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (69%)

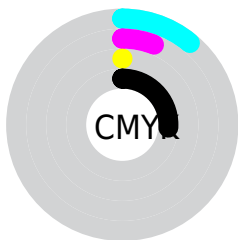
Blue (74%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (74%)

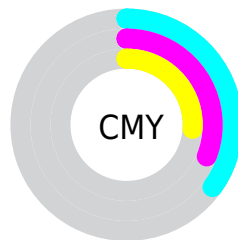


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 167, 176, 188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 167, 176, 188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167, 176, 188

255, 255, 255

■ 222, 232, 244

■ 251, 255, 255

■ 167, 176, 188

■ 141, 149, 161

■ 115, 124, 135

■ 90, 99, 109

■ 67, 75, 85

■ 44, 52, 62

■ 23, 31, 40

■ 0, 7, 20

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 167, 176, 188

■ 167, 176, 188

■ 148, 165, 188

■ 186, 187, 188

■ 129, 155, 188

■ 205, 197, 188

■ 111, 144, 188

■ 223, 208, 188

■ 92, 133, 188

■ 242, 219, 188

■ 73, 122, 188

■ 255, 230, 188

■ 54, 112, 188

■ 255, 240, 188

■ 35, 101, 188

■ 255, 251, 188

■ 17, 90, 188

■ 255, 255, 188

■ 0, 81, 188

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 178, 186



167, 176, 188



175, 174, 187

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167, 176, 188



190, 171, 170



167, 178, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167, 176, 188



188, 179, 167

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175, 176, 163



167, 176, 188



188, 172, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167, 176, 188



188, 171, 177



182, 174, 162



161, 179, 174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167, 176, 188



180, 172, 185



182, 174, 162



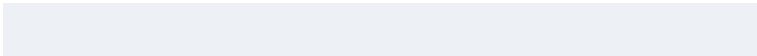
170, 178, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167, 176, 188



237, 241, 245



167, 188, 179



118, 120, 122



250, 250, 250



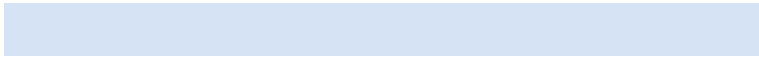
122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167, 176, 188



213, 227, 245



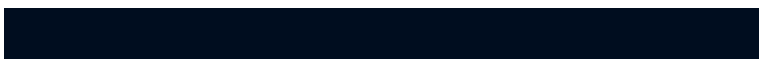
168, 167, 188



85, 89, 94



0, 68, 158



0, 13, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188, 167, 176



245, 213, 227



187, 188, 167



94, 85, 89



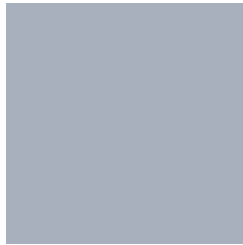
158, 0, 68



31, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 167, 176, 188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

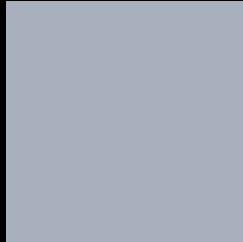
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 167, 176, 188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

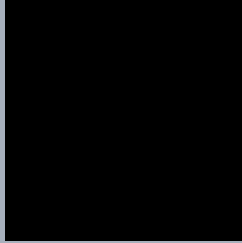
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

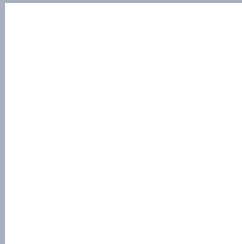
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 167, 176, 188 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 167, 176, 188.

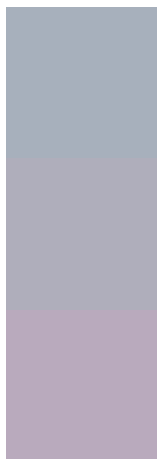


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 167, 176, 188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

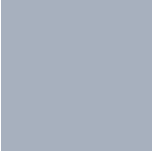
167, 176, 188

Protanopia

175, 174, 187

Deuteranopia

185, 170, 189



Tritanopia
167, 176, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color
167, 176, 188

Protanomaly
172, 175, 187

Deuteranomaly
178, 172, 189

Tritanomaly
167, 176, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color
167, 176, 188

Achromatopsia
175, 175, 175

Achromatomaly
172, 175, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 167, 176, 188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(167, 176, 188) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 176, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 176, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 176, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 167, 176, 188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 176, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 176, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 176, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 176, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 176, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 176,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 167, 176, 188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 176, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
176, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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